# The Hypertension Optimal Treatment in Children with Chronic Kidney Disease study

Submission date	Recruitment status  No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
16/08/2012		Protocol		
Registration date 16/08/2012	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan		
		[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
24/04/2025	Urological and Genital Diseases			

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Chronic kidney disease (CKD) is a long-term condition where the kidneys do not work effectively. With modern treatments and advancements in dialysis, increasing numbers of children with CKD are surviving through childhood and early adulthood. Thereafter, however, heart disease becomes one of the major causes of death in these young adults. Restoring kidney function by transplantation reduces but does not eliminate this increased risk and arterial disease (narrowing of the arteries) in these adults is likely to relate to preclinical disease developing during childhood. In adult patients with CKD lowering blood pressure has been found to have a beneficial effect on both heart and kidney outcomes, with suitable recommendations from expert groups and international committees. Recommendations for children with CKD differ, with current recommendations to maintain blood pressure within the normal range for the child's age, gender and height. The aim of this study is to determine the relationship between left ventricular mass and hypertrophy (increase in size of the left side of the heart), arterial function and structure with the severity and duration of childhood CKD, and to examine the relationship of these measures to blood pressure. We will also determine whether aggressive blood pressure reduction is effective at normalising left ventricular hypertrophy, arterial function and structure.

### Who can participate?

CKD patients aged 2 to 15 years, and children with normal kidney function and blood pressure attending hospital for an unrelated medical review or the siblings of patients with CKD.

#### What does the study involve?

CKD patients are randomly allocated to either aggressive blood pressure reduction or standard care (maintain blood pressure within the normal range). The differences in left ventricular mass and arterial function and structure are measured after 2 and 4 years.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating? Not provided at time of registration

Where is the study run from? St Thomas's Hospital (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? August 2012 to July 2017

Who is funding the study? British Heart Foundation (UK)

Who is the main contact? Dr Manish Sinha Manish.Sinha@gstt.nhs.uk

## Contact information

#### Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr Manish Sinha

#### Contact details

St Thomas's Hospital 249 Westminster Bridge Road London United Kingdom SE1 7EH

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## Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

**IRAS** number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers 12925

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

The Hypertension Optimal Treatment in Children with Chronic Kidney Disease study: the HOT-KID study - a randomised trial to compare effects of aggressive versus standard targets in blood pressure on target organ damage in children with CKD

#### Acronym

**HOT-KID** 

## Study objectives

The aim of this project is to:

- 1. Determine the association of left ventricular mass and hypertrophy (LVH), arterial function and structure with severity and duration of childhood CKD and to examine the relation of these measures to blood pressure
- 2. Perform a randomised controlled trial to determine whether aggressive blood pressure reduction (below 40th percentile) compared to standard care (between 50th-75th percentile) is effective in normalising left ventricular hypertrophy, arterial function and structure, improves urinary protein excretion
- 3. Establish a cohort of children with CKD to be followed prospectively to determine predictors of progression of CKD, subclinical and clinical cardiovascular disease.

More details can be found here: http://public.ukcrn.org.uk/Search/StudyDetail.aspx? StudyID=12925

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

ref: 10/H0802/13

#### Study design

Randomized interventional trial

#### Primary study design

Interventional

## Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Study setting(s)

Hospital

## Study type(s)

Treatment

## Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Chronic kidney disease

#### **Interventions**

Description: 150 subjects for randomisation and n=150 age matched controls Blood pressure control, Control of clinic systolic blood pressure to target using ACEi therapy as first line agent. Followed up at 5 months

## Intervention Type

Other

#### Phase

#### Primary outcome measure

The differences in LV mass between aggressive and standard treatment groups measured at 2 and 4 years

#### Secondary outcome measures

Differences in cIMT and PWV measured at 2 and 4 years

#### Overall study start date

08/08/2012

### Completion date

31/03/2019

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Aged 2 to 15 years
- 2. Chronic kidney disease with eGFR between 15-90 ml/min/1.73m2 for two consecutive measurements in the last 12 months
- 3. With or without anti-hypertensive/s medications (irrespective of recent change/s in antihypertensive therapy)
- 4. Subjects with average clinic systolic BP <50th percentile and on no antihypertensive medication will be eligible as CONTROL subjects only
- 5. Other CONTROL subjects will include children with normal renal function and blood pressure attending hospital for unrelated medical review or siblings of subjects with CKD
- 6. Male and female participants

## Participant type(s)

Patient

## Age group

Child

#### Lower age limit

2 Years

## Upper age limit

15 Years

#### Sex

Both

## Target number of participants

UK Sample Size: 300

#### Total final enrolment

124

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Age <2 and >15 years
- 2. Subjects who have/had an arterio-venous fistulae
- 3. Subjects who have/had are on dialysis
- 4. Subjects who have/had a functioning kidney transplant
- 5. Patients with symptomatic BP or with past history of difficulty to control BP or
- 6. Patients in whom there is a clinical urgency to treat BP and inclusion in study may result inpossible delay of treatment
- 7. Patients with arrhythmia or clinical heart failure
- 8. Patients with known structural cardiac abnormality
- 9. Subjects on treatment with angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor (ACEi) or angiotensin receptor blocker (ARB) agents for treatment of proteinuria only or
- 10. Subjects who are likely to be of clinical concern following up or down titration of BP levels as described in Appendix 3
- 11. Subjects who are unable or intolerant to performance of study measurements e.g. height, echo or PWV
- 12. Subjects who have/had intolerance to Angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors (ACEi) drug /s or have any existing contraindications

#### Date of first enrolment

08/08/2012

#### Date of final enrolment

24/07/2017

## Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre St Thomas's Hospital London United Kingdom SE1 7EH

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

Guy's and St. Thomas' NHS Foundation Trust (UK)

#### Sponsor details

Thomas Guy House Lambeth Palace Road London England United Kingdom SE1 7EH

#### Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

#### Website

http://www.guysandstthomas.nhs.uk/

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/00j161312

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Charity

#### **Funder Name**

**British Heart Foundation** 

#### Alternative Name(s)

the\_bhf, The British Heart Foundation, BHF

#### **Funding Body Type**

Private sector organisation

#### **Funding Body Subtype**

Trusts, charities, foundations (both public and private)

#### Location

United Kingdom

## **Results and Publications**

## Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

## Intention to publish date

31/12/2020

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

## Not provided at time of registration

**IPD sharing plan summary**Not provided at time of registration

# Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		25/11/2022	29/11/2022	Yes	No
Other publications		21/04/2025	24/04/2025	Yes	No