# Application of hyaluronic acid in the treatment of periodontitis (gum disease)

Submission date 11/03/2024	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
		[_] Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	[] Statistical analysis plan		
12/03/2024	Completed	[_] Results		
<b>Last Edited</b> 12/03/2024	<b>Condition category</b> Oral Health	[] Individual participant data		
		[] Record updated in last year		

### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Hyaluronic acid (HA) has been hypothesized to have influences on periodontal regeneration because it is an essential component of the periodontal ligament and has been shown to play various important roles. HA has an anti-inflammatory activity promoting soft and hard tissue healing.HA has already been tested in patients with chronic periodontitis in several clinical studies reporting the beneficial effects of HA. The present investigation aims to evaluate the clinical and radiological healing of vertical intrabony defects following surgical flap elevation and hyaluronic acid application compared to surgical flap elevation and enamel matrix proteins application.

Who can participate?

Patients suffering from periodontitis stage III, grades A and B.

What does the study involve?

Participants will be randomly allocated to receive surgical periodontal treatment either with the additional application of hyaluronic acid gel or with the additional application of enamel matrix proteins.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating? Participants will benefit from the periodontal surgical treatment. Hyaluronic acid products and enamel matrix derivates products have no reported risks.

Where is the study run from?

Department of Periodontology of the University of Medicine and Pharmacy "Victor Babes" Timisoara, Romani.

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? June 2019 to December 2023

Who is funding the study? Investigator initiated and funded Who is the main contact? Dr Vela Octavia Carolina, vela.octavia@umft.ro

### **Contact information**

**Type(s)** Public, Scientific, Principal Investigator

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# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS number** Nil known

**IRAS number** 

**ClinicalTrials.gov number** Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers 11/ 20.05.2019

# Study information

### Scientific Title

Clinical and radiographic evaluation of intrabony periodontal defects treated with hyaluronic acid or enamel matrix proteins. A 6-month prospective study

### Acronym

**VBD-HIAL** 

### Study objectives

The present investigation aims to evaluate the clinical and radiological healing of vertical intrabony defects following surgical flap elevation and hyaluronic acid application compared to surgical flap elevation and enamel matrix proteins application.

### Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

#### Ethics approval(s)

Approved 20/05/2019, Scientific Research Ethics Committee of the University of Medicine and Pharmacy "Victor Babes" Timisoara (P-ta Eftimie Murgu, nr 2, Timisoara, 300041, Romania; +40256293389; comisiaeticaumft@umft.ro), ref: 11/ 20.05.2019

Study design

Interventional randomized controlled trial

**Primary study design** Interventional

Secondary study design Randomised controlled trial

**Study setting(s)** Dental clinic, Hospital, University/medical school/dental school

**Study type(s)** Treatment, Efficacy

Participant information sheet

See outputs table

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Surgical treatment of intrabony vertical defects in patients with Periodontitis stage III, grades A and B

#### Interventions

A randomized prospective 6-month, single-blind clinical, single-center, interventional study with a 1:1 allocation ratio according to computer-generated tables composed of two groups (test group: open flap debridement + hyaluronic acid application and control group: open flap debridement + enamel matrix proteins application), one surgeon will perform all surgeries using identical techniques, another specialist in periodontology, other than the surgeon will obtain the clinical and radiographical measurements.

The patients will be randomly assigned with a 1:1 ratio to one of the two groups through simple randomization, using a computerized random number generator(www.randomization.com). The allocation concealment will be performed using numbers associated with the test or control procedure. Even numbers will be associated with the test procedure, while odd numbers with the control procedure. The numbers on the cards will be enclosed in opaque envelopes. Treatment allocation will be performed at the time of surgery after debridement of the suprabony defects, by opening the envelope containing the number.

Test group (hyaluronic acid group): An access flap will be prepared after local anesthesia. Scaling and root planning will be performed by combining the use of metal curettes and power-driven instrumentation using an ultrasonic scaler. The hyaluronic acid gel (Hyadent) will be applied to

the exposed root surface respecting manufacturer indications, followed by a tension-free primary closure of the surgery wound using 6-0 monofilament (polypropylene) non-resorbable suturing material.

