

# Glasses in classes: A cluster-randomised controlled trial to evaluate the effects of a school-based intervention to improve academic, social and emotional learning, visual acuity, and adherence to glasses wear in young children in a disadvantaged multi-ethnic community

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<b>Registration date</b> 21/01/2020	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 21/01/2020	<b>Condition category</b> Eye Diseases	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

In the UK it is recommended that all children receive an eyesight test in their Reception year. This is provided by health services and results are shared with families, but not schools. Roughly 10–15% of children fail their eyesight test, and of these around a third are not taken to the opticians to obtain glasses.

This project will test an intervention designed to increase the number of children who obtain and consistently wear glasses, following the eye test. The results of the eye test will be shared with schools, school staff will be trained to support pupils and their families to get glasses and encourage pupils to wear them, and funding will be provided for a second pair of glasses for pupils to keep at school.

### Who can participate?

Children aged 4-5 years of age enrolled in reception year in state-funded primary schools based in the Metropolitan area of Bradford, United Kingdom

### What does the study involve?

At the start of the reception year, parents from the treatment and control schools will receive an information letter about the study, with the right to withdraw their children from the study. Children will then receive a vision screening, along with academic pretests. Schools will then be randomly assigned to conditions. Vision screening results will be revealed (Pass/Fail) and letters will be sent to parents with instructions to go to the optician (this applies to both intervention and control groups); if they attend the appointment, they will receive a pair of home glasses. For the intervention group only, vision coordinators will be trained (after pretests are completed). If the parents and children attend the appointment at the opticians, a spare pair of

glasses will be sent to the school and will be made available in the classroom. The intervention will run for the academic school year, with teachers ensuring children prescribed glasses wear them, and that their spare pair are available if they attend school without their home pair, as well as working with families to prioritise glasses wear at home. Parents are asked to report to schools if the home glasses are lost or broken and they will be asked to attend the optometrist with their children for the fitting of the replacement glasses. School glasses replacement will be organized by the intervention team, once informed by the school. Number of replacement glasses will be monitored by the developer.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Benefits: Children will receive glasses if they are required.

Risks: None expected.

Where is the study run from?

1. Bradford Institute for Health Research, UK
2. Centre for Applied Education Research, UK
3. University of Nottingham, UK

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

June 2019 to May 2021

Who is funding the study?

Education Endowment Foundation, UK

Who is the main contact?

Prof. Roisin Corcoran

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<https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/projects-and-evaluation/projects/glasses-in-classes/>

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Scientific

### Contact name

Prof Roisin Corcoran

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# Additional identifiers

## Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

## Integrated Research Application System (IRAS)

253681

## ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

## Protocol serial number

IRAS 253681; CPMS 41579

# Study information

## Scientific Title

Glasses in classes: A cluster-randomised controlled trial to evaluate the effects of a school-based intervention to improve academic achievement, visual acuity, and adherence to glasses wear in young children in a disadvantaged multi-ethnic community

## Acronym

GiC

## Study objectives

1. What is the impact on the reading achievement (letter-word identification) of pupils in reception classes participating in Glasses in Classes as opposed to participating in a business-as-usual control group?
2. What is the impact on the mathematics and reading achievement (word attack) of pupils in reception classes participating in Glasses in Classes as opposed to participating in a business-as-usual control group?
3. What is the impact of Glasses in Classes in comparison to business-as-usual control group on student mathematics and reading achievement among pupils eligible for FSM (defined as any student who has ever been classified as in receipt of free school meals)?
4. What is the impact on the visual acuity of pupils in reception classes participating in Glasses in Classes as opposed to participating in a business-as-usual control group?

