

The effect of an assessment-based falls prevention programme in elderly people utilising day-care services

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| Submission date 04/08/2008 | Recruitment status No longer recruiting | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered |
| Registration date 29/08/2008 | Overall study status Completed | <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol |
| Last Edited 11/09/2008 | Condition category Injury, Occupational Diseases, Poisoning | <input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan |
| | | <input type="checkbox"/> Results |
| | | <input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data |
| | | <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year |

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

N/A

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

Implementation of an assessment-based multifactorial intervention on fall prevention in disabled elderly will decrease the number of fallers and the number of falls.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

The Ethics Committee of the Tokyo Metropolitan Institute of Gerontology. Date of approval: 26/09/2006 (ref: 16)

Study design

Cluster randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Other

Study type(s)

Prevention

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Falls/ high risk population with falls

Interventions

Intervention group: Falls prevention programme, consisting of the following:

1. Fall-risk assessment
2. Falls prevention education for both the participating care service providers and the elderly participants

Control group: Usual care

Total duration of interventions: 3 months

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

Fall rates and number of falls. Duration of follow-up: 1 year.

Secondary outcome measures

Fall-related fractures. Duration of follow-up: 1 year.

Overall study start date

01/09/2008

Completion date

31/12/2009

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Men and women who are 65 years of age or older who utilised day-care services.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Senior

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

5,000

Key exclusion criteria

Acute health conditions.

Date of first enrolment

01/09/2008

Date of final enrolment

31/12/2009

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Japan

Study participating centre

Tokyo Metropolitan Institute of Gerontology
Tokyo
Japan
173-0015

Sponsor information

Organisation

Tokyo Metropolitan Institute of Gerontology (Japan)

Sponsor details

35-2 Sakae-cho
Itabashi-ku
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Japan
173-0015

Sponsor type

Research organisation

ROR

<https://ror.org/03rd0p893>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Industry

Funder Name

Tsukui Co (Japan)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration