# The training effects of the pinnacle trainer and the elliptical trainer on walking ability and balance restoration in chronic stroke

Submission date 15/06/2021	Recruitment status  No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
		☐ Protocol		
Registration date 22/06/2021	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan		
		[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
14/07/2021	Nervous System Diseases			

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

A stroke happens when the blood supply to part of the brain is cut off. Balance deficits are a common problem after stroke. Pinnacle trainers (PT) are exercise trainers that involve major hip joint muscle effort, while elliptical trainers (ET) involve major effort on the shank muscles. The aim of this study is to investigate the training effects of PT and ET on the walking ability and balance of chronic stroke patients.

#### Who can participate?

Chronic stroke patients with hemiplegia (paralysis on one side of the body) in Taiwan

#### What does the study involve?

Participants are allocated into three groups to undergo an 8-week PT, ET or conventional therapy intervention. All participants are asked to perform walking tests and an obstacle crossing task at the start of the study and after the 8-week intervention.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The possible benefits are gait and balance improvements. The possible risks include falls during the obstacle crossing task, but during the measurements and intervention the therapist and research assistant are arranged around the participants to reduce the risk.

Where is the study run from? National Cheng Kung University Hospital (Taiwan)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? January 2016 to August 2018

Who is funding the study? Ministry of Economic Affairs (Taiwan) Who is the main contact? Prof. Cheng-Feng Lin connie@mail.ncku.edu.tw

# **Contact information**

#### Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Prof Cheng-Feng Lin

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# Additional identifiers

## EudraCT/CTIS number

Nil known

**IRAS** number

### ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

# Secondary identifying numbers

Nil known

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Clinical efficacy test for the pinnacle trainer integrated with an intelligent suspension system

# Study objectives

Walking ability improves after the intervention and balance ability improves after the pinnacle trainer (PT) intervention compared to the baseline measurements.

# Ethics approval required

#### Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Approved 21/01/2016, Institutional Review Board of National Cheng Kung University Hospital (138 Sheng-Li Rd, Tainan 704, Taiwan; +886 (6)2353535 ext. 3635; em73635@mail.hop.ncku.edu. tw), ref: B-ER-101-059

#### Study design

Interventional non-randomized study

#### Primary study design

Interventional

#### Secondary study design

Non randomised study

#### Study setting(s)

Hospital

#### Study type(s)

Treatment

#### Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a participant information sheet

## Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Chronic stroke with unilateral hemiplegia

#### **Interventions**

Participants were allocated into three groups, namely the pinnacle trainer (PT) group, the elliptical trainer (ET) group and the control group (conventional therapy).

The participants in the PT and ET groups undergo 8-week pinnacle and elliptical trainer interventions, respectively, in conjunction with conventional therapy.

The intervention sessions take place three days a week for about 60 minutes per session. The participants exercise on either the PT or ET for 30 minutes under the guidance of an experienced therapist and receive conventional therapy on the same day for 30 minutes.

#### Intervention Type

Behavioural

#### Primary outcome measure

Measured at baseline (before intervention) and after 8 weeks (after completing the intervention):

- 1. Walking distance measured using the 6-minute walk test
- 2. Walking speed measured using the 10-meter walk test
- 3. Balance ability measured using obstacle crossing

#### Secondary outcome measures

Gait symmetry measured using a motion capture system at baseline (before intervention) and after 8 weeks (after completing the intervention)

#### Overall study start date

21/01/2016

#### Completion date

13/08/2018

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Unilateral hemiplegia occurred after the first stroke
- 2. Onset time is at least 6 months prior to the study
- 3. A Brunnstrom stage of above 3
- 4. A Mini-Mental Status Examination (MMSE) score above 24
- 5. A functional ambulation category (FAC) score of at least 2
- 6. The ability to stand for at least 10 seconds with/without assistance

#### Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

#### Age group

Adult

#### Sex

Both

#### Target number of participants

70

#### Total final enrolment

36

#### Key exclusion criteria

Bilateral hemiplegia occurred after the first stroke

#### Date of first enrolment

13/05/2016

#### Date of final enrolment

14/06/2018

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

Taiwan

## Study participating centre National Cheng Kung University

No.1, University Road Tainan Taiwan 701

# Study participating centre National Cheng Kung University Hospital

138 Sheng-Li Rd Tainan Taiwan 704

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

National Cheng Kung University

#### Sponsor details

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#### Sponsor type

University/education

#### Website

https://www.ncku.edu.tw/

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/01b8kcc49

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

Government

#### Funder Name

Ministry of Economic Affairs

#### Alternative Name(s)

Ministry of Economic Affairs, R.O.C., MOEA

#### **Funding Body Type**

Government organisation

#### **Funding Body Subtype**

National government

#### Location

Taiwan

# **Results and Publications**

#### Publication and dissemination plan

Planned publication in a high-impact peer-reviewed journal.

#### Intention to publish date

01/02/2022

#### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated and/or analysed during the current study during this study will be included in the subsequent results publication.

# IPD sharing plan summary

Other

#### **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Basic results		14/07/2021	14/07/2021	No	No