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

1. Approved 07/05/2019, NHS Bradford Teaching Hospitals Foundation Trust (Health Research Authority, Yorkshire & The Humber - Bradford Leeds Research Ethics Committee, NHSBT Newcastle Blood Donor Centre Holland Drive, Newcastle upon Tyne, NE2 4NQ, UK; +44(0)2071048083; nrescommittee.yorkandhumber-bradfordleeds@nhs.net), ref: 19/YH/0124
2. Approved 08/05/2019, University of Nottingham (School of Education Ethics Committee, Dearing Building, Jubilee Campus, Wollaton Road, Nottingham, NG8 1BB, UK; +44 (0)115 846 8405; educationresearchethics@nottingham.ac.uk), ref: 2019/24

## **Study design**

Interventional cluster randomized controlled trial

## **Primary study design**

Interventional

## **Study type(s)**

Treatment

## **Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Vision requiring correction

## **Interventions**

Interventional cluster randomised controlled trial involving reception year children in primary schools in Bradford. Randomisation is at school-level and target is 100 schools (50 treatment = T; 50 control = C) with each school providing close to full two reception classes of approximately 27 pupils per class. All reception pupils (2019–2020) in both treatment and control schools will undergo vision screening assessment, but only a sub-sample of pupils (~15%) who fail the vision screening assessment will be included in the intention-to-treat (ITT) analysis and contribute to the pre- and posttests. Baseline reading and mathematics achievement for pupils in reception classes will be assessed in autumn 2019, prior random assignment. Posttest will be administered in spring 2020. The ITT sample will include the pupils in reception classes in 2019, who are enrolled in the intervention schools at the point of random assignment. Pupils not enrolled at the point of random assignment are considered joiners. The final analysis sample will exclude the joiners, but they will receive the intervention as usual.

Schools are randomised into treatment and control using simple randomisation.

## **Intervention Type**

Other

## **Primary outcome(s)**

Reading achievement measured using Letter-Word Identification sub-scale from the Woodcock-Johnson IV at baseline (autumn 2019) and follow up (Spring 2020)

## **Key secondary outcome(s)**

1. Reading achievement measured using Word Attack sub-scale from the Woodcock-Johnson IV at baseline (autumn 2019) and follow up (Spring 2020)
2. Reading achievement measured using Applied Problems from the Woodcock-Johnson IV at baseline (autumn 2019) and follow up (Spring 2020)

## **Completion date**

31/05/2021

# **Eligibility**

## **Key inclusion criteria**

1. Children aged 4-5 years of age
2. Enrolled in reception year in state-funded primary schools based in the Metropolitan area of Bradford, United Kingdom

**Participant type(s)**

Other

**Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

**Age group**

Child

**Lower age limit**

4 years

**Upper age limit**

5 years

**Sex**

All

**Key exclusion criteria**

Joiners (children who joined the class after the start of the study)

**Date of first enrolment**

01/06/2019

**Date of final enrolment**

31/08/2019

**Locations****Countries of recruitment**

United Kingdom

England

**Study participating centre****Bradford Institute for Health Research**

Temple Bank House

Bradford Royal Infirmary

Duckworth Lane

Bradford

United Kingdom

BD9 6RJ

**Study participating centre****Centre for Applied Education Research**

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**Study participating centre**  
**University of Nottingham**  
School of Education  
Jubilee Campus  
Wollaton Road  
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United Kingdom  
NG81BB

## Sponsor information

**Organisation**  
Education Endowment Foundation

## Funder(s)

**Funder type**  
Charity

**Funder Name**  
Education Endowment Foundation

**Alternative Name(s)**  
EducEndowFoundn, The Education Endowment Foundation (EEF), Education Endowment Foundation | London, EEF

**Funding Body Type**  
Private sector organisation

**Funding Body Subtype**  
Trusts, charities, foundations (both public and private)

**Location**  
United Kingdom

# Results and Publications

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the current study will be stored in a non-publically available repository

## IPD sharing plan summary

Stored in repository

## Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">HRA research summary</a>			28/06/2023	No	No
<a href="#">Protocol file</a>		30/09/2019	21/01/2020	No	No
<a href="#">Study website</a>	Study website	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes