# The use of bowel relaxant Buscopan® to improve the detection of colonic polyps during colonoscopy

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>		
03/11/2010		☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
17/11/2010	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
22/03/2019	Digestive System			

# Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

# Contact information

## Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr Frank ter Borg

#### Contact details

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# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

BUSCOPAN\_PDR1

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

The influence of hyoscine N-butylbromide on the colonoscopic polyp detection: A prospective, double blind, randomised, placebo-controlled trial

## **Study objectives**

To investigate whether the administration of Buscopan® will improve the detection, removal and harvesting of colonic polyps during colonoscopy.

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

Submission to the Medical Ethics Committee at Isala Klinieken, Zwolle, The Netherlands expected by the end of November 2010

## Study design

Prospective double blind randomised placebo controlled trial

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Study setting(s)

Hospital

## Study type(s)

Screening

## Participant information sheet

1. Patient information form2. Insurance coverage explanation3. Contact addresses of investigator and independent consultant4. Signature form

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Colonoscopy; Colonic polyp; Colorectal carcinoma

#### **Interventions**

Intravenous administration of Buscopan or 0.9% Natriumchloride Solutution (placebo) during colonoscopy.

No further interventions

The duration of the action of Buscopan is only 20 minutes, and in this time colonoscopy will be finished. Data on polyp removal etc will be recorded during colonoscopy. There will be no further follow up, but participants will be informed about the histology of removed polyps in the outpatient department, as per usual practice.

## Intervention Type

Drug

#### **Phase**

Not Applicable

## Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Hyoscine N-butylbromide (Buscopan®)

## Primary outcome measure

The number of colonoscopies during which at least one polyp has been found divided by the total number of colonoscopies

## Secondary outcome measures

1. Polyp detection score

During each colonoscopy the number and shape of the polyps will be recorded.

Polyps < 5 mm will confer 3 points

Polyps 5-10 mm will confer 2 points

Polyps > 10 mm will confer 1 point

Scores will be made for flat / broad based polyps as well as rounded / pedunculated polyps.

## 2. Polyp removal ratio

The number of removed polyps divided by the number of detected polyps

## 3 Pathology retrieval ratio

The number of polyps send for pathological investigation divided by the number of removed polyps

4 Influence of age category

Categories are: 30 - 50 years, 51 70 years and > 70 years.

## 5 Influence of diverticulosis category

Categories are: 1: 0-2 diverticula, 2: 3-10 diverticula, 3: 11-20 diverticula en 4: > 20 diverticula.

6 Influence of the endocopist

## Overall study start date

15/01/2010

## Completion date

15/01/2012

# **Eligibility**

## Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Patients aged 30 years or older
- 2. Able to understand and give informed consent
- 3. Routinely referred for colonoscopy

## Participant type(s)

Patient

## Age group

Adult

## Sex

Both

## Target number of participants

672

## Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Pregnancy
- 2. Myasthenia gravis
- 3. Exacerbation of inflammatory bowel disease
- 4. Suspicion of ongoing diverticulitis
- 5. Expectation of an estimated probability of complete colonoscopy of less than 50%, e.g. by the presence of a stenosis

## Date of first enrolment

15/01/2010

## Date of final enrolment

15/01/2012

# Locations

## Countries of recruitment

Netherlands

# Study participating centre Department of Gastroenterology and Hepatology

Deventer Netherlands 7416 SE

# Sponsor information

## Organisation

Deventer Hospital (Netherlands)

## Sponsor details

Nico Bolkesteinlaan 75 Deventer Netherlands 7416 SE +31 (0)570 535147 Borgtf@dz.nl

## Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

## Website

http://www.dz.nl

## **ROR**

https://ror.org/05w8df681

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

## **Funder Name**

Deventer Hospital (Netherlands)

# **Results and Publications**

## Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

# IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

# Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/04/2012		Yes	No