

Dementia early recognition and response project

Submission date 28/05/2009	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
Registration date 27/08/2009	Overall study status Completed	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Last Edited 22/11/2013	Condition category Mental and Behavioural Disorders	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

Contact name
Prof Steve Iliffe

Contact details
Research Department of Primary Care & Population Health
University College London
Royal Free Campus
Rowland Hill Street
London
United Kingdom
NW3 2PF
+44 (0)20 7830 2239
s.iliffe@pcps.ucl.ac.uk

Additional identifiers

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)
NCT00866099

Protocol serial number
Dendron 4932; 09/0133

Study information

Scientific Title

Evidence-based interventions in dementia: a randomised controlled trial of an educational programme to improve early recognition and response in primary care

Acronym

EVIDEM-ED

Study objectives

Primary care practice teams who receive a tailored educational package will show improved recognition and response to dementia than control practices who undertake normal care.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Southampton and South West Hampshire Research Ethics Committee A approval pending as of 03/06/2009. Decision expected 09/06/2009 (ref: 09/H0502/77)

Study design

Unblinded cluster randomised controlled trial with a pre-post design, with two arms

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Diagnostic

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Dementia

Interventions

The educational intervention consists of practice based workshops with a tailored curriculum designed by a multidisciplinary expert group, supplemented by computer based reference support software. An experienced general practitioner with a background in postgraduate education will facilitate the small group workshops with the practice team. The computer software will include information for the investigation and management of dementia and will assist clinical reasoning and care planning.

Control practices will be provided with a summary of the National Institute for Health and Clinical Excellence (NICE) and the Social Care Institute for Excellence (SCIE) dementia guidelines (2006).

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome(s)

An increase of 50% between groups of patients with dementia receiving two dementia reviews per year, i.e. 20% (control) versus 70% (intervention) at follow-up after training.

Primary and secondary outcome measures will be taken at baseline and again 12 months later.

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Documented concordance with intervention recommendations on recording disclosure decisions and consequences
2. Screening for depression
3. Referral to social services
4. Informing people with dementia about relevant local voluntary organisations
5. Provision of legal information and shared management of cholinesterase inhibitor medication
6. Benefits to people with dementia and their families, measured using standardised instruments like Dementia Quality of Life (DEMQOL) and the Carer Strain Index
7. Brief interviews with carers

Primary and secondary outcome measures will be taken at baseline and again 12 months later.

Completion date

01/10/2012

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Memory or other cognitive impairments suggestive of dementia syndrome
2. A formal diagnosis of dementia, of any type
3. Male or female participants, no age limits

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Other

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

1. Patients and carers who are already involved in concurrent research
2. If the key professional feels that an approach to the person with dementia or their carer would be inappropriate, for example the dementia is very severe, or that an approach may increase distress
3. Any other important reason that the key professional may have for why the person with dementia or their carer should not be contacted

Date of first enrolment

01/06/2009

Date of final enrolment

01/10/2012

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre

Research Department of Primary Care & Population Health

London

United Kingdom

NW3 2PF

Sponsor information

Organisation

University College London Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust (UK)

ROR

<https://ror.org/042fqyp44>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

National Institute for Health Research (NIHR) (UK) - Programme Grant for Applied Research (PGfAR) (ref: RP-PG-0606-1005)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**IPD sharing plan summary**

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	20/11/2013		Yes	No
Protocol article	protocol	10/02/2010		Yes	No
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No
Study website	Study website	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes