POMX (Post Operative Morbidity): randomized controlled trial of chewing gum to reduce postoperative morbidity in elective orthopaedic surgery

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
29/09/2011		☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
29/09/2011	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data		
03/09/2015	Surgery			

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

10666

Study information

Scientific Title

POMX (Post Operative Morbidity): randomized controlled trial of chewing gum to reduce postoperative morbidity in elective orthopaedic surgery

Acronym

POM-X

Study objectives

Complications following surgery are an important cause of morbidity (illness) and mortality (death). When these complications occur within 30 days of major surgery, long term survival is reduced.

The return of gut movement after elective surgery is important to prevent nausea, vomiting, and abdominal discomfort. Under some circumstances this gut movement is reduced which can lead to delays in oral intake and delayed discharge from hospital. Gastrointestinal dysfunction after surgery is associated with morbidity in other body systems. Chewing-gum is considered a form of 'sham feed' e.g. an imitation of food ingestion. 'Sham-feeding' can help facilitate gut motility by the activation of gastrointestinal hormones.

The POM-X trial is designed to examine if the act of chewing gum following orthopaedic surgery can reduce the incidence of complications postoperatively.

Understanding this mechanism may help us to understand why some patients sustain complications after surgery.

This will allow future clinical care to be guided by an understanding of why these complications arise and allow early detection, treatment and avoidance of postoperative morbidity.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

11/H0722/3

Study design

Randomised; Interventional; Design type: Not specified

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Topic: Oral and Gastrointestinal, Generic Health Relevance and Cross Cutting Themes; Subtopic: Oral and Gastrointestinal (all Subtopics), Generic Health Relevance (all Subtopics); Disease: Gastrointestinal, Surgery

Interventions

Clinical assessment, including examination, electrocardiogram (ECG), basic physiological observations

Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome measure

Not provided at time of registration

Secondary outcome measures

Not provided at time of registration

Overall study start date

01/09/2011

Completion date

01/09/2012

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Patients undergoing elective orthopaedic hip and knee arthroplasty procedures and meet the following criteria:

- 1. American Society of Anaesthesiologists risk grade 14
- 2. Age > 40 years
- 3. Have received a general anaesthetic with/without peripheral nerve block

Target Gender: Male & Female; Upper Age Limit 90 years ; Lower Age Limit 30 years

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

Planned Sample Size: 106; UK Sample Size: 106

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Refusal of consent
- 2. Preoperative nasogastric feeding
- 3. Gastrostomy feeding
- 4. Preoperative impaired swallowing

Date of first enrolment

01/09/2011

Date of final enrolment

01/09/2012

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre Wolfson Institute for Biomedical Research

London United Kingdom WC1E 6BT

Sponsor information

Organisation

University College London (UK)

Sponsor details

Institute of Ophthalmology London England United Kingdom WC1E 6BT

Sponsor type

University/education

ROR

https://ror.org/02jx3x895

Funder(s)

Funder type

University/education

Funder Name

Academy of Medical Sciences

Alternative Name(s)

The Academy of Medical Sciences

Funding Body Type

Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Other non-profit organizations

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/11/2015		Yes	No