

Preferred treatment for removal of corneal rust

Submission date 30/09/2005	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 30/09/2005	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 11/04/2014	Condition category Eye Diseases	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers
N0185146360

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

To identify what is best practice for removal of corneal rust, ensuring that patient care is not compromised.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Not specified

Study type(s)

Not Specified

Participant information sheet**Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Eye Diseases: Corneal damage

Interventions

Patients will be randomly allocated 2 or 5 days using sealed envelopes.

The following will be undertaken: 1. Case History, 2. Visual Acuity, 3. Examination: Slit lamp bio microscopy 4. Check whether patient fits criteria, 5. ask patient to participate, give patient information sheet, obtain consent. 6. Nurse practitioner opens envelope to identify 2 or 5 days. 7. Size and depth of foreign body will be measured and documented. 8. Other signs, symptoms documented eg inflammation. 9. pain score 1-10 analogue scale 10. procedure of removal 11. measurement of rust remaining 12 treatment given i.e medication, whether padded 13, follow up appointment according to random allocation 14 repeat visits to follow above procedure 15 telephone call to be made if follow up appointment not attended.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

Aims & Objectives: To identify what is the best practice for removal of cornea rust, ensuring that patient care is not compromised. To compare differences in discomfort felt by the patient and healing process of the cornea when visits are at 2 or 5 day intervals. Study endpoints: To compare ease and completion of removal of cornea rust.

Secondary outcome measures

Not provided at time of registration

Overall study start date

27/02/2003

Completion date

28/02/2004

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Not provided at time of registration

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Not Specified

Target number of participants

Not provided at time of registration

Key exclusion criteria

Not provided at time of registration

Date of first enrolment

27/02/2003

Date of final enrolment

28/02/2004

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre

Accident & Emergency OPD Department
Plymouth
United Kingdom
PL4 6PL

Sponsor information

Organisation

Department of Health

Sponsor details

Richmond House
79 Whitehall
London
United Kingdom
SW1A 2NL
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dhmail@doh.gsi.org.uk

Sponsor type

Government

Website

<http://www.dh.gov.uk/Home/fs/en>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Plymouth Hospitals NHS Trust (UK), Own Account

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary
Not provided at time of registration