

# A study to investigate the effect of heating and humidifying laparoscopic insufflation gas on post laparoscopic pain

|  |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| <b>Submission date</b><br>12/09/2003   | <b>Recruitment status</b><br>No longer recruiting | <input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered<br><input type="checkbox"/> Protocol                       |
| <b>Registration date</b><br>12/09/2003 | <b>Overall study status</b><br>Completed          | <input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan<br><input type="checkbox"/> Results                       |
| <b>Last Edited</b><br>27/09/2012       | <b>Condition category</b><br>Signs and Symptoms   | <input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data<br><input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year |

## Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

## Contact information

### Type(s)

Scientific

### Contact name

Ms Teresa Doto

### Contact details

Hull and East Yorks Hospital Trust  
The Princess Royal Hospital  
Salhouse Road  
Hull  
United Kingdom  
HU8 9HE

## Additional identifiers

### Protocol serial number

N0084113224

## Study information

### Scientific Title

**Study objectives**

The aim of the study is to find out if women will have less pain after their laparoscopy if the gas used during the operation is not as dry and contains more water.

**Ethics approval required**

Old ethics approval format

**Ethics approval(s)**

Not provided at time of registration

**Study design**

Randomised controlled trial

**Primary study design**

Interventional

**Study type(s)**

Treatment

**Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Signs and Symptoms: Pain

**Interventions**

1. CO2 unheated and unhumified
2. CO2 heated but unhumified
3. CO2 unheated but humified
4. CO2 heated and humified

The surgeon, patient and main researcher will be blinded and only the anaesthetist will be aware of the gas used. In all cases the gas will be collected when the peritoneum is decompressed after surgery and the volume and water content measured as an estimate of water loss.

Post operative pain will be assessed using a visual response scale at 1, 2, 3 h and the evening of the operation and also the first, second and seventh day post laparoscopy. Responses will be requested for pain at the site of the wounds, pain in the pelvis and shoulder tip pain.

**Intervention Type**

Other

**Phase**

Not Specified

**Primary outcome(s)**

Post-operative shoulder tip pain.

**Key secondary outcome(s))**

Analgesia used and the length of time taken to return to normal activities.

**Completion date**

01/12/2005

# Eligibility

## Key inclusion criteria

Women undergoing laparoscopic surgery for sterilisation or tubal patency testing will be given the opportunity to participate in the study. Subjects will be randomly allocated to one of the four groups.

## Participant type(s)

Patient

## Healthy volunteers allowed

No

## Age group

Not Specified

## Sex

Female

## Key exclusion criteria

Not provided at time of registration

## Date of first enrolment

31/01/2002

## Date of final enrolment

01/12/2005

# Locations

## Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

## Study participating centre

Hull and East Yorks Hospital Trust

Hull

United Kingdom

HU8 9HE

# Sponsor information

## Organisation

Department of Health (UK)

# **Funder(s)**

## **Funder type**

Government

## **Funder Name**

The North and South Bank Research and Development Consortium (UK)

# **Results and Publications**

## **Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan**

## **IPD sharing plan summary**

Not provided at time of registration