# Preventing depression study: PERSUADE

Submission date	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered		
20/11/2017		[X] Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status Completed Condition category	Statistical analysis plan		
28/11/2017		☐ Results		
Last Edited		Individual participant data		
22/10/2020	Mental and Behavioural Disorders	☐ Record updated in last year		

## Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

The number of people with depression is increasing across the world; depression is set to become the leading cause of disability worldwide by 2030. Treatments for depression have limited usefulness and have only led to a 35% reduction of cases of depression, as compared to those receiving no treatment. People with untreated depression symptoms are at an increased risk of persistent depression with poor outcomes. There is a need to develop treatments that can be delivered at the very early stage of the illness thus preventing progression into full blown symptoms of depression. One of the major risk factors for depression is sub-threshold depression. Sub-threshold depression is a condition where the person has developed some of the symptoms of stress and low mood but the number of symptoms, and their severity, is lower than the threshold that we would use to diagnose someone with depression. In routine clinical practice we use a score of 10 or above on a depression questionnaire (Personal Health Questionnaire PHQ 9) to diagnose depression. This study uses a score of between 5 and 9 on the PHQ 9 to indicate sub-threshold depression. Experience tells us that it can be difficult to engage people with mild depression into preventive treatments that may require ongoing commitment. So, we plan to use user involvement to adapt and evaluate a psychological therapy program which is acceptable. It will be based on Cognitive Behaviour Therapy (CBT) principles. The aim of this study is to reduce depression symptom scores and prevent development of depression in people with sub-threshold depression defined as PHQ score 5-9.

## Who can participate?

Adults aged 18 to 60 who have score between a 5 to 9 on the PHQ 9 scale.

#### What does the study involve?

Participants are randomly allocated to one of two groups. Those in the first group receive a specially developed CBT based intervention manual and will be required to attend a one full-day or two half-day workshops to support the manual. Those in the second group receive the usual care (no treatment). All participants are asked to complete a short questionnaire three months after the study to assess their symptoms. Some participants in the treatment group are also invited to take part in an interview over the telephone, to talk about their experiences during the study.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The model being used in the intervention has been used in many previous studies and shown

effectiveness in helping people to manage their mood better. We do not anticipate the self-help intervention to pose a risk to participants and it does not prevent them accessing other more traditional health care through their GP if needed.

Where is the study run from? The University of Manchester (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? July 2017 to June 2018

Who is funding the study? National Institute for Health Research (UK)

Who is the main contact?
Dr Cassandra Kenning
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# **Contact information**

# Type(s)

Public

#### Contact name

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# Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number 36210

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Preventing depression in the community by voluntary sector providers

#### Acronym

**PERSUADE** 

## Study objectives

The primary aim is to reduce depression symptom scores and prevent development of depression in people with sub-threshold depression defined as PHQ score 5-9.

The objectives of the study are:

- 1. To adapt a low intensity community based depression prevention intervention based upon Cognitive Behaviour Therapy (CBT) model for adults with sub-threshold depression deliverable by voluntary sector organisations
- 2. To establish the acceptability and uptake of this model by adults with sub-threshold depression
- 3. To test the feasibility of conducting a successful trial of community based depression prevention intervention for adults with sub-threshold depression

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

North West- Greater Manchester East REC, 23/11/2017, ref: 17/NW/0604

## Study design

Randomised; Interventional; Design type: Prevention, Psychological & Behavioural

## Primary study design

Interventional

# Study type(s)

Treatment

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Specialty: Primary care, Primary sub-specialty: Mental Health; UKCRC code/ Disease: Mental Health/ Organic, including symptomatic, mental disorders

#### Interventions

Participants are randomised to either the intervention group or to usual care (no treatment). Participants in the intervention group receive a specially developed CBT based intervention manual and are required to attend a one full-day (or 2 half-days) workshop to support the manual. Motivational techniques are incorporated at the beginning of the workshop to help engage participants, based on previous research and our own experience of conducting social groups. Group exercises, role-play demonstrations and discussions of case vignettes will be participatory to maintain participant's interest and motivation.

All participants are followed up 3 months post randomisation.

Engagement, attendance of workshops and retention to the study are recorded.

Phone or face-to-face interviews are conducted with a sample of the participants in the intervention group (n=15) on completion of the intervention, looking at acceptability. Interviews are also be carried out with the specially trained facilitators at the end of the study to assess training, support and intervention delivery.

## Intervention Type

Other

## Primary outcome(s)

Feasibility and acceptability are assessed using:

- 1. Recruitment methods a number of different recruitment strategies are tried and assessed to see how much time each takes and the yields.
- 2. Engagement, attendance of workshops and retention to the study
- 3. Phone or face-to-face interviews are conducted with a sample of the participants in the intervention group
- 4. Interviews are carried out with the specially trained facilitators at the end of the study to assess training, support and intervention delivery

# Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Depression is measured using PHQ-9 at baseline and 3 months.
- 2. Health status is measured using EQ-5D-3L at baseline and 3 months
- 3. Healthcare utilisation is measured using (CSRI) at baseline and 3 months
- 4. Client Satisfaction is measured using Client Satisfaction Questionnaire (CSQ-8) at baseline and 3 months

## Completion date

30/09/2018

# Eligibility

## Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Patients from primary care or the general community
- 2. Male and female
- 3. Aged between 18 years and 60 years of age
- 4. Score between 5-9 on the PHQ 9

# Participant type(s)

Patient

# Healthy volunteers allowed

No

#### Age group

Adult

#### Lower age limit

18 years

#### Sex

Αll

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Depression (score higher than 9 on PHQ-9, or formal diagnosis of depression)
- 2. Psychosis
- 3. Drug or alcohol use as primary diagnosis

- 4. Suicidal ideations
- 5. Non-English language speakers

# Date of first enrolment 01/01/2018

Date of final enrolment 30/06/2018

# Locations

# Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre
The University of Manchester
Manchester
United Kingdom
M13 9PL

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

The University of Manchester

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/027m9bs27

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

Government

#### **Funder Name**

National Institute for Health Research

# Alternative Name(s)

National Institute for Health Research, NIHR Research, NIHRresearch, NIHR - National Institute for Health Research, NIHR (The National Institute for Health and Care Research), NIHR

# **Funding Body Type**

Government organisation

# Funding Body Subtype

National government

#### Location

United Kingdom

# **Results and Publications**

# Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The data sharing plans for the current study are unknown and will be made available at a later date.

# IPD sharing plan summary

Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date

# **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<u>Protocol article</u>	protocol	03/10/2019	22/10/2020	Yes	No
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No
Participant information sheet	version V2	31/10/2017	28/11/2017	No	Yes
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes