Efficacy of the BELA weight management programme to prevent increase of weight in schizophrenic patients treated with olanzapin (BELA = movement - nutrition - learning accepting)

Submission date 18/04/2008	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	 Prospectively registered Protocol
Registration date 30/05/2008	Overall study status Completed	 Statistical analysis plan Results
Last Edited 30/05/2008	Condition category Mental and Behavioural Disorders	 Individual participant data Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s) Scientific

Contact name Dr Joachim Cordes

Contact details

Clinic and Polyclinic for Psychiatry and Psychotherapy Rheinische Kliniken Düsseldorf Bergische Landstr. 2 Düsseldorf Germany 40629 +49 211 9223402 joachim.cordes@lvr.de

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers GM2_2007

Study information

Scientific Title

Acronym BELA

Study objectives

To assess the efficacy of preventative effects of the BELA programme on weight and metabolic parameters in schizophrenic patients treated with olanzapin.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

 Ethics Committee of Medical Faculty of Heinrich-Heine University. Date of approval: 07/02 /2008 (ref: MC-LKP-249)
 Federal Institute for Drugs and Medical Devices (BfArM). Date of approval: 06/12/2007 (ref: 4033665)

Study design Phase IV, multi-centre, open, two-arm randomised controlled trial.

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s) Not specified

Study type(s) Prevention

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet.

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied Schizophrenia

Interventions

This trial is taking place at four sites (Düsseldorf, Bochum, Krefeld, Dortmund). Participants will be randomly allocated to the two arms in equal numbers:

Intervention group: Standard therapy + BELA weight management programme Control group: Standard therapy only

The psychoeducation programme BELA has been developed at the beginning of 2005 for psychiatric patients. The contents of the psychoeducation are based on the knowledge that better nutrition and regular exercise may stabilise the individual course of disease, the detection of bad habits and the implementation, practice and stabilisation of individual, appropriate habits. As far as methods are concerned, these are simple pedagogic and informational modules (adapted to the type of patients) and which result in experiment-orientated, practical exercises. The BELA concept is geared to small groups (6 - 10 patients) in order to, for example, allow the planning, shopping, cooking of a meal. Over a period of 10 weeks there are group meetings, each 60 minutes, with knowledge transfer of nutrition and exercising.

Content of patient-education:

- 1. Aim of the course
- 2. Energy and calories
- 3. Types of provisions
- 4. Major nutrients
- 5. Pathology
- 6. Planning the day
- 7. Fats
- 8. Recipes
- 9. Cooking with vegetables, etc. (practical)
- 10. Relevance of exercises

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Phase IV

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Olanzapin

Primary outcome measure

Weight changes in kg, measured at week 1 and week 10.

Secondary outcome measures

1. Influence of the intervention on further risk factors, assessed by the following:

- 1.2. Cholesterol at Week 2, 1, 5, 10, 14 and 18
- 1.3. low density lipoprotein (LDL) at Week 2, 1, 5, 10, 14 and 18
- 1.4. Triglyzeride at Week 2, 1, 5, 10, 14 and 18
- 1.5. high density lipoprotein(HDL) at Week 2, 1, 5, 10, 14 and 18
- 1.6. HbA1c at Week 1, 10 and 18
- 1.7. Glucose at Week 2, 1, 5, 10, 14 and 18
- 1.8. Blood-pressure at Week 2, 1, 5, 10, 14 and 18
- 1.9. Abdominal girth at Week 2, 1, 5, 10, 14 and 18
- 1.10. Body mass index (BMI) at Week 2, 1, 5, 10, 14 and 18

2. Identification of indicators with regard to weight increase and the response on weight management by acquisition of the following parameters:

2.1. Age, sex, initial weight 2 weeks prior to intervention

2.2. Psycho-pathological rating-scales:

a. Positive and Negative Syndrome Scale (PANSS) 2 weeks before intervention and then at weeks 1, 5, 10, 14 and 18

b. Personal social achievement rating scale (persönliche soziale Leistungskala [PSL]) at weeks 1, 10 and 18

c. 36-item Short Form health survey (SF-36) at weeks 1, 10 and 18

d. Body image assessment questionnaire (Fragebogen zur Beurteilung des eigenen Körpers [FBeK]) at weeks 1, 10 and 18

e. Type D Personality Scale (DS14) 2 weeks prior to intervention

f. Global Assessment of Functioning (GAF) at weeks 1, 10 and 18

2.3. Medical genetics: Polymorphism for weight increase, assessed at week 1

2.4. Lipometabolism: Participating hormones and interleukine: leptin, ghrelin, adiponektin, cortisone, retinol binding protein 4 (RBP-4), IL-6, TNF-alpha. These will be assessed at weeks 1, 10 and 18

3. Increase of weight (in kg) of the intervention group in comparison to the control group at the end of the follow-up phase (Week 1 [before the intervention phase] vs Week 18 [after the follow-up phase])

Overall study start date

03/04/2008

Completion date

15/11/2010

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Both males and females

2. Age 18 - 65 years

3. Criteria of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders - Fourth Edition (DSM IV) for schizophrenia or schizoaffective psychosis

4. Written informed consent

5. Capability of signing informed consent

6. Olanzapin medication

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group Adult

Lower age limit 18 Years

Sex Both

Target number of participants

Key exclusion criteria

1. Serious somatic diseases

- 2. Changes in weight due to somatic diseases
- 3. Pregnancy or lactation

4. Increase of weight of more than 3 kg over the last 3 months before start of treatment with olanzapin

- 5. Co-medication with a weight-reducing potential
- 6. Participation in another interventional trial which could interfere with this trial

Date of first enrolment 03/04/2008

Date of final enrolment 15/11/2010

Locations

Countries of recruitment Germany

Study participating centre Clinic and Polyclinic for Psychiatry and Psychotherapy Düsseldorf Germany 40629

Sponsor information

Organisation Heinrich-Heine University (Germany)

Sponsor details

c/o Dr. med. J. Cordes Clinic and Polyclinic for Psychiatry and Psychotherapy Rheinische Kliniken Düsseldorf Bergische Landstr. 2 Düsseldorf Germany 40629

Sponsor type University/education

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Website http://www.uni-duesseldorf.de

ROR https://ror.org/024z2rq82

Funder(s)

Funder type University/education

Funder Name Heinrich-Heine University (Germany)

Funder Name Lilly GmbH (Germany)

Funder Name Note: This is an investigator initiated trial.

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary Not provided at time of registration