# Randomised Phase I/II Study with Ghrelin versus Placebo for patients with cancer-related Anorexia/Cachexia

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>		
08/07/2005		Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
12/09/2005	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
07/01/2020	Cancer			

# Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

# Contact information

## Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr Florian Strasser

#### Contact details

Oncology and Palliative Medicine Section Oncology/Haematology Dept. Internal Medicine Cantonal Hospital St.Gallen Switzerland 9007

# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

**Secondary identifying numbers** SG 242/03

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Randomised Phase I/II Study with Ghrelin versus Placebo for patients with cancer-related Anorexia/Cachexia

#### Acronym

Ghrelin

#### Study objectives

Ghrelin is a safe new treatment option in patients with advanced cancer and involuntary loss of weight and appetite.

# Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

#### Study design

Randomised controlled trial

#### Primary study design

Interventional

## Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Study setting(s)

Hospital

# Study type(s)

Treatment

#### Participant information sheet

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Cancer-related anorexia/cachexia

#### **Interventions**

Ghrelin intravenous versus placebo.

#### Intervention Type

Drug

#### Phase

**Not Specified** 

## Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

#### Ghrelin

#### Primary outcome measure

- 1. Safety of parenteral Ghrelin administered in patients with advanced cancer suffering from the anorexia/cachexia syndrome
- 2. Qualitative and quantitative toxicities

#### Secondary outcome measures

Symptomatic effect of parenteral Ghrelin on appetite, other anorexia/cachexia related symptoms, and health-related quality-of-life (HRQOL) in patients with advanced cancer suffering from the anorexia/cachexia syndrome.

Effect of parenteral Ghrelin on nutritional intake and food preferences.

#### Overall study start date

01/03/2004

#### Completion date

01/09/2005

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

Patients with any type of advanced, incurable cancer, not requiring new or not being on antineoplastic treatment during the study period, with weight loss (>2% 2 months or >5% 6 months) and anorexia (VAS >3) will be eligible.

#### Participant type(s)

Patient

#### Age group

**Not Specified** 

#### Sex

**Not Specified** 

#### Target number of participants

20

#### Total final enrolment

21

#### Key exclusion criteria

Severe structural barriers in the upper gastrointestinal tract, bowel obstruction.

#### Date of first enrolment

01/03/2004

#### Date of final enrolment

01/09/2005

# **Locations**

#### Countries of recruitment

Switzerland

Study participating centre Oncology and Palliative Medicine St.Gallen Switzerland 9007

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

Kantonsspital St. Gallen [St Gallen Cantonal Hospital]

### Sponsor details

Oncology/Haematology Dept Internal Medicine Cantonal Hospital Rorschacherstrasse St.Gallen Switzerland 9007

#### Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/00gpmb873

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

Industry

#### **Funder Name**

Pilot Grant Swiss Institute for Applied Cancer REsearch; REsearch Grant OncoSuisse; Cancer League Eastern Switzerland; ALTANA Prize; Gastrotech DK

# **Results and Publications**

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

# IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

# **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	29/01/2008	07/01/2020	Yes	No