

A randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial to evaluate the efficacy and tolerability of olanzapine as adjunctive treatment for anorexia nervosa in youth: a pilot study

Submission date 08/06/2005	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
Registration date 04/11/2005	Overall study status Completed	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Last Edited 11/09/2009	Condition category Mental and Behavioural Disorders	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
		<input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

N/A

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

It is hypothesised that youth who present with a severe eating disorder and are treated with olanzapine will demonstrate reduced disordered eating attitudes and beliefs, and a higher rate of weekly weight gain, as compared to a control group treated with placebo. It is also hypothesised that those patients treated with olanzapine will demonstrate better short-term (14 weeks) and long-term (6 months) clinical outcome as compared to patients treated with placebo. It is also predicted that the physical side-effects of olanzapine will be minor given the relatively low dose (as compared to treatment for patients with schizophrenia), slow titration, and short-term use of olanzapine. Hospitalised patients on olanzapine may be discharged sooner than those on placebo.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Not specified

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Anorexia Nervosa

Interventions

Olanzapine versus Placebo; Olanzapine will be started at a very low dose and gradually titrated up to a predetermined dose.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Specified

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Olanzapine

Primary outcome measure

The change from baseline in the Eating Attitudes Test (EAT-26) score measured at week 12 and average weight gain over the first 12 weeks of treatment will be compared using Students t-test (assuming a normal distribution of the measures; otherwise, Wilcoxon Mann Whitney test will be used). If necessary, a linear regression model will be fit to assess treatment effect adjusting for variables thought to influence outcome that could result in imbalance between treatment groups at baseline. Treatment effect and its 95% confidence interval will be generated for each primary outcome.

Secondary outcome measures

Although the study is not powered to detect differences in safety, we will nevertheless compare the frequency of adverse events between the two study groups using chi-square or Fishers exact test. Change from baseline in the EAT-26 score measured at week 15 and at the end of the maintenance period (week 40) as well as weight gain measured at the same time points will be analysed as for the primary outcomes. Change from baseline in the Computer Assisted Personal Interview (CAPI), Childrens Depression Inventory (CDI), Multidimensional Anxiety Scale for Children (MASC), the Eating Disorder Clinician-Parent Rating Sheet, and Child Behavior Checklist (CBCL) will be calculated for weeks 12 and 40. Assuming a normal distribution for each variable (except for the clinician/parent rating sheet), differences between study groups will be assessed using Students t-tests. Wilcoxon Mann-Whitney tests or log-transformation will be performed otherwise. The Eating Disorder Clinician/Parent Rating Sheet score will also be compared using a Wilcoxon Mann-Whitney test. A Poisson regression model will be used to compare the total number of hospital admissions between study groups. Rate of hospitalisation will be calculated for each patient as the total number of days in hospital divided by the total time in days spent in the study. Average rates and 95% confidence intervals will be generated for each study group. Rates will then be compared using a Poisson regression model. In order to avoid multiple testing issues, results will be compared with an alpha value adjusted for the number of tests performed using the Bonferonni criterion.

Overall study start date

01/09/2005

Completion date

01/09/2007

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Must give written informed consent or assent
2. Must be female
3. Must be between age 12 and 17 (younger than 18) at beginning of trial

4. Based on the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (4th Edition Revised, American Psychiatric Association [APA], 2000) must have fulfilled the criteria for diagnosis of Anorexia Nervosa or Eating Disorder Not Otherwise Specified with a Body Mass Index ≤ 17

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Child

Lower age limit

12 Years

Upper age limit

17 Years

Sex

Female

Target number of participants

50 subjects; 25 intervention, 25 control

Key exclusion criteria

1. Subject has known sensitivity to any of the products to be administered
2. Treatment with any other anti-psychotic medication, mood stabiliser, stimulant
3. Treatment with medication known to interact with olanzapine e.g. fluvoxamine, ciprofloxacin
4. Medical illness such as: diabetes, impaired glucose tolerance, hyperlipidemia, hepatic dysfunction, substance abuse, narrow angle glaucoma, paralytic ileus, or pancreatitis
5. Subjects inability to comply with trial requirements including lack of comprehension of English
6. Other unspecified reasons that, in the opinion of the Investigator, make subject unsuitable for enrollment
7. Subject is pregnant or is breast-feeding
8. Laboratory exclusion criteria:
 - a. Total white cell count < 2.5
 - b. Neutrophil count < 1.0
 - c. Liver function tests (aspartate transaminase (AST)/alanine transaminase (ALT) $> 2 \times$ normal)
 - d. Positive pregnancy test
 - e. Electrocardiogram (EKG) QTc > 440 msec or arrhythmia other than sinus bradycardia; conduction abnormalities prolonged QTc or other

Date of first enrolment

01/09/2005

Date of final enrolment

01/09/2007

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

Canada

Study participating centre
Psychiatric Director
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Canada
K1H 8L1

Sponsor information

Organisation
Children's Hospital of Eastern Ontario (Canada)

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Sponsor type
Hospital/treatment centre

ROR
<https://ror.org/05nsbhw27>

Funder(s)

Funder type
Charity

Funder Name
W. Garfield Weston Foundation (Canada)

Alternative Name(s)
The W. Garfield Weston Foundation

Funding Body Type
Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype
Trusts, charities, foundations (both public and private)

Location

Canada

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan****IPD sharing plan summary**

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Protocol article	protocol	31/01/2008		Yes	No