

Microvascular Imaging During Abdominal Surgery (MIDAS)

Submission date	Recruitment status	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
25/07/2012	No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
26/07/2012	Completed	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited	Condition category	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
21/09/2015	Surgery	

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

10093

Study information

Scientific Title

Does intra-operative goal directed fluid therapy (GDT) alter microvascular circulation and reduce clinically important post-operative complications in patients undergoing elective major abdominal surgery?

Acronym

MIDAS

Study objectives

RCT of algorithm driven intraoperative goal directed vs standard fluid therapy during major rectal and urological surgery. Uncalibrated pulse power analysis (LiDCO rapid) used to quantify nominal cardiac stroke volume. Prior to surgery patients separated into aerobically fit and unfit strata by performance on cardiopulmonary exercise test. clinical outcome is Day 5 POMS (complications) score. Perioperative microcirculatory changes also

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

ref: 10/H0203/68

Study design

Randomised interventional single-centre trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Anaesthetics

Interventions

Goal directed fluid therapy, supplementary gelatin colloid boluses delivered by investigator according to algorithm based on stroke volume variability and stroke volume as shown by LiDCO rapid;

Follow Up Length: 3 month(s)

Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome(s)

Profile of Mood States (POMS) score measured at Day 5

Key secondary outcome(s)

Microvascular indices measured at baseline, post induction,end operative and on day 1 post operative

Completion date

03/03/2013

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Patients having Rectal Resections or cystectomy
2. Male & female participants
3. Lower age limit = 18 years

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

Absolute: Unwillingness to participate Inability to perform the tests and consent within the timetable for elective surgery Withdrawn by anaesthetist or surgeon Requirement by the attending anaesthetist to use cardiac output monitoring based on clinical need Acute myocardial infarction (3-5 days) Unstable angina Uncontrolled arrhythmias causing symptoms or haemodynamic compromise Syncope Active endocarditis Acute myocarditis or pericarditis Symptomatic severe aortic stenosis Uncontrolled heart failure Acute pulmonary embolus or pulmonary infarction Thrombosis of lower extremities Suspected dissecting aneurysm Uncontrolled asthma Pulmonary edema Room air desaturation at rest < 85%* Respiratory failure Acute noncardiopulmonary disorder that may affect exercise performance or be aggravated by exercise (i.e. infection, renal failure, thyrotoxicosis)

Relative: Left main coronary stenosis or its equivalent Moderate stenotic valvular heart disease Severe untreated arterial hypertension at rest (200 mm Hg systolic, 120 mm Hg diastolic) Tachyarrhythmias or bradyarrhythmias Highdegree atrioventricular block Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy Significant pulmonary hypertension Advanced or complicated pregnancy Electrolyte abnormalities Orthopaedic impairment that compromises exercise performance

Date of first enrolment

03/03/2011

Date of final enrolment

03/03/2013

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre

Derriford Hospital

Plymouth

United Kingdom

PL6 8DH

Sponsor information

Organisation

Plymouth Hospitals NHS Trust (UK)

ROR

<https://ror.org/05x3jck08>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Research organisation

Funder Name

National Institute of Academic Anaesthesia (UK)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/10/2015		Yes	No
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes