

# A phase I/II randomised control study of OGT 918 in patients with Niemann-Pick type C disease

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<b>Registration date</b> 26/07/2007	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Last Edited</b> 02/10/2014	<b>Condition category</b> Nervous System Diseases	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
		<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

**Plain English summary of protocol**  
Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

**Type(s)**  
Scientific

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## Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS number**

**IRAS number**

**ClinicalTrials.gov number**  
NCT00517153

## Secondary identifying numbers

OGT 918-007

# Study information

## Scientific Title

## Study objectives

Niemann-Pick type C disease is an inherited neurodegenerative disorder characterised by an intracellular lipid-trafficking defect with secondary accumulation of glycosphingolipids (GSLs).

The purpose of the study was to evaluate the effects of miglustat (OGT 918) as a treatment for Niemann-Pick type C disease in adult, juvenile and paediatric patients over a 24-month treatment period. We hypothesised that patients in the treatment group would show slower rates of decline or stabilisation in one or more markers of the disease compared to the standard care group.

The study was initially supported by Oxford GlycoSciences, the original manufacturer of miglustat (OGT 918). During the study the sponsor changed from Oxford GlycoSciences, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Celltech R&D Ltd, to Actelion Pharmaceuticals Ltd.

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

1. Centre 1: Salford and Trafford LREC, 24/12/2001, ref: 01266
2. Centre 2: Institutional Review Board of Columbia Presbyterian Medical Centre, 05/04/2002, ref: 14413

## Study design

Randomised controlled intervention study conducted at two centres

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Study setting(s)

Not specified

## Study type(s)

Treatment

## Participant information sheet

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Niemann-Pick type C disease

## **Interventions**

Patients in the juvenile/adult group (12 years or older) were randomised in a 2:1 ratio to either miglustat 200 mg three times daily orally (p.o.) for 12 months or standard symptomatic care (no study drug) as a control group.

Both miglustat-treated and standard care groups received other concomitant medications for standard indications throughout the study. All children received miglustat in a dose adjusted according to Body Surface Area (BSA).

Patients were assessed one week after commencing miglustat therapy and monthly thereafter with dose modification as clinically indicated.

## **Intervention Type**

Drug

## **Phase**

Phase I/II

## **Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)**

Miglustat (OGT 918)

## **Primary outcome measure**

Primary efficacy endpoint: change from baseline in Horizontal Saccadic Eye Movement (HSEM)-alpha (a measure of HSEM velocity) at 12 months or last available value

## **Secondary outcome measures**

Secondary efficacy endpoints:

1. HSEM-beta
2. Assessments of swallowing (at screening and months 6 and 12; the assessor evaluated the patient's swallowing ability with prespecified substances, using a five-degree category scale from 'no problems of swallowing' to 'could not swallow the substance at all')
3. Auditory acuity (part of neurological examination at screening and months 3, 6, 9 and 12)
4. Ambulatory ability (standard ambulation index; part of neurological examination at screening and months 3, 6, 9 and 12)
5. Cognition (Mini Mental Status Examination [MMSE]; at screening and months 3, 6, 9, 12)

## **Overall study start date**

01/03/2003

## **Completion date**

30/04/2004

## **Eligibility**

### **Key inclusion criteria**

1. Juveniles and adults (12 years and over) and paediatric patients aged 4 - 11 years
2. Patients with Niemann-Pick type C disease confirmed by reduced cholesterol esterification and abnormal filipin staining in cultured fibroblasts
3. Capable of cooperating with physical examination and other testing

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Age group**

Other

**Sex**

Both

**Target number of participants**

41

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Clinically significant diarrhoea (greater than three liquid stools per day for more than 7 days without definable cause) within 3 months before enrolment
2. Significant gastrointestinal disorders or other intercurrent illnesses

**Date of first enrolment**

01/03/2003

**Date of final enrolment**

30/04/2004

**Locations****Countries of recruitment**

United Kingdom

United States of America

**Study participating centre**

**Division of Pediatric Neurology**

New York

United States of America

NY 10032

**Sponsor information****Organisation**

Actelion Pharmaceuticals Ltd (Switzerland)

**Sponsor details**

c/o Dr Cynthia Calabresse

Gewerbestrasse 16

Allschwil

Switzerland  
4123

**Sponsor type**  
Industry

**Website**  
<http://www.actelion.com/>

**ROR**  
<https://ror.org/001yedb91>

## Funder(s)

**Funder type**  
Industry

**Funder Name**  
Actelion Pharmaceuticals Ltd (Switzerland)

## Results and Publications

**Publication and dissemination plan**  
Not provided at time of registration

**Intention to publish date**

**Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**

**IPD sharing plan summary**  
Not provided at time of registration

### Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Results article</a>	results	01/09/2007		Yes	No