A randomised comparison of single agent carboplatin with radiotherapy for stage I seminoma of the testis following orchidectomy

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered	
06/04/2000		☐ Protocol	
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan	
06/04/2000	Completed	[X] Results	
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data	
07/07/2014	Cancer		

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Prof T Oliver

Contact details

Medical Oncology Department St Bartholomews Hospital West Smithfield London United Kingdom EC1A 7BE

Additional identifiers

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT) NCT00003014

Protocol serial number

TE19

Study information

Scientific Title

Study objectives

- 1. To determine whether relapse rates are equivalent in patients with Stage 1 seminoma testis treated with either adjuvant radiotherapy or with single agent carboplatin at a dose of AUC 7 [7 \times (GFR + 25)]
- 2. To document symptoms and aspects of quality of life before and after treatment, and to compare the acute and intermediate (1-2 year) side-effects of treatment using a diary card and EORTC QLQ-C30 together with a developmental testicular tumour questionnaire
- 3. To collect data on the incidence of late side-effects of treatment (such as bowel dysfunction) and second malignancies (the latter in parallel with an ongoing retrospective study of 2nd malignancies in such patients)

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Testicular cancer

Interventions

- 1. One group receives radiotherapy following orchidectomy
- 2. The other group receives single agent carboplatin

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Specified

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Carboplatin

Primary outcome(s)

Time to relapse. Survival is expected to approach 100%

Key secondary outcome(s))

Quality of life, side effects (acute and late)

Completion date

13/06/2000

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Histologically confirmed seminomatous germ cell tumour of the testis which is classified either as classical or anaplastic (NB patients with combined teratoma/seminoma and spermatocytic seminoma are excluded)
- 2. Stage 1 disease:
- 2.1. No evidence of metastatic disease on clinical examination
- 2.2. Normal chest X-ray
- 2.3. Normal chest, abdominal and pelvic CT scan
- 2.4. Normal serum tumour markers (AFP, HCG). Raised HCG pre-orchidectomy does not render a patient ineligible, but a raised AFP does
- 3. Patients with primary tumour pathologically staged pT1/ pT2/ pT3 are eligible except those with involvement of the cut end of the spermatic cord
- 4. Patients with previous inguino-pelvic or scrotal surgery have to be treated with dog leg field if randomised to radiotherapy
- 5. The interval between orchidectomy and randomisation should not exceed 8 weeks
- 6. No co-existant or previously treated malignant disease, except treated non-melanotic skin cancer
- 7. No medical condition or other factor preventing adherence to the study schedule and follow-up
- 8. Consent to be randomised into the proposed study
- 9. Glomerular filtration rate >40 ml/min

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Male

Key exclusion criteria

Does not meet inclusion criteria

Date of first enrolment

13/06/1996

Date of final enrolment

13/06/2000

Locations

Countries of recruitment United Kingdom England Australia

Austria

Belgium

Bosnia and Herzegovina

Denmark

France

Israel

Italy

Netherlands

New Zealand

Norway

Poland

Russian Federation

Study participating centre
Medical Oncology Department
London
United Kingdom
EC1A 7BE

Sponsor information

Organisation

Medical Research Council (MRC) (UK)

Funder(s)

Funder type

Research council

Funder Name

Medical Research Council (MRC) (UK)

Alternative Name(s)

Medical Research Council (United Kingdom), UK Medical Research Council, MRC

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/07/2005	Yes	No
Results article	results	10/03/2011	Yes	No
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025 11/11/2025	No	Yes