

Transatlantic registry of type A aortic dissection

Submission date	Recruitment status	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
22/10/2025	Recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
29/12/2025	Ongoing	<input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited	Condition category	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
29/12/2025	Circulatory System	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Acute Stanford type A aortic dissection (TAAD) is a life-threatening condition. Surgery is usually performed as an emergency or salvage procedure and is associated with increased postoperative early mortality and morbidity. Although early mortality has declined over the last years, it remains significant in Western countries. The Nordic Consortium for Acute Type A Aortic Dissection registry, including 1189 patients operated on from 2005 to 2015 in 8 centers showed that 30-day mortality after surgery for acute TAAD was 18%. The multicenter, prospective German Registry for Acute Aortic Dissection Type A, including 2137 TAAD patients operated from 2006 and 2010, documented a 30-day mortality of 16.9%. A more recent analysis of the Society of Thoracic Surgeons database, including 7353 patients operated on from 2014 and 2017 for acute TAAD, reported a 30-day mortality of 17%. Furthermore, surgery for TAAD is often complicated by major adverse events such as stroke and acute kidney failure, which may have a significant impact on late survival. In this scenario of significant postoperative mortality and morbidity, surgeons face the controversial issue of the extent of surgical repair for acute TAAD by avoiding a major surgical repair with its possible increased risk of early adverse events. However, limited aortic repair may expose the patient to the risk of late complications at the level of the aortic root, the aortic arch and/or the downstream aorta. We planned the multicenter Transatlantic Registry of Type A Aortic Dissection (TARTAAD) for a thorough evaluation of the early and late outcomes of acute TAAD after different surgical and perfusion strategies in patients operated at several European and North American cardiac surgery centers.

Who can participate?

Adult patients aged >18 years with TAAD or intramural hematoma involving the aortic root /ascending aorta; symptoms started within 7 days before surgery; primary surgical repair of acute TAAD; any other major cardiac surgical procedure concomitant with surgery for TAAD.

What does the study involve?

Patients who underwent surgical repair for acute TAAD.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

There are no known benefits or risks to participants.

Where is the study run from?

This is a multicenter study. The sponsor center is the Helsinki University Hospital, Helsinki, Finland.

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

March 2025 to February 2026

Who is funding the study?

Helsinki University Central Hospital, Finland

Who is the main contact?

1. Fausto Biancari, MD, PhD, fausto.biancari@hus.fi

2. Tuu Juvonen, MD, PhD, tuu.juvonen@hus.fi

Contact information

Type(s)

Public, Scientific

Contact name

Dr Fausto Biancari

ORCID ID

<https://orcid.org/0000-0001-5028-8186>

Contact details

Heart and Lung Center,
Helsinki University Hospital,
Haartmaninkatu 4
Helsinki
Finland
00029
+393474837339
fausto.biancari@hus.fi

Type(s)

Principal investigator

Contact name

Prof Tuu Juvonen

ORCID ID

<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-9934-756X>

Contact details

Heart and Lung Center,
Helsinki University Hospital,
Haartmaninkatu 4
Helsinki
Finland
00029

+358504080562
tatu.juvonen@hus.fi

Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

Nil known

Integrated Research Application System (IRAS)

363388

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

Protocol serial number

Nil known

Study information

Scientific Title

Transatlantic registry of Type A aortic dissection

Acronym

TARTAAD

Study objectives

Primary objective: to identify the predictors influencing early and late mortality in TAAD patients undergoing open heart surgery

Secondary objectives: to elucidate and identify predictors of:

- 1) Re-exploration for bleeding
- 2) Cerebrovascular accident
- 3) Surgical site infection
- 4) Blood transfusion
- 5) Acute kidney injury
- 6) Length of intensive care unit (ICU) stay
- 7) Length of hospital stay
- 8) Reoperation after hospital discharge
- 9) Late survival
- 10) Rate of late re-intervention

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval required

Ethics approval(s)

approved 16/05/2025, Helsinki University Hospital (Marjaniementie 74, liris-keskus, Helsinki, PL 200, 00029 HUS, Finland; +358504287837; kirjaamo@hus.fi), ref: HUS/95/2025

Study design

Retrospective observational multicenter cohort study registry

Primary study design

Observational

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Type A aortic dissection

Interventions

Patients included in this registry are those who underwent surgery for type A aortic dissection. Surgical repair of this severe condition is the only treatment available to prevent aortic rupture. Surgery consists of resection and replacement with a vascular prosthesis of the ascending aorta as well as the aortic root and/or the aortic arch. Surgical treatment was performed in university and non-university cardiac surgery units. Since the delay from the onset of symptoms to surgical treatment may increase the risk of further extension of the dissection to the aortic branches or may lead to aortic rupture, emergency surgery is usually performed in these patients. The extension of aortic repair may depend on the site and extent of the aortic tear and may vary according to institutional and individual surgeon's policy. The type of aortic repair might have varied during the study period, and we expect that a policy of more extensive aortic repair has been pursued during the last years. The duration of observation of this study is 14 years (from January 2010 to December 2024) and the duration of follow-up is 16 years (from May 2010 to February 2026).

Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

Primary outcome(s)

1. Mortality measured using hospital records, national database and/or contacting patients, their relatives or general practitioners, until the last follow-up control
2. Reoperation on any segment of the aorta for aortic dissection or its related complications, measured using hospital records, national database and/or contacting patients, their relatives or general practitioners, until the last follow-up control

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Stroke or global brain ischemia measured using hospital records during the index hospital stay
2. Acute kidney injury measured using hospital records during the index hospital stay
3. Surgical site infection measured using hospital records during the index hospital stay
4. Reoperation for bleeding measured using hospital records during the index hospital stay
5. Blood transfusion measured using hospital records during the index hospital stay
6. Paraplegia/paraparesis measured using hospital records during the index hospital stay

Completion date

28/02/2026

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. Type A aortic dissection or intramural hematoma involving the aortic root/ascending aorta
2. Patients aged >18 years

3. Symptoms started within 7 days before surgery
4. Primary surgical repair of acute TAAD
5. Any other major cardiac surgical procedure concomitant with surgery for TAAD

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Mixed

Lower age limit

18 years

Upper age limit

100 years

Sex

All

Total final enrolment

10000

Key exclusion criteria

1. Patients aged < 18 years
2. Onset of symptoms > 7 days from surgery
3. Prior procedure for TAAD
4. Type non-A non-B aortic dissection
5. Retrograde TAAD (with primary tear located in descending aorta)
6. Concomitant endocarditis
7. TAAD secondary to blunt or penetrating chest trauma

Date of first enrolment

16/05/2025

Date of final enrolment

28/02/2026

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Belgium

Czech Republic

Finland

France

Germany

Hungary

Italy

Netherlands

Spain

United States of America

Study participating centre

Oxford University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust

John Radcliffe Hospital

Headley Way

Headington

Oxford

England

OX3 9DU

Study participating centre

The Glenfield Surgery

111 Station Road

Glenfield

Leicester

England

LE3 8GS

Study participating centre

Liverpool Heart and Chest Hospital NHS Foundation Trust

Thomas Drive

Liverpool

England

L14 3PE

Study participating centre

University Hospital Southampton NHS Foundation Trust

Southampton General Hospital

Tremona Road

Southampton
England
SO16 6YD

Study participating centre

University Hospitals Plymouth NHS Trust
Derriford Hospital
Derriford Road
Derriford
Plymouth
England
PL6 8DH

Study participating centre

Royal Papworth Hospital NHS Foundation Trust
Papworth Road
Cambridge Biomedical Campus
Cambridge
England
CB2 0AY

Study participating centre

Guys and St Thomas' NHS Foundation Trust
249 Westminster Bridge Road
London
England
SE1 7EH

Study participating centre

Helsinki University Hospital
Haartmaninkatu 4
Helsinki
Finland
00029

Study participating centre

University Heart and Vascular Center Hamburg
Martinistraße 52
Hamburg
Germany
20251

Study participating centre

Erasmus Medical Center

Wytemaweg 80

Rotterdam

Netherlands

3015

Study participating centre

University Hospital Cologne

Kerpener Str. 62

Köln

Germany

50937

Study participating centre

Cabrol University Hospital

Rue du Général Koenig

Reims

France

51100

Study participating centre

Dijon University Hospital

14 Rue Gaffarel

Dijon

France

21079

Study participating centre

Ospedale di Circolo di Varese

Viale Borri 57

Varese

Italy

21100

Study participating centre

Martin Luther University Halle-Wittenberg

Universitätsplatz 10

Halle
Germany
06108

Study participating centre
LMU University Hospital, Ludwig Maximilian University
Geschwister-Scholl-Platz 1
Munich
Germany
80539

Study participating centre
Hospital Clínic de Barcelona, University of Barcelona
Carrer de Villarroel 170
Barcelona
Spain
08036

Study participating centre
Charles University's 3rd Faculty of Medicine and University Hospital Kralovske Vinohrady
Srobarova 1150
Prague
Czech Republic
10034

Study participating centre
Azienda Sanitaria Universitaria Giuliano Isontina
Via Giacomo Puccini 50
Trieste
Italy
34148

Study participating centre
Masarykova nemocnice
Sociální péče 3316
Ústí nad Labem-Severní
Czech Republic
40011

Study participating centre
University Hospital Muenster
Albert-Schweitzer-Campus 1
Muenster
Germany
48149

Study participating centre
University Hospital Gregorio Marañón
Calle del Dr. Esquerdo 46
Madrid
Spain
28007

Study participating centre
Kuopio University Hospital
Puijonlaaksontie 2
Kuopio
Finland
70210

Study participating centre
Turku University Hospital
Kiinamyllynkatu 4-8
Turku
Finland
20520

Study participating centre
University of Cincinnati College of Medicine
3230 Eden Ave
Cincinnati
United States of America
OH 45267

Study participating centre
Westchester Medical Center
100 Woods Rd
Valhalla
United States of America
NY 10595

Study participating centre

Henry Ford Hospital

2799 W Grand Blvd

Detroit

United States of America

48202

Study participating centre

Azienda Ospedaliera Universitaria Integrata Verona

Piazzale Aristide Stefani 1

Verona

Italy

37126

Study participating centre

Cliniques Universitaire Saint Luc

Av. Hippocrate 10

Bruxelles

Belgium

1200

Study participating centre

Maastricht University Medical Centre (MUMC+)

P. Debyelaan 25

Maastricht

Netherlands

6229 HX

Study participating centre

University Hospital Puerta de Hierro

C. Joaquín Rodrigo

Madrid

Spain

28222

Study participating centre

University Medical Center Mainz

Langenbeckstraße 1

Mainz
Germany
55131

Study participating centre
Semmelweis University's Heart and Vascular Center
Gaál József street 9-11
Budapest
Hungary
1122

Study participating centre
Aachen University Hospital
Pauwelsstraße 30
Aachen
Germany
52074

Sponsor information

Organisation
Helsinki University Hospital

ROR
<https://ror.org/02e8hzf44>

Funder(s)

Funder type
Hospital/treatment centre

Funder Name
Helsingin ja Uudenmaan Sairaanhoidopiiri

Alternative Name(s)
Helsinki University Central Hospital, HUS

Funding Body Type
Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Local government

Location

Finland

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not expected to be made available

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes
Protocol file		01/05/2025	23/10/2025	No	No
Protocol file			30/10/2025	No	No