Imperial Prostate 8 - fluorescence confocal microscopy for rapid evaluation of surgical cancer excision

Submission date 01/08/2023	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered[X] Protocol
Registration date 09/10/2023	Overall study status Completed	 Statistical analysis plan Results
Last Edited 04/06/2024	Condition category Cancer	 Individual participant data Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

This study aims to evaluate the use of a new imaging technique called fluorescence confocal microscopy (FCM) for real-time identification of positive surgical margins in prostate cancer surgery. Positive surgical margins (PSMs) occur when cancer cells are found at the edge of the removed tissue after surgery. Detecting PSMs accurately is important to ensure complete cancer removal during prostate cancer surgery.

Who can participate?

Patients over the age of 18 years with prostate cancer undergoing radical prostatectomy (surgical removal of the prostate) at Imperial College Healthcare NHS Trust, University College London Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust, or Guy's & St Thomas' NHS Foundation Trust during the study period

What does the study involve?

Participants scheduled for prostate cancer surgery will undergo the standard robotic-assisted surgical procedure. During the surgery, a new imaging technique called FCM will be used to scan the removed prostate tissue. FCM uses fluorescent dyes to enhance cell visibility, providing realtime high-resolution images of the tissue. These images will be compared to traditional histopathology (examination of tissue samples under a microscope) to determine the accuracy of FCM in detecting positive surgical margins.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The potential benefits of participating in the study include contributing to the evaluation of a new imaging technique that could improve the accuracy of detecting positive surgical margins during prostate cancer surgery, leading to better cancer treatment outcomes.

There are no specific risks associated with participating in the study, as it involves the use of an ex vivo (outside the body) imaging technique. Any risks associated with the surgical procedure itself will be managed according to the standard of care.

Where is the study run from? Imperial College Healthcare NHS Trust (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? November 2022 to August 2024

Who is funding the study? 1. The Urology Foundation (TUF) (UK) 2. The John Black Charitable Foundation (UK)

Who is the main contact? Mr Nikhil Mayor, n.mayor@imperial.ac.uk

https://www.cancerresearchuk.org/about-cancer/find-a-clinical-trial/a-study-looking-at-a-way-to-assess-tissue-samples-taken-during-prostate-surgery-ip8-fluoresce

Study website https://www.imperialprostate.org/clinical-trials

Contact information

Type(s) Principal Investigator

Contact name Mr Nikhil Mayor

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Type(s) Public

Contact name Mr Nikhil Mayor

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number Nil known

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers 12275

Study information

Scientific Title

A multicentre blinded prospective cohort study to assess the accuracy of digital fluorescence confocal microscopy for assessment of surgical margins in radical prostatectomy specimens

Acronym IP8-FLUORESCE

Study objectives

This study aims to evaluate whether digital fluorescence confocal microscopy can accurately detect positive surgical margins in patients undergoing radical prostatectomy for localised prostate cancer.

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 10/05/2023, Wales REC3 (Health and Care Research Wales Support Centre, Castlebridge 4, 15-19 Cowbridge Road East, Cardiff, CF11 9AB, United Kingdom; +44 (0)29 2078 5741; Wales.REC3@wales.nhs.uk), ref: 22/WA/0214

Study design

Multicentre ex-vivo single-centre blinded prospective cohort study

Primary study design Observational

Secondary study design Cohort study **Study setting(s)** Hospital, Laboratory

Study type(s) Diagnostic, Efficacy

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Prostate cancer

Interventions

Prostate specimens from subjects undergoing radical prostatectomy (RP) will be stained with a fluorescent dye (Histolog Dip) and then be scanned on a digital fluorescent confocal microscope (FCM) known as the Histolog Scanner. The specimens will then undergo conventional histopathological analysis. A pathologist will undertake a blinded analysis to evaluate the accuracy of FCM for evaluation of surgical margins in prostate cancer.

Intervention Type

Device

Pharmaceutical study type(s) Not Applicable

Phase Not Applicable

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Histolog® Scanner

Primary outcome measure

Accuracy of digital FCM measured using the Histolog Scanner in detecting clinically significant prostate cancer at surgical margins at radical prostatectomy compared to traditional H&E histopathology (reference standard). Measures used to assess accuracy will be sensitivity, specificity, positive and negative predictive value. Clinically significant cancer is defines as Gleason score >/= 7 (ISUP Grade Group >/=2).

Secondary outcome measures

1. Sensitivity, specificity, positive and negative predictive value of digital FCM for detection of cancer at surgical margins, with traditional H&E histopathology as the reference standard, on a per-image/margin level

2. Area under the receiver operating characteristic curve (AUC) for cancer detection of digital FCM with traditional H&E histopathology as the reference standard

3. Agreement of digital FCM with the pathology report for cancer length at margin (mm) on a margin and patient level

4. Agreement of digital FCM with the pathology report for cancer grade at margin (mm) on a

margin and patient level

5. Cohen's kappa coefficient for agreement between readers (two individual histopathologists, histopathologist vs trainee histopathologist, histopathologist vs urologist)

Overall study start date 30/11/2022

Completion date

01/08/2024

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

 Men aged >/=18 years
 Men undergoing radical prostatectomy at Imperial College Healthcare NHS Trust during the study period
 Nerve sparing and non-nerve sparing radical prostatectomy cases

Participant type(s) Patient

Age group Adult

Lower age limit 18 Years

Sex

Male

Target number of participants 155

Key exclusion criteria Current exclusion criteria as of 09/05/2024:

1. Men who do not consent for ex vivo tissue research

2. Men who are listed for salvage prostatectomy and had a previous prostate cancer treatment (radiotherapy, brachytherapy, focal therapy)

Previous exclusion criteria:

2. Men who are listed for salvage prostatectomy and had a previous prostate cancer treatment (radiotherapy, brachytherapy, focal therapy)

3. Men enrolled in concurrent clinical trials requiring ex vivo prostatic tissue for research

^{1.} Men who do not consent for ex vivo tissue research through Imperial College Healthcare Tissue Bank (ICHTB)

Date of first enrolment 17/08/2023

Date of final enrolment 30/06/2024

Locations

Countries of recruitment England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre Charing Cross Hospital Fulham Palace Road London United Kingdom W6 8RF

Study participating centre University College London Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust 250 Euston Road London United Kingdom NW1 2PG

Study participating centre Guy's and St Thomas' Hospitals Trust Offices Guy's Hospital Great Maze Pond London United Kingdom SE1 9RT

Sponsor information

Organisation Imperial College Healthcare NHS Trust

Sponsor details

Joint Research Office AHSC Directorate Office 1st Floor, North Corridor Hammersmith Hospital London England United Kingdom W12 0HS +44 (0)20 3313 1000 donna.copeland@nhs.net

Sponsor type Hospital/treatment centre

Website http://www.imperial.nhs.uk/

ROR https://ror.org/056ffv270

Funder(s)

Funder type Charity

Funder Name Urology Foundation

Alternative Name(s) TUF

Funding Body Type Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype Trusts, charities, foundations (both public and private)

Location United Kingdom

Funder Name John Black Charitable Foundation

Alternative Name(s)

The John Black Charitable Foundation, JBCF

Funding Body Type Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype Trusts, charities, foundations (both public and private)

Location United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Results will be presented at national and international urological meetings in the UK and abroad. Planned publication in a peer-reviewed urological journal.

Intention to publish date

01/08/2025

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during the study will be available upon request from Nikhil Mayor (n. mayor@imperial.ac.uk)

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<u>Protocol file</u>	version 1.2	02/04/2024	09/05/2024	No	No