Italian Sarcoma Group: non-metastatic OsteoSarcoma 1

Submission date Recruitment status Prospectively registered 15/02/2006 No longer recruiting [] Protocol [] Statistical analysis plan Registration date Overall study status 01/03/2006 Completed [X] Results Individual participant data **Last Edited** Condition category 01/09/2021 Cancer

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr Stefano Ferrari

Contact details

Via Pupilli 1 Bologna Italy 40136 +39 (0)51 636 6829 stefano.ferrari@ior.it

Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number N/A

Study information

Scientific Title

Italian Sarcoma Group: non-metastatic OsteoSarcoma 1

Acronym

ISG/OS-1

Study objectives

Osteosarcoma (OS) is a high-grade malignant spindle cell tumor arising within the bone and histologically characterized by the production of tumor osteoid or an immature bone directly from the malignant spindle cell stroma. It is the most frequent type of malignant bone tumor in children and adolescents. At present, the most effective drugs used are methotrexate (MTX), doxorubicin (DOX), ifosfamide (IFO), cisplatinum (CDP).

Hypothesis:

A chemotherapy treatment based on ifosfamide delivered only in the post-operative phase and in patients that are histologically poor responders to primary treatment with methotrexate (MTX), cisplatinum (CDP), doxorubicin (DOX) is equivalent to a treatment using ifosfamide added to MTX, CDP and DOX since the primary phase in all patients.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethics approval received from the Orthopaedic Institute Rizzoli (Istituti Ortopedici Rizzoli) on the 31st January 2001 (ref: 19/CE/US).

Study design

Randomised controlled trial, open label

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Osteosarcoma

Interventions

Patients are randomised to receive a treatment with methotrexate, doxorubicin, cisplatinum and ifosfamide since the primary treatment or to receive a primary treatment with methotrexate, doxorubicin and cisplatinum where ifosfamide is employed only in the post-operative phase in patients that are histologically poor responders to the primary treatment.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Applicable

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Methotrexate (MTX), cisplatinum (CDP), doxorubicin (DOX)

Primary outcome(s)

Clinical efficacy in terms of event free survival, disease free survival and overall survival.

Key secondary outcome(s))

To compare the toxicity of the two regiments.

Completion date

31/12/2006

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Patients with typical radiographic and histological features of primary, high-grade central osteosarcoma
- 2. Tumour located in the extremity
- 3. No previous history of cancer and no prior treatments
- 4. Aged under 40
- 5. No co-existing disease contraindicating chemotherapy
- 6. No evidence of metastases at diagnosis
- 7. Informed consent

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Sex

All

Total final enrolment

246

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Metastatic osteosarcoma
- 2. Previous history of cancer
- 3. Co-existing disease contraindicating chemotherapy
- 4. No informed consent

Date of first enrolment

02/04/2001

Date of final enrolment

31/12/2006

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Italy

Study participating centre Via Pupilli 1 Bologna Italy 40136

Sponsor information

Organisation

Orthopaedic Institute Rizzoli (Istituti Ortopedici Rizzoli) (Italy)

ROR

https://ror.org/02ycyys66

Funder(s)

Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

Funder Name

Orthopaedic Institute Rizzoli (Istituti Ortopedici Rizzoli) (Italy)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output typeDetailsDate createdDate addedPeer reviewed?Patient-facing?Results article07/05/201201/09/2021YesNo