# Clinical wear and incidence of temporomandibular disorders among complete denture patients

Submission date 21/02/2016	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered
		Protocol
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
05/03/2016	Completed	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
04/03/2016	Oral Health	<ul><li>Record updated in last year</li></ul>

# Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

False teeth (dentures) are mainly made from two types of material: acrylic resin and porcelain. Wearing complete dentures may cause temporomandibular disorder (TMD). TMD is a problem affecting the chewing muscles and the joints between the jaw and the skull, which can cause pain and difficulties eating. This study aims to assess the role of clinical wear in the incidence of TMD among patients with acrylic resin and porcelain complete dentures.

Who can participate?

Patients requiring complete dentures.

What does the study involve?

Participants are randomly allocated into two groups. One group receives upper and lower complete dentures with teeth made of acrylic resin. The other group receives upper and lower complete dentures with teeth made of porcelain. Both groups are followed up after 6, 12, 18 and 24 months for assessment of clinical wear and incidence of TMD.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Participants will benefit from receiving dentures and continuous clinical follow up. The results of the study will improve our knowledge of the causes of TMD and provide a basis for developing a new artificial teeth material.

Where is the study run from? University of Khartoum (Sudan)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? January 2014 to January 2016

Who is funding the study? Albaha University (Saudi Arabia) Who is the main contact? Prof. Khalid Arafa drkhalidarafa@yahoo.com

# **Contact information**

# Type(s)

Scientific

### Contact name

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Public

## Contact name

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# Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

**IRAS** number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

N/A

# Study information

Scientific Title

Effect of clinical wear in incidence of temporomandibular disorders among complete denture patients: a randomized clinical trial

# Study objectives

Clinical wear of denture teeth is usually expected in patients after years of denture use. Posterior teeth seemed to be more affected by food abrasion. Development of facets in the anterior teeth due to attrition (tooth to tooth contact) usually occurs. A positive relationship has been found between the duration of complete denture wearing and the incidence of temporomandibular disorder (TMD).

The aim of this study is to determine the effects of clinical wear on the incidence of temporomandibular disorders among complete denture patients.

# Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

# Ethics approval(s)

Technical and ethical committee at University of Khartoum, 01/01/2014

# Study design

Randomized clinical trial, parallel arm design

# Primary study design

Interventional

# Secondary study design

Randomised parallel trial

# Study setting(s)

Hospital

# Study type(s)

Treatment

# Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Temporomandibular disorder

### **Interventions**

The patients who agreed to participate in this study were assigned randomly using random table numbers into two groups:

Group 1 (intervention group) patients received upper and lower complete dentures with teeth made of heat cure acrylic resin (Meliodent- Bayer dental, Germany batch no 54105L-2). Group 2 (control group) patients received upper and lower complete dentures with teeth made of porcelain (dent supply, Germany batch no 43105L-1).

The patients were followed up for two years at 6, 12, 18 and 24 months for assessment of clinical wear and incidence of TMD.

# **Intervention Type**

Procedure/Surgery

# Primary outcome measure

Clinical wear measured using computerized imaging measuring system at 6, 12, 18 and 24 months

# Secondary outcome measures

Incidence of TMD measured using Helkimo clinical dysfunction index at 6, 12, 18 and 24 months

# Overall study start date

01/01/2014

# Completion date

05/01/2016

# **Eligibility**

# Key inclusion criteria

Edentulous patients in need of complete dentures

# Participant type(s)

Patient

# Age group

Senior

### Sex

Both

# Target number of participants

64

# Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Patients with severe malocclusion
- 2. Patients with systematic diseases affecting the temporomandibular joint like generalized fibromyaligia, rheumatoid arthritis or post-traumatic stress disorder

## Date of first enrolment

15/01/2014

# Date of final enrolment

01/12/2015

# Locations

# Countries of recruitment

Sudan

# Study participating centre Faculty of Dentistry, University of Khartoum Khartoum Sudan 00249

# Sponsor information

# Organisation

Albaha University (Saudi Arabia)

# Sponsor details

Al-Baha Al-Baha Saudi Arabia 00966

# Sponsor type

Government

### **ROR**

https://ror.org/0403jak37

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

University/education

### **Funder Name**

Albaha University (Saudi Arabia)

# **Results and Publications**

# Publication and dissemination plan

The study is currently under process of publication in one of the dentistry international journals. It will include results and main findings from this study. The published article will be announced for all dentistry specialist and students.

# Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

# **IPD sharing plan summary** Available on request