

The Walk With Me Study: a peer-led intervention to increase physical activity in older adults

Submission date 06/11/2015	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 17/11/2015	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 10/11/2021	Condition category Other	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Being physically active has numerous benefits for our health and well-being. However, levels of physical activity decline as we age. The majority of older adults do not meet current recommended levels of physical activity. Research also suggests that those who live in socially /economically deprived areas are among the most inactive. Therefore, increasing physical activity levels in this population is an important public health issue. Using active peers who are a similar age and background may be an effective way to increase levels of physical activity among inactive older adults (defined in this study as those aged 60-70 years). This study aims to test the acceptability and preferences of a sample of older adults to a peer-led walking programme.

Who can participate?

Men and women aged 60 – 70 who are not currently physically active and live in a socio-economically disadvantaged community in the South Eastern Trust.

What does the study involve?

Participants are randomly allocated to one of two groups: the intervention group or the control group. The intervention group participates in the 'Walk With Me' intervention, where they are encouraged by their peer mentor to increase their physical activity. Participants set goals and use pedometers to monitor their physical activity, and after 12 weeks they are signposted to other activity programmes in the community to encourage them to maintain their activity level. The control group do not receive any additional support to change their activity over the course of the study, apart from a brief booklet on physical activity (this is also given to the intervention group), and after the end of the study they will be offered opportunities to engage in physical activity. We are interested in the opinions of both the peer mentors and participants regarding what worked and what could be improved about the intervention, so we are conducting a number of interviews and focus groups to collect this information.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Regular participation in physical activity has numerous benefits for health and wellbeing. It is hoped that this intervention will encourage participants to perform more moderate intensity

physical activity, of which walking will be the main form. This is a low risk intervention and we do not anticipate any serious adverse events.

Where is the study run from?
Queen's University Belfast (UK).

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?
December 2014 to March 2018.

Who is funding the study?
National Institute for Health Research (UK).

Who is the main contact?
Dr Conor Cunningham (c.cunningham@qub.ac.uk)
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Contact information

Type(s)

Public

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Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

Protocol serial number

PHR - 12/133/04

Study information

Scientific Title

A feasibility study and pilot randomised controlled trial of a peer-led walking programme to increase physical activity in inactive older adults: Walk With Me Study

Study objectives

To determine the feasibility of the "Walk With Me" peer-led walking intervention in socio-economically disadvantaged community dwelling older adults

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

The Office of Research Networks Northern Ireland, December 2014, REC ref: 14/NI/1330

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Prevention

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Physical activity

Interventions

The intervention group

The 'Walk With Me' intervention is a peer led 12-week walking programme in community dwelling older adults.

During the intervention period the participant will have regular contact with the peer mentor, and be encouraged to increase their time spent in moderate intensity physical activity. Six peer

mentors will be recruited. They will be paired with participants of the same sex and from a similar community. During the pilot RCT, peer mentors will be given access to a research team member for advice/support and will be contacted by the project manager at least once per fortnight, to identify any problems with the programme delivery or participant contact and engagement.

The intervention will begin with a first face-to-face meeting between the peer mentor and participant. The programme will then involve a phased approach, with an initial period of trust building, identifying current levels of physical activity and facilitators and barriers to increasing activity, and identifying strategies to overcome these barriers and increase activity (e.g. discussing opportunities in the local environment). This is followed by individually-tailored goal setting, where weekly targets are discussed, agreed and reviewed. This will be done using pedometers to set individually tailored goals and self-monitor progress using weekly step diaries, as in previous peer-led physical activity interventions.

After 12 weeks, the formal peer-led component will finish, and participants in the intervention group will be signposted to other activity programmes in the community to encourage maintenance of their activity level.

The control group

The control group will participate in baseline and 6-month follow-up data collection activities. Those assigned to the control group will not receive any additional support to change their activity over the course of the intervention period. At the outset of the trial, they will receive a brief health promotion booklet on physical activity (the same booklet will be given to the intervention group) and will be informed that after the 6-month data collection point, they will be offered a choice of opportunities to engage in physical activity.

Intervention Type

Behavioural

Primary outcome(s)

Minutes of moderate and vigorous physical activity (MVPA) objectively measured using an Actigraph GT3-X accelerometer (physical activity monitor) over 7 days. Outcomes will be measured at baseline, post-intervention (12 weeks) and 6 months after baseline.

Key secondary outcome(s))

1. A validated self-reported physical activity questionnaire (EPAQ-2)
2. Physical and mental health measured using the SF-12
3. Mental wellbeing measured using the Warwick-Edinburgh Mental Well-being Scale
4. Health-related quality of life assessed using EuroQol-5D
5. Social engagement measured with the UCLA Loneliness Scale and the Lubben Social Network Scale

Outcomes will be measured at baseline, post-intervention (12 weeks) and 6 months after baseline.

Completion date

01/03/2018

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Male or female aged 60 – 70 years
2. Living in a socio-economically disadvantaged community in the South Eastern Trust (defined as the lowest quartile of super output areas according to the Northern Ireland Multiple Deprivation Measure)
3. Competent to give informed consent
4. Not currently physically active (assessed using the General Practice Physical Activity Questionnaire)
5. Community dwelling (i.e., living in their own home)
6. Planning to stay in the current residence during the next year
7. Able to communicate in English

Participant type(s)

Other

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Mixed

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

1. Not aged 60 – 70 years
2. Not living in a socio-economically disadvantaged community in the South Eastern Trust (defined as the lowest quartile of super output areas according to the Northern Ireland Multiple Deprivation Measure)
3. Not competent to give informed consent
4. Currently physically active (assessed using the General Practice Physical Activity Questionnaire)
5. Not community dwelling (i.e., living in a residential home or care facility)
6. Not planning to stay in the current residence during the next year
7. Not able to communicate in English

Date of first enrolment

01/12/2015

Date of final enrolment

31/12/2017

Locations**Countries of recruitment**

United Kingdom

Northern Ireland

Study participating centre

Centre for Public Health
Queen's University Belfast
Institute of Clinical Science B
Royal Victoria Hospital
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Sponsor information

Organisation

South Eastern Health and Social Care Trust

ROR

<https://ror.org/05w2bg876>

Organisation

Queen's University Belfast

ROR

<https://ror.org/00hswnk62>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

National Institute for Health Research

Alternative Name(s)

National Institute for Health Research, NIHR Research, NIHRresearch, NIHR - National Institute for Health Research, NIHR (The National Institute for Health and Care Research), NIHR

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study will be stored in a non-publically available repository

IPD sharing plan summary

Stored in repository

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	pilot trial results	01/05/2019	28/05/2019	Yes	No
Results article	protocol	01/05/2019	10/11/2021	Yes	No
Protocol article		21/06/2018		Yes	No
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes