Atorvastatin in polycystic ovary syndrome (PCOS)

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting Overall study status	Prospectively registered		
03/04/2008		[] Protocol		
Registration date		Statistical analysis plan		
09/05/2008	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited 15/07/2019	Condition category Nutritional, Metabolic, Endocrine	Individual participant data		

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s) Scientific

Contact name Prof Stephen Atkin

Contact details

Michael White Diabetes Centre Hull Royal Infirmary 220 - 236 Analby Road Hull United Kingdom HU3 2RZ

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers R0061

Study information

Scientific Title

Effect of atorvastatin on the metabolic syndrome of polycystic ovary syndrome

Acronym

PAT

Study objectives

Atorvastatin improves metabolic syndrome and hyperandrogenaemia in patients with polycystic ovary syndrome (PCOS) compared to placebo.

Ethics approval required Old ethics approval format

..

Ethics approval(s)

Ethics approval received from South Humberside Local Research Ethics Committee on the 5th September 2004 (ref: 04/Q1105/60).

Study design

A double blind placebo controlled parallel study

Primary study design Interventional

Secondary study design Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s) Not specified

Study type(s) Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Polycystic ovary syndrome (PCOS)

Interventions

40 patients with polycystic ovary syndrome will be randomised to: 1. 20 patients treated with atorvastatin 20 mg 2. 20 patients treated placebo

The total duration of the study and follow up is three months.

Intervention Type Drug

Phase

Not Specified

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Atorvastatin

Primary outcome measure Improvement in biochemical hyperandrogenaemia, measured at baseline and after three months.

Secondary outcome measures

Improvement in insulin resistance, measured at baseline and after three months.

Overall study start date 13/07/2006

Completion date 01/05/2008

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. A diagnosis of PCOS was based on Rotterdam criteria

2. Non-classical 21-hydroxylase deficiency, hyperprolactinaemia, and androgen secreting tumours excluded by appropriate tests

3. Subjects were advised not to alter their usual dietary and exercise habits

4. Females aged 18 - 40 years

Participant type(s) Patient

Age group Adult

Lower age limit 18 Years

Upper age limit 40 Years

Sex Female

Target number of participants 40

Total final enrolment 40

Key exclusion criteria

No concurrent illness
Patients not wishing to allow disclosure to their GPs
Patients not on barrier or oral progesterone contraception

Date of first enrolment 13/07/2006

Date of final enrolment 01/05/2008

Locations

Countries of recruitment England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre Michael White Diabetes Centre Hull United Kingdom HU3 2RZ

Sponsor information

Organisation Hull and East Yorkshire Hospital NHS Trust (UK)

Sponsor details

c/o Mrs Nina Dunham Research and Development Manager Research and Development Admin Portacabin Castle Hill Hospital, Castle Road Cottingham Hull England United Kingdom HU16 5JQ

Sponsor type Hospital/treatment centre

Website http://www.hey.nhs.uk/ ROR https://ror.org/01b11x021

Funder(s)

Funder type University/education

Funder Name University of Hull (UK) - Diabetes Endowment Fund

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/01/2012		Yes	No
Results article	results	25/06/2019	15/07/2019	Yes	No