Effects of combining a plant stanol enriched yogurt drink and a low dose statin on markers for inflammation and endothelial function and serum lipoprotein concentrations

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
19/12/2005	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
19/12/2005	Completed	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
01/09/2009	Other	Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

NTR389

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

Major null hypothesis, H0:

As compared with a plant stanol ester free diet, a stanol ester enriched diet does not change serum concentrations lipids and lipoproteins both when given alone or in combination with a low-dose (10 mg/day) simvastatin

Major alternative hypothesis, Ha:

As compared with a plant stanol ester free diet, a plant stanol ester enriched diet does improve serum concentrations lipids and lipoproteins both when given alone or in combination with a low-dose (10 mg/day) simvastatin

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Received from local medical ethics committee

Study design

Randomised double blind placebo controlled parallel group trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Prevention

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Endothelium, systemic inflammation, lipids, lipoproteins

Interventions

- 1. Control yogurt drink + placebo tablets
- 2. Control yogurt drink + simvastatin tablets (10 mg/day)
- 3. Plant stanol ester yogurt drink + placebo tablets
- 4. Plant stanol ester yogurt drink + simvastatin tablets (10 mg/day)

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome(s)

Serum lipid and lipoprotein concentrations.

Key secondary outcome(s))

Serum markers for endothelial function and low grade systemic inflammation.

Completion date

05/08/2005

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Stable dietary habits
- 2. Men 5570 years of age
- 3. Men 4554 and women 55-70 years of age with at least one of the following criteria:
- 3.1. Familial history of coronary heart disease (CHD) in first degree relatives (parent/brother /sister). Only CHD in male relatives below 55 years and in female relatives below 65 years is considered.
- 3.2. Overweight as defined by body mass index (BMI) >25 (as calculated from weight and length) or abdominal obesity (waist circumference >102 cm for men, >88 cm for women)

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Other

Sex

ΔII

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Smokina
- 2. Active cardiovascular disease like congestive heart failure or recent (< 6 months) event (acute myocardial infarction, CVA)
- 3. Peripheral vascular disease
- 4. Familial hypercholesterolemia
- 5. Impairment of renal function, as evidenced by increased serum creatinine >150 mmol/l
- 6. Hepatic diseases as manifested by alanine aminotransferase (ALT), aspartate aminotransferase (AST), gamma-glutamyltransferase (GGT), total bilirubin or alkaline phosphatase (ALP) >2 times the upper limit of normal
- 7. Severe medical conditions that might interfere with the study such as epilepsy, asthma, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), inflammatory bowel diseases, and rheumatoid arthritis
- 8. Use of medication such as corticosteroids, diuretics or lipid lowering medication including statin use in the prior 2 months
- 9. Hypersensitivity to simvastatin or any excipient
- 10. Previous history of muscular toxicity with a statin or fibrate
- 11. Concomitant use of potent CYP3A4 inhibitors (e.g. itraconazole, ketoconazole, human immunodeficiency virus [HIV] protease inhibitors, erythromycin, clarithromycin, telithromycin, nefazodone)
- 12. Unstable body weight (weight gain or loss > 3 kg in the past three months)
- 13. Abnormal hematological profile
- 14. Abuse of drugs and/or alcohol

- 15. Pregnant or breastfeeding women
- 16. Use of sterol or stanol ester products within the previous 30 days
- 17. Participation in another study within 1 month prior to the screening visit
- 18. Having donated blood (as blood donor) within 1 month prior to the screening visit or planning to do so during the study

Date of first enrolment

25/01/2005

Date of final enrolment

05/08/2005

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Netherlands

Study participating centre Maastricht University Maastricht

Netherlands 6200 MD

Sponsor information

Organisation

Nutrition and Toxicology Research Institute Maastricht (NUTRIM) (Netherlands)

ROR

https://ror.org/02jz4aj89

Funder(s)

Funder type

Industry

Funder Name

Mc Neil Consumer Nutritionals (Europe)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration