

The efficacy of wrist working splints in patients with non-destructive wrist arthritis

Submission date 28/04/2006	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
		<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 28/04/2006	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 23/09/2021	Condition category Musculoskeletal Diseases	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
		<input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers
NL586 (NTR642)

Study information

Scientific Title

The efficacy of wrist working splints in patients with non-destructive wrist arthritis

Study objectives

We expect a reduction of pain in the wrist, measured with a Visual Analogue Scale (VAS), after 4 weeks of wrist working splint wearing, and a difference in pain score between the experimental group (splinting intervention as adjuvant to usual treatment) and the control group (usual treatment).

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethics approval received from the local medical ethics committee

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Not specified

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Rheumatoid arthritis, arthritis of the wrist

Interventions

Patients are randomly allocated to the experimental group (splinting intervention as adjuvant to usual treatment) or the control group (usual treatment). Patients in the experimental group receive a wrist working splint for their most painful hand. The splint is fitted by an occupational therapist who also gives education on splint wearing. To optimize compliance with splint wearing, compliance enhancing measures are included in this education. Patients are asked to wear the splint by day as much as possible (especially during activities) for four weeks.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

Patients are measured twice: at baseline and after 4 weeks.

Primary outcome measure is pain in the wrist (VAS 0-100 mm).

Secondary outcome measures

1. Pain in the wrist (box scale 0-10)
2. Number of painful and swollen joints in the hand (joint count max score 11 and Ritchie scale max score 33)
3. Synovitis (ultrasound)
4. Grip strength
5. Dexterity (SODA, DASH)
6. Patient's subjective judgement about the effect of the splint on pain, swelling, grip strength and hand function

Overall study start date

22/11/2005

Completion date

01/10/2006

Eligibility**Key inclusion criteria**

1. Diagnosis of RA according to the 1987 ACR criteria
2. Stable disease modifying anti-rheumatic drug (DMARD) therapy during preceding 3 months and no change expected for the next 4 weeks
3. Stable symptomatic therapy (non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs [NSAIDs] and corticosteroids) during preceding 2 weeks and no change expected for the next 4 weeks
4. Active arthritis of the wrist due to RA (clinical judgement rheumatologist)
5. Painful wrist over the past 24 hours (VAS score >35 mm)
6. Age >17 years

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

60

Key exclusion criteria

1. Unable to wear a wrist splint (due to a rash, allergies etc.)
2. An injection of corticosteroid medication in the wrist or any small joints of the hand or flexor tendon sheath of the hand within the preceding 1 month or the expectation that such an injection will be indicated in the next 4 weeks

3. Carpal tunnel syndrome
4. Deformities of wrist (any [sub]luxation, any deviation) and/or fingers (e.g. MCP ulnar drifts, swan neck deformities, boutonniere deformities, subluxations thumb)
5. History of joint surgery of the wrist
6. Use of a wrist orthosis during the 2 weeks prior to participation in the study
7. Steinbrocker functional classification of 4
8. Difficulties with the Dutch language

Date of first enrolment

22/11/2005

Date of final enrolment

01/10/2006

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Netherlands

Study participating centre

University Twente

Enschede

Netherlands

7500 AE

Sponsor information

Organisation

University of Twente, Department of Psychology and Communication of Health and Risk (PCGR)
(The Netherlands)

Sponsor details

P.O. Box 217

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Netherlands

7500 AE

Sponsor type

University/education

ROR

<https://ror.org/006hf6230>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Research organisation

Funder Name

Stichting ReumaOnderzoek Twente (The Netherlands)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration