

Thinking and memory changes in older people after emergency hospital treatment

Submission date 04/08/2023	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 21/09/2023	Overall study status Ongoing	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 16/06/2025	Condition category Mental and Behavioural Disorders	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

The study aims to understand what causes new or worsened confusion (so-called delirium) in older people, on admission to hospital with an acute illness. We want to understand why some people get delirium in hospital but then recover well or which patients do not recover well from their illness and are at high risk of future problems with memory and thinking (cognitive impairment or dementia) over the next 3 years.

Who can participate?

Older people aged 70 years or above admitted to hospital or same day emergency care (Oxford University Hospitals or Royal Berkshire Foundation Trusts) with an acute illness

What does the study involve?

Collection of clinical information, cognition, frailty and mobility questionnaires and assessments, one blood sample (approx. 20 mls equivalent to 4 teaspoons) and CT brain imaging (OUHFT only) from participants and from their electronic health records while in hospital (baseline). Follow-up will be clinic visits (or home, virtually or by telephone as appropriate) at 3 months, 1 year and 3 years for one hour of further questionnaires and assessments of health status, cognition, frailty and mobility. There would be one further blood sample (20mls) taken at 3 months. An informant (family member or carer) will be identified while the participant is in hospital (someone who knows the participant for at least 10 years) to complete two short questionnaires (IQCODE and Neuropsychiatric Inventory) while the participant is in hospital and again at the 3 year visit.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The benefits for participants include: all study assessments will be added to their electronic health records which may help their direct clinical team with their care. The follow-up provides a health check that normal clinical care may not provide. Participants may gain benefit from participating in greater interaction with researchers and may find the research interesting. With participants permission results of the follow-up assessments may also be provided to their GP that may help with their clinical care. The study is deemed low risk and does not involve any kind of intervention that would carry significant risks to participants' health. There may be a small risk

of becoming anxious during assessments but the research team are experienced in recognising and lessening anxiety. There is the possibility of discomfort/bruising at the site where blood is taken.

Where is the study run from?

Wolfson Centre for Prevention of Stroke and Dementia, Nuffield Department of Clinical Neurosciences, University of Oxford (UK).

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

December 2021 to December 2027

Who is funding the study?

NIHR i4i programme grant (NIHR204290) and John Fell Fund, University of Oxford (No 0012734) (UK)

Who is the main contact?

Professor Sarah Pendlebury, sarah.pendlebury@ndcn.ox.ac.uk

Study website

<https://www.ndcn.ox.ac.uk/research/orchard-study>

Contact information

Type(s)

Principal Investigator

Contact name

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

Nil known

IRAS number

314002

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

Secondary identifying numbers

CPMS 56808, IRAS 314002

Study information

Scientific Title

Oxford and Reading cognitive health after recovery from acute illness and delirium-prospective study

Acronym

ORCHARD-PS

Study objectives

The primary objective is to study multimodal biomarkers (clinical, cognitive, digital, blood, neuroimaging) associated with delirium and subsequent dementia in a consecutive cohort of older hospital patients.

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 13/07/2023, South Central-Berkshire Research Ethics Committee (Health Research Authority, 2 Redman Place, Stratford, London, E20 1JQ, United Kingdom; +44 207 104 8233; berkshire.rec@hra.nhs.uk), ref: 23/SC/0199

Study design

Non-randomized observational cohort study

Primary study design

Observational

Secondary study design

Cohort study

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Other

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Delirium and dementia, acute hospital illness in older people (>70 years)

Interventions

After consenting the participant, the researcher will ask the research questions and administer the thinking and memory tests and mobility assessment. This should take not more than one hour but may need to be performed over more than one researcher visit if there are treatment requirements or the participant becomes fatigued. The researcher will liaise with the ward team to arrange for research bloods to be taken alongside the bloods required as part of routine care where possible.

Clinical records would not be accessed by the research team until informed consent has been given. Additional information, including brain imaging from the patient's electronic record required for completion of the study research questions, will be extracted by the researcher at a convenient time after the patient interview has been completed. This will only be necessary for information recorded in free text form in the EPR since information recorded in categorical or numeric form will be available as part of the data fields in the Oxford Co-morbidity, Frailty and Ageing Research Database (ORCHARD). ORCHARD contains individual EPR data on all Oxford University Hospitals patients aged ≥ 70 years with unplanned admission and includes information on nursing risk assessments (eg falls risk, nutrition), observations, illness severity measures, diagnoses, and mandatory cognitive assessments.

Before discharge, the researcher will arrange for a 3 month follow-up to be done in the out-patient clinic, in person at the patient's home or by telephone where this is not possible. Further follow-up visits will be planned for 1 and 3 years. At the follow-up visits, patients will be administered the study questions, and the thinking and memory tests and mobility assessments will be repeated. Research bloods will be repeated at the 3-month visit. If bloods are not done at 3-months, they can be done at a subsequent follow-up at year-one or year-three.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

- 1.1. Delirium subtype, duration and severity measured using 4AT (Rapid test for delirium), Memorial Delirium Assessment Scale (MDAS), Confusion Assessment Method (CAM), Abbreviated Mental Test Score (AMTS), Observational Study of Arousal (OSLA), Richmond Agitation Scale at baseline
- 1.2. Transient cognitive impairment measured using Abbreviated Mental Test Score (AMTS), Montreal Cognitive Assessment (MoCA) at baseline and 3 months
- 1.3. Dementia and dementia subtype diagnosis according to the DSM-5 criteria (major neurocognitive disorder) and accepted sub-type diagnostic criteria informed by clinical assessment including cognitive and functional assessments at 3 months, 1 and 3 years
- 2.1. Demographics (baseline only) and health factors collected using Electronic Patient Records (EPR) at baseline, 3 months, 1 and 3 years
- 2.2. Acute illness severity measured using EPR at baseline
- 2.3. Frailty measured using Rockwood Clinical Frailty Scale at baseline, 3 months, 1 and 3 years.
- 2.4. Multimorbidity defined by the Charlson index at baseline, 3 months, 1 and 3 years.
- 2.5. Cognitive profile-participant assessment (AMTS, MoCA, OCS-plus) collected at baseline, 3

months, 1 and 3 years.

2.6. Cognitive profile- Informant assessment (Informant Questionnaire on Cognitive Decline in the Elderly (IQCODE), 10-point Neuropsychiatric Inventory) at baseline and 3 years

3. Blood biomarkers collected at baseline and 3 months for inflammatory markers, neurodegeneration markers, genetic profile.

4. Brain imaging at baseline for global and regional atrophy, white matter changes defined using visual rating scales and semi-automated image analysis techniques.

Secondary outcome measures

1.1. Outcome measured using length of stay, readmission within 30-days, and mortality from electronic records and European Quality of Life Score (Euroqol) at 3 months, 1 and 3 years

1.2. Function measured using Hospital Assessment of Balance and Mobility (HABAM), Nottingham Extended Activities of Daily Living (ADL), Timed Up and Go Test (TUG) and modified Rankin Scale (pre-morbid at baseline) at baseline, 3 months, 1 and 3 years

2. Added Value of advanced proton-counting CT brain imaging for quantifying brain atrophy and cerebrovascular disease including small vessel disease

Overall study start date

01/12/2021

Completion date

31/12/2027

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Adult hospital patients aged ≥ 70 years with unplanned admission to OUHFT or RBHFT or assessed in the SDECs

2. Patient is willing and able to give informed consent for participation in the study OR Seek advice from a personal consultee (family member, friend or carer). If a personal consultee is unavailable, advice will be sought from a member of the hospital staff who is not part of the research team (professional consultee)

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

70 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

Planned Sample Size: 550; UK Sample Size: 550

Key exclusion criteria

1. Moribund status
2. Nursing Care home residence
3. Severe dementia with high degree of dependency e.g. bedbound

Date of first enrolment

09/08/2023

Date of final enrolment

31/07/2025

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre

Oxford University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust

John Radcliffe Hospital

Headley Way

Headington

Oxford

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Study participating centre

Royal Berkshire NHS Foundation Trust

Royal Berkshire Hospital

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Sponsor information

Organisation

University of Oxford

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Sponsor type
University/education

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Funder(s)

Funder type
Government

Funder Name
National Institute for Health and Care Research

Alternative Name(s)
National Institute for Health Research, NIHR Research, NIHRresearch, NIHR - National Institute for Health Research, NIHR (The National Institute for Health and Care Research), NIHR

Funding Body Type
Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype
National government

Location
United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan
Planned publication in a high-impact peer-reviewed journal. Dissemination is also planned for interested lay/public involvement groups.

Intention to publish date
01/12/2028

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

At the end of the study and when all results have been published the anonymised research data will be held in a secure repository for data sharing e.g. Dementia Platform UK in line with the University of Oxford and Funders Open data requirements. Data will be held according to the appropriate procedures and data sharing agreements in place and approved researchers may apply to access the data repository according to the agreed protocol.

IPD sharing plan summary

Stored in non-publicly available repository, Available on request

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Protocol article		13/06/2025	16/06/2025	Yes	No