Does use of a daily muscle stretch regime prevent development contractures and muscle stiffness in stroke patients?

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
30/09/2005		☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
30/09/2005	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited 07/04/2010	Condition category Circulatory System	[] Individual participant data		

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

- 1. To evaluate the effectiveness of a daily stretch regime in the prevention of muscle stiffness and contracture in the affected arm of patients following stroke
- 2. To evaluate the acceptability and compliance of a new ward based stretch regime
- 3. To gain a better understanding of the natural history of the development of muscle stiffness and its relation to reflex hyperexcitability

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Stroke

Interventions

Randomised controlled trial:

- 1. To evaluate the effectiveness of a daily stretch regime in the prevention of muscle stiffness and contracture in the affected arm of patients following stroke
- 2. To evaluate the acceptability and compliance of a new ward based stretch regime
- 3. To gain a better understanding of the natural history of the development of muscle stiffness and its relation to reflex hyperexcitability

In addition to usual care, subjects in the experimental group were prescribed two 30-min stretches for wrist and finger flexors and two 30-min stretches targeting shoulder adductors and

internal rotators, per day for up to 12 weeks post stroke. Stretches were carried out by therapists and nursing staff.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome measure

Measured at four, eight and twelve weeks after stroke:

- 1. Range of movement
- 2. Resistance to passive movement
- 3. Pain
- 4. Motor recovery
- 5. Activities of Daily Living (ADL)

Secondary outcome measures

No secondary outcome measures

Overall study start date

01/01/2001

Completion date

31/12/2003

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

200 adults over 18, mostly elderly.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Other

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

200

Key exclusion criteria

Not provided at time of registration

Date of first enrolment

01/01/2001

Date of final enrolment

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre
Burden Neurological Institute
Bristol
United Kingdom
BS16 1ND

Sponsor information

Organisation

Department of Health

Sponsor details

Richmond House 79 Whitehall London United Kingdom SW1A 2NL +44 (0)20 7307 2622 dhmail@doh.gsi.org.uk

Sponsor type

Government

Website

http://www.dh.gov.uk/Home/fs/en

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

North Bristol NHS Trust (UK)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/09/2005		Yes	No