# Placebo effect during sprint training in simulated altitude

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
18/02/2025	No longer recruiting	Protocol
Registration date O	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
25/03/2025	Completed	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
25/03/2025	Other	[X] Record updated in last year

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Repeated sprint training in hypoxia (low oxygen levels) has been proposed to further enhance performance compared to the same training in normoxia (normal oxygen levels). Given the positive belief about hypoxic training, it is possible that performance may be artificially increased by a placebo effect. However, this has never been tested yet. This study proposes to compare the response to repeated sprint training between three groups of participants: a control group that trains in normoxia, an experimental group that trains in hypoxia and a placebo group that trains in normoxia but that was told that training was in hypoxia.

#### Who can participate?

Recreationally or well-trained participants aged over 18 years and below 30 years who are accustomed to repeated sprints during their personal practice

#### What does the study involve?

There are 13 visits of 45 minutes each on 7 consecutive weeks. Participants are allocated to control (normoxia), placebo (normoxia but told that they were in hypoxia) or hypoxia based on their personal performance on the pre-test session.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating? Potential benefits are an increase in physical fitness. Potential risks are fatigue due to the training session.

Where is the study run from? Euromov Digital Health in Motion (France)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? October 2021 to December 2022

Who is funding the study?
University of Montpellier (France)

# **Contact information**

## Type(s)

Public, Scientific, Principal Investigator

#### Contact name

Dr François Favier

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# Additional identifiers

#### **EudraCT/CTIS** number

Nil known

#### IRAS number

## ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

# Secondary identifying numbers

IRB-EM 2201C

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Examining placebo effects after a three-week repeated-sprint training program under hypoxic conditions in recreationally trained subjects

#### **Acronym**

**OPTIPOXIE** 

#### **Study objectives**

- 1. The belief of exercising in hypoxia leads to performance improvement because of the placebo effect
- 2. Training in hypoxia leads to further improvement compared to the placebo group

#### Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

#### Ethics approval(s)

Approved 02/03/2022, IRB EuroMov-Montpellier (700 avenue du Pic ST Loup, Montpellier, 34090, France; +33 (0)434432630; irb@euromov.eu), ref: IRB-EM 2201C

#### Study design

Monocenter interventional double-blinded randomized controlled trial

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

#### Study setting(s)

Laboratory

#### Study type(s)

Other

#### Participant information sheet

not available in web format, please use contact details to request a participant information sheet (in french)

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Effectiveness of repeated-sprint training in moderately trained subjects

#### **Interventions**

Participants were familiarized with the Wingate test in week 1. They were tested on Wingate and repeated sprint tests on week 2 (both tests being separated by 48 h). They were randomly balanced in a control (normoxia), placebo (normoxia but told that they were in hypoxia) or hypoxia group based on their personal performance (mean power output) on the pre-test session. They were subjected to two training sessions of repeated sprints per week for 3 weeks (weeks 3 to 5). They were tested twice on Wingate and repeated sprint tests (weeks 6 and 7), with 1 week between the same tests.

#### Intervention Type

Other

#### Primary outcome measure

Mean power output measured on an ergocycle during testing sessions, i.e. at baseline, 1 and 2 weeks after training completion

#### Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Heart rate measured by Polar H10 chest sensor during all training and testing sessions
- 2. Rate of perceived exertion measured with the Borg's scale (6 to 20) after each training and testing session
- 3. Oxygen pulse saturation measured via an infrared sensor during all training sessions

- 4. Participants' wellness measured by a questionnaire (Hooper and Mackinnon, 1995) before each testing session
- 5. Peak power output measured on an ergocycle at baseline, 1 and 2 weeks after training completion
- 6. Mean power output measured on an ergocycle during all training sessions

#### Overall study start date

01/10/2021

## Completion date

16/12/2022

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Regular sport training + being accustomed to intense exercise such as repeated sprints
- 2. No intolerance to moderate hypoxia
- 3. No stay at altitudes above 1500 m in the previous 2 months
- 4. Aged over 18 years and below 30 years

#### Participant type(s)

Healthy volunteer

#### Age group

Adult

#### Lower age limit

18 Years

#### Upper age limit

30 Years

#### Sex

Both

#### Target number of participants

30

#### Total final enrolment

33

#### Key exclusion criteria

Does not meet the inclusion criteria

#### Date of first enrolment

01/04/2022

#### Date of final enrolment

01/09/2022

# **Locations**

#### Countries of recruitment

France

Study participating centre Euromov Digital Health in Motion lab

700 avenue du Pic St Loup Montpellier France 34090

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

EuroMov Digital Health in Motion

#### Sponsor details

700 avenue du Pic St Loup Montpellier France 34090 +33 (0)4 34 43 26 30 amandine.thieblemont@umontpellier.fr

#### Sponsor type

Research organisation

#### Website

https://dhm.euromov.eu

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/054b22910

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

University/education

#### **Funder Name**

Université de Montpellier

#### Alternative Name(s)

University of Montpellier, UM

#### **Funding Body Type**

Government organisation

## **Funding Body Subtype**

National government

#### Location

France

# **Results and Publications**

#### Publication and dissemination plan

Planned publication in a peer-reviewed journal in the field of physiology and/or sports sciences

# Intention to publish date

### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The anonymized datasets generated during the current study will be available on reasonable request from Dr François Favier (francois.favier@umontpellier.fr)

#### IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request