

# Self management of urinary symptoms after prostate cancer treatment

<b>Submission date</b> 13/03/2012	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 13/03/2012	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 15/08/2024	<b>Condition category</b> Cancer	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

<http://cancerhelp.cancerresearchuk.org/trials/trials-search/a-trial-looking-helping-men-manage-urinary-problems-after-radiotherapy-for-prostate-cancer>

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Scientific

### Contact name

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## Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

## Study information

### Scientific Title

Self-management of urinary symptoms after treatment for prostate cancer: an exploratory randomised controlled trial

### Acronym

SMaRT (Self-Management after Radiotherapy Treatment)

### Study objectives

This is an exploratory randomised controlled trial to evaluate a self-management intervention for men who have moderate to severe urinary symptoms after radiotherapy treatment for prostate cancer. Participants will be randomised to either the Intervention arm to receive the self-management programme and follow-up as well as usual care or to the Control arm to receive usual care. All participants will be assessed at baseline, at the end of the intervention period and at the end of follow-up. Co-morbidity and demographic data will be collected for all participants. It is hypothesised that in comparison to usual care, at 26 weeks men in the intervention will report significantly less urinary symptoms (measured by the IPSS) (primary outcome) and report significantly better symptom-related quality-of-life (measured by the EORTC 25) and significantly less emotional distress (measured by the EORTC 30) facilitated by improvement in their confidence to cope with the illness and its associated problems (secondary outcome).

### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

### Ethics approval(s)

Surrey Research Ethics Committee, 10/09/2010, ref: 10/H1109/55

### Study design

Randomised interventional process of care trial

### Primary study design

Interventional

### Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

### Study setting(s)

Hospital

### Study type(s)

Quality of life

### Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet

**Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Prostate cancer

**Interventions**

Supported self-management delivered by a specialist prostate cancer nurse comprising four group sessions and one individual session. The intervention will contain both behavioural and cognitive elements in the form of pelvic floor muscle exercises (supported by biofeedback) and bladder retraining supplemented by patient education, problem solving and goal setting with psycho-social support.

Followed up at 6 months

**Intervention Type**

Other

**Phase**

Phase III

**Primary outcome measure**

Urinary symptoms measured by the International Prostate Symptom Score (IPSS); Timepoint(s): At two months (end of intervention) and 6 months post baseline

**Secondary outcome measures**

Quality of life measured by the EORTC 25, and emotional distress measured by the EORTC 30 both at 2 and 6 months post baseline.

**Overall study start date**

01/03/2011

**Completion date**

28/02/2014

**Eligibility****Key inclusion criteria**

1. Men
2. Have locally contained prostate cancer up to stage T3BNO
3. Have received neoadjuvant hormonal therapy
4. Have completed radiotherapy three to four months prior to the intervention
5. Have urinary symptoms and an IPSS score of 8+
6. Have sufficient understanding of written and spoken English

Added 27/01/2014:

7. Brachytherapy patients

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Age group**

Adult

**Sex**

Male

**Target number of participants**

Planned Sample Size: 96; UK Sample Size: 96

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Have a urinary tract infection
2. Have a current psychiatric referral
3. Have a current referral for memory issues
4. Require an interpreter

**Date of first enrolment**

01/03/2011

**Date of final enrolment**

28/02/2014

**Locations****Countries of recruitment**

England

United Kingdom

**Study participating centre**

University of Surrey

Guildford

United Kingdom

GU2 7TE

**Sponsor information****Organisation**

University of Surrey (UK)

**Sponsor details**

Faculty of Health and Medical Science

Guildford

England

United Kingdom

GU2 7XH

**Sponsor type**

University/education

**Website**

<http://www.surrey.ac.uk/>

**ROR**

<https://ror.org/00ks66431>

## Funder(s)

**Funder type**

Charity

**Funder Name**

Dimbleby Cancer Care

**Alternative Name(s)**

DCC

**Funding Body Type**

Private sector organisation

**Funding Body Subtype**

Trusts, charities, foundations (both public and private)

**Location**

United Kingdom

## Results and Publications

**Publication and dissemination plan**

Not provided at time of registration

**Intention to publish date****Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan****IPD sharing plan summary**

Not provided at time of registration

**Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Plain English results</a>			15/08/2024	No	Yes