

# Prophylactic Gabapentin for Prevention of Acute Mountain Sickness: a double blind, randomised, placebo controlled, clinical trial

**Submission date**  
26/02/2007

**Recruitment status**  
No longer recruiting

☐ Prospectively registered

☐ Protocol

**Registration date**  
27/03/2007

**Overall study status**  
Completed

☐ Statistical analysis plan

☒ Results

**Last Edited**  
18/02/2008

**Condition category**  
Injury, Occupational Diseases, Poisoning

☐ Individual participant data

## Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Scientific

### Contact name

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## Additional identifiers

### Protocol serial number

86-01-54-5304

## Study information

Scientific Title

**Acronym**

GPAMS

**Study objectives**

Prophylaxis with gabapentin will slow or stop the progression of Acute Mountain Sickness (AMS) compared to those taking a placebo.

**Ethics approval required**

Old ethics approval format

**Ethics approval(s)**

Approval received from the institutional review board of the Neurology Research Centre, Imam Hospital, Tehran University of Medical Sciences (Iran) on the 11th Januray 2007 (ref: 85-04-54-4708).

**Study design**

Single centre, randomised, parallel group, two-armed, placebo controlled, participants/outcome assessor blinded, clinical trial

**Primary study design**

Interventional

**Study type(s)**

Treatment

**Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Acute mountain sickness

**Interventions**

Treatment group one: gabapentin 600 mg orally; single dose within first two hours of ascent.  
Treatment group two: mono-hydrate lactose (same shape and weight to gabapentin capsules); single dose within first two hours of ascent.

**Intervention Type**

Drug

**Phase**

Not Specified

**Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)**

Gabapentin

**Primary outcome(s)**

1. AMS incidence (Lake Louise acute mountain sickness score of equal or more than three with headache and at least one other symptom)
2. AMS severity (score of five or more)

**Key secondary outcome(s))**

1. Duration of high-altitude headache free phase after prophylaxis initiation
2. Duration of moderate to severe high-altitude headache free phase after prophylaxis

**Completion date**

15/03/2007

## Eligibility

**Key inclusion criteria**

1. Age of 15 to 65 years
2. Ascent to a high altitude of 3500 to 3900 metres above sea level from an altitude of at least 1500 metres using cable cars (within 45 to 90 minutes)
3. Consenting participant
4. May reasonably be expected to complete a 24 hour trial

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

**Age group**

Adult

**Sex**

Not Specified

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Severe cardiac, pulmonary, or liver disease
2. Severely impaired kidney function
3. Current history of alcohol or drug abuse
4. Pregnancy
4. Known allergy to gabapentin
5. Treatment with anticonvulsants or tricyclic antidepressants

**Date of first enrolment**

15/02/2007

**Date of final enrolment**

15/03/2007

## Locations

**Countries of recruitment**

Iran

**Study participating centre**

No. 15, Shabtab Street

Tehran

Iran

19389

## Sponsor information

### Organisation

Tehran University of Medical Sciences (Iran)

### ROR

<https://ror.org/01c4pz451>

## Funder(s)

### Funder type

Industry

### Funder Name

Tehran University of Medical Sciences (Iran)

### Funder Name

Darou Darman Pars Pharmaceuticals (DDP) (Iran)

## Results and Publications

### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

### IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

### Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Results article</a>	Results	01/03/2008		Yes	No