Control group (enamel matrix proteins (Emdogain) group): An access flap will be prepared after local anesthesia. Scaling and root planning will be performed by combining the use of metal curettes and power-driven instrumentation using an ultrasonic scaler. Enamel matrix proteins (Emdogain) will be applied to the exposed root surface respecting manufacturer indications, followed by a tension-free primary closure of the surgery wound using 6-0 monofilament (polypropylene) non-resorbable.

Follow up for 6 months.

### Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

### Primary outcome measure

Clinical attachment level (CAL) will be measured using periodontal probe at baseline and 6 months after the procedure

### Secondary outcome measures

1. Probing Depth (PD) - measured using a periodontal probe at baseline and 6-month follow-up

2. Gingival Margin Level (GML) - measured using a periodontal probe at baseline and 6-month follow-up

3. Bleeding on Probing (BOP) - measured using a periodontal probe at baseline and 6-month follow-up

4. Full Mouth Bleeding Score (FMBS) - measured using a periodontal probe at baseline and 6month follow-up

5. Full Mouth Plaque Score (FMPS) - measured using a periodontal probe at baseline and 6month follow-up

6. Defect Depth (BC-BD) - measured on radiographs using radiographic imaging software at baseline and 6-month follow-up.

7. Defect Width (DW) - measured on radiographs using radiographic imaging software at baseline and 6-month follow-up.

8. Early Healing Index (EHI) - analyzed clinically 1 week after surgery

### Overall study start date

20/05/2019

### **Completion date**

01/12/2023

# Eligibility

### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. No systemic diseases that could influence the outcome of the therapy
- 2. Presence of 2-3 walls IBD  $\geq$  3 mm
- 3. An interproximal PD  $\geq$  6 mm
- 4. 6 weeks after subgingival instrumentation at the experimental sites
- 5. Good oral hygiene
- 6. Non-smokers

**Participant type(s)** Healthy volunteer, Patient

### Age group

Adult

**Lower age limit** 20 Years

### Upper age limit

60 Years

**Sex** Both

**Target number of participants** 40

**Total final enrolment** 60

### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Patients with systemic diseases known to affect the outcome of periodontal therapy
- 2. Immunocompromised individuals
- 3. Pregnant or lactating females
- 4. Tobacco smokers or tobacco use in any form
- 5. Non-compliant patients

6. Prolonged antibiotic treatment or anti-inflammatory treatment within 6 months prior the surgery

- 7. Grade C periodontitis
- 8. Furcation involvement at the same tooth
- 9. Mobility grade II/III
- 10. Poor oral hygiene
- 11. Patients with parafunctional habits
- 12. Patients who had periodontal surgery in the last 6 months
- 13. Orthodontic treatment during the previous year
- 14. Occlusion trauma
- 15. Interproximal open contact points
- 16. One-walled or combined one- and two-walled defects confirmed upon surgical exposure

### Date of first enrolment

01/06/2019

Date of final enrolment 01/06/2023

# Locations

Countries of recruitment

Romania

**Study participating centre Faculty of Dental Medicine, Victor Babes University of Medicine and Pharmacy** P-ta Eftimie Murgu nr 2 Timisoara Romania 300041

### Sponsor information

**Organisation** University of Medicine and Farmacy "Victor Babes" Timisoara

**Sponsor details** P-ta Eftimie Murgu, nr. 2 Timisoara Romania 300041 +40256293389 comisiaeticaumft@umft.ro

**Sponsor type** University/education

Website https://www.umft.ro/ro/acasa/

### Funder(s)

**Funder type** Other

**Funder Name** Investigator initiated and funded

### **Results and Publications**

**Publication and dissemination plan** Planned publication in a high-impact peer-reviewed journal

### Intention to publish date

01/05/2024

### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study are available from the corresponding author on reasonable request( Dr Vela Octavia Carolina vela.octavia@umft.ro) Type of data: periodontal charts.

Data will become available after publication of the study, and will be available for 5 years. Data will be shared for similar studies, on request from the first author.

Written consent from participants will be obtained.

Data from participants are anonymized. The key to the names of the participants is located in the repository

### IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

#### Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Participant information sheet	in Romanian		12/03/2024	No	Yes