

# Does the use of a lower lumbar interspace for spinal anesthesia affect the efficacy of the block and maternal satisfaction?

<b>Submission date</b> 30/09/2004	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered
		<input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 30/09/2004	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan
		<input type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 01/05/2015	<b>Condition category</b> Pregnancy and Childbirth	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data
		<input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

## Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Scientific

### Contact name

Dr Philip Moore

### Contact details

Anaesthetic Department: Labour Ward  
Birmingham Women's Hospital  
Edgbaston  
Birmingham  
United Kingdom  
B15 2TH

## Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

N0047129269

# Study information

## Scientific Title

Does the use of a lower lumbar interspace for spinal anesthesia affect the efficacy of the block and maternal satisfaction?

## Study objectives

To find out whether spinal anaesthesia at the perceived L4-5 interspace is just as efficacious as that performed at the usual perceived L3-4 interspace, both clinically and for maternal satisfaction.

## Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

## Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

## Study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Primary study design

Interventional

## Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

## Study setting(s)

Hospital

## Study type(s)

Treatment

## Participant information sheet

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Pregnancy and Childbirth: Anaesthesia

## Interventions

Each volunteer will undergo normal clinical practice with the exception of random allocation to either the L3-4 or L4-5 interspace for insertion of spinal anesthetic. They will also be required to fill out a satisfaction questionnaire the day after delivery.

## Intervention Type

Drug

## Phase

Not Applicable

## Primary outcome measure

That spinal anaesthesia at the perceived L4/5 interspace is just as efficacious as that performed at the perceived L3-4 interspace, both clinically and for maternal satisfaction.

**Secondary outcome measures**

Not provided at time of registration

**Overall study start date**

30/06/2003

**Completion date**

30/07/2004

## Eligibility

**Key inclusion criteria**

60 volunteers. All of whom will be having an elective caesarean under spinal anaesthesia and do not have any significant medical problems.

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Age group**

Adult

**Sex**

Female

**Target number of participants**

60

**Key exclusion criteria**

Not provided at time of registration

**Date of first enrolment**

30/06/2003

**Date of final enrolment**

30/07/2004

## Locations

**Countries of recruitment**

England

United Kingdom

**Study participating centre**

**Birmingham Women's Hospital**  
Birmingham  
United Kingdom  
B15 2TH

## **Sponsor information**

### **Organisation**

Department of Health

### **Sponsor details**

Richmond House  
79 Whitehall  
London  
United Kingdom  
SW1A 2NL

### **Sponsor type**

Government

### **Website**

<http://www.dh.gov.uk/Home/fs/en>

## **Funder(s)**

### **Funder type**

Government

### **Funder Name**

Birmingham Women's Healthcare NHS Trust (UK)

## **Results and Publications**

### **Publication and dissemination plan**

Not provided at time of registration

### **Intention to publish date**

### **Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**

### **IPD sharing plan summary**

Not provided at time of registration