

A Mediterranean diet for preventing heart failure and atrial fibrillation in hypertensive patients

Submission date 02/05/2012	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 12/07/2012	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 10/08/2020	Condition category Circulatory System	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

We aim to study the effects of a Mediterranean diet, as compared with a low-fat diet, on the incidence of heart failure and atrial fibrillation (irregular heart rate) in hypertensive (high blood pressure) patients at high risk of heart disease.

Who can participate?

Male and female patients aged between 55 and 75 with hypertension (high blood pressure), being treated with antihypertensive (blood pressure lowering) medication, and at high risk of heart disease.

What does the study involve?

Participants will be randomly allocated into one of two groups: the control group, who will follow a low-fat diet, or the intervention group, who will follow a Mediterranean diet. Participants will come to the medical office where the following tests will be conducted: blood pressure measurements, electrocardiogram and echocardiogram, blood and urine tests, and measurement of weight, height, waist circumference and hip contour. Participants will also attend educational talks about hypertension and healthy eating. Participants will be given a booklet which will include essential information from the talks and a seasonal menu, tailored for each group.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Participants will benefit from personalized dietary monitoring. No risk to the participants is foreseen, because they will only follow a healthy diet for hypertension and receive information about healthy living. We will not modify any participant's antihypertensive drug treatment.

Where is the study run from?

The Al-Andalus research group, which consists of general practitioners, specialists, nurses, statisticians and a dietitian. The study will be carried out at the Ronda Historica Health Center (Spain).

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

Recruitment will start in June 2012. Participants will be enrolled on the study for a period of 12 months. Every participant will be monitored for at least two years. Consequently, the study is expected to finish at the end of 2015.

Who is funding the study?

Funding has been provided by Instituto de Salud Carlos III, Consejería de Salud - Junta de Andalucía and CIBERobn.

Who is the main contact?

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Contact information

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

PI-0271/2010 and PI10/01690

Study information

Scientific Title

Efficacy of a Mediterranean diet in primary prevention of heart failure and atrial fibrillation in high risk hypertensive patients

Acronym

ICFAMED

Study objectives

ICFAMED - Insuficiencia Cardíaca (Heart Failure), Fibrilación Auricular (Atrial Fibrillation) and dieta MEDiterránea (MEDiterranean diet).

A Mediterranean dietary pattern versus a low-fat diet, applied to high-risk hypertensive patients who have not yet developed heart failure (HF) or atrial fibrillation (AF) reduces the incidence of both cardiac complications, improves echocardiographic parameters with prognostic value, and lowers clinic and ambulatory blood pressure.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethics and Health Research Committee of Primary Care Division of Sevilla, Spain, 05 May 2010

Study design

Randomized controlled trial

Primary study design

Intentional

Study type(s)

Quality of life

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Cardiovascular disease (heart failure and atrial fibrillation)

Interventions

Participants are randomly assigned into two equal groups:

1. Mediterranean-style diet
2. Low-fat diet according to American Heart Association guidelines

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome(s)

Incidence of heart failure and/or atrial fibrillation at baseline, after 1 year of follow-up and after two years of follow-up (end of study)

Key secondary outcome(s)

1. Ecocardiographic variables:
 - 1.1. Left ventricular mass
 - 1.2. Systolic function
 - 1.3. Diastolic function
 - 1.4. Myocardial performance index
2. Blood pressure variables:
 - 2.1. Clinic blood pressure (BPc)
 - 2.2. Ambulatory blood pressure (ABP), obtained by ambulatory blood pressure monitoring for 24 hours
 - 2.3. Performance of blood pressure during sleep (dipper, non dipper, extreme dipper, raiser)
 - 2.4. Ambulatory pulse pressure

2.5. White-coat phenomenon (differences BPc ABP > 20 mmHg for systolic and/or BPc ABP > 10 mmHg for diastolic BP)

Measured at baseline, after 1 year of follow-up and after two years of follow-up (end of study).

Completion date

01/06/2015

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Participants are community-dwelling hypertensive patients, 55 to 75 years old, at high cardiovascular risk, with pharmacological treatment antihypertensive, without a personal documented history of cardiovascular disease (CVD): coronary heart disease, stroke, heart failure (HF) or atrial fibrillation (AF), who fulfill at least one of the two following criteria:

1. Type 2 diabetes mellitus
2. Two or more of the cardiovascular risk factors:
 - 2.1. Current smoker
 - 2.2. Lipid disorders (low density lipoprotein cholesterol [LDL-cholesterol] \geq 160 mg/dl or high density lipoprotein cholesterol [HDL -cholesterol] < 40 mg/dl or treatment with hypolipidemic drugs)
 - 2.3. Obesity (body mass index \geq 30 Kg/m²)
 - 2.4. Family history of premature CVD

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Adult

Sex

All

Total final enrolment

180

Key exclusion criteria

1. Previous history of cardiovascular disease (coronary heart disease, stroke, HF or AF)
2. Body mass index > 40 Kg/m²
3. Severe chronic disease with poor prognosis
4. Illegal drug use or chronic alcoholism
5. Physical limitations, mental or intellectual barriers to participate in the trial
6. Low predicted likelihood of changing dietary habits
7. Any condition that may affect the development of the trial

Date of first enrolment

01/06/2012

Date of final enrolment

01/06/2015

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Spain

Study participating centre

C/ Jerusalem, s/n

Sevilla

Spain

41007

Sponsor information

Organisation

Carlos III Health Institute (Instituto de Salud Carlos III) (Spain)

ROR

<https://ror.org/00ca2c886>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

Funder Name

Carlos III Health Institute (Instituto de Salud Carlos III) (Spain) ref: PI10/01690

Funder Name

Ministry of Health of the Andalusian (Consejería de Salud de la Junta de Andalucía) (Spain) ref: PI0271/2010

Funder Name

CIBER Pathophysiology of Obesity and Nutrition (CIBER Fisiopatología de la Obesidad y Nutrición (Spain)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration