

Ascorbic Acid in open Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm repair

Submission date 16/10/2008	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 12/11/2008	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 29/07/2015	Condition category Circulatory System	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number
RGHT000396

Study information

Scientific Title
Non-invasive bed-side measurement of systemic endothelial function in patients undergoing abdominal aortic aneurysm repair: modulation by ascorbic acid

Acronym

AAAAA

Study objectives

In adult patients who undergo elective open abdominal aortic aneurysm (AAA) repair, intra-operative treatment with intravenous ascorbic acid improves endothelial function.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Office for Research Ethics Committees Northern Ireland (ORECNI), 19/06/2007, ref: 07/NIR02/12

Study design

Phase II single-centre prospective double-blind randomised placebo-controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Abdominal aortic aneurysm

Interventions

Participants will be randomised to either 2 g intravenous ascorbic acid or placebo (0.9% saline) infusion for intra-operative administration. Total duration of treatment is time taken to administer the infusion of the study drug: 20 minutes. All arms are followed up to hospital discharge.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Phase II

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Ascorbic acid

Primary outcome(s)

Reduction in endothelial dysfunction as measured by plasma von Willebrand Factor (vWF) at four hours post-removal of aortic cross clamp.

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Systemic endothelial function as assessed by:

1.1. Adhesion molecules - soluble intercellular adhesion molecule-1 (sICAM-1), soluble vascular cell adhesion molecule-1 (sVCAM-1), soluble E-Selectin (sE-Selectin), measured pre-operatively and four hours post-removal aortic crossclamp

1.2. Urinary albumin:creatinine ratio (ACR), measured pre-operatively and four hours post-removal aortic crossclamp

1.3. Non-invasive assessment of endothelial function as determined by Pulse Wave Analysis,

measured pre-operatively and four hours post-removal aortic crossclamp

2. Pulmonary endothelial dysfunction as measured by pulmonary dead space fraction, measured at post-intubation and pre-extubation approximately 1 hour post-cross clamp removal

3. Inflammatory response as measured by:

3.1. Highly sensitive C reactive protein (hsCRP), measured pre-operatively and four hours post-removal aortic crossclamp

3.2. Exhaled breath condensate pH, myeloperoxidase, and leukotriene B4, measured at post-intubation and pre-extubation approximately 1 hour post-cross clamp removal

4. Oxidative stress as measured by:

4.1. Serum lipid peroxides, measured pre-operatively and four hours post-removal aortic crossclamp

4.2. Urinary F2 isoprostanes, measured pre-operatively and four hours post-removal aortic crossclamp

4.3. Exhaled breath condensate hydrogen peroxide and 8-isoprostane, measured pre-operatively and four hours post-removal aortic crossclamp

Completion date

01/08/2009

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Adult patients (aged 18 years or over, either sex) admitted for elective open repair of abdominal aortic aneurysm in the Royal Victoria Hospital.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

1. Known history hyperoxaluria or glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase deficiency

2. Prior antioxidant therapy

3. Known allergy to ascorbic acid or agents specified in the standardised anaesthetic protocol

4. Lack of consent

Date of first enrolment

01/01/2008

Date of final enrolment

01/08/2009

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

Northern Ireland

Study participating centre

Royal Victoria Hospital

Belfast

United Kingdom

BT12 6BA

Sponsor information

Organisation

Belfast Health and Social Care Trust (UK)

ROR

<https://ror.org/02tdmfk69>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Research organisation

Funder Name

Vascular Anaesthetic Society Great Britain & Ireland (VASGBI) (UK)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/12/2015		Yes	No
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes