Italian multicentre randomised controlled trial of 'once-only sigmoidoscopy'

Submission date 10/11/2010	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	 Prospectively registered Protocol
Registration date 08/12/2010	Overall study status Completed	 [_] Statistical analysis plan [X] Results
Last Edited 10/11/2021	Condition category Cancer	Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s) Scientific

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers N/A

Study information

Scientific Title

Randomised controlled trial evaluating efficacy of 'one-only sigmoidoscopy' screening for colorectal cancer

Acronym

SCORE

Study objectives

The incidence of distal adenomas reaches a plateau at around age 60 years. Therefore, a single sigmoidoscopy followed by colonoscopy in people with high-risk distal adenomas may offer a long lasting protection.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Local co-ordinating committees approved following approval from the Delibera Azienda USL 1 Torino on the 14th June 1995 (ref: 982/07/95)

Study design Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design Interventional

Secondary study design Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s) Hospital

Study type(s)

Participant information sheet Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Colorectal cancer screening

Interventions

Sigmoidoscopy offered once in the life in the intervention group; usual care in the control group.

Sigmoidoscopy:

Bowel preparation was limited to a single enema (133 ml of 22% sodium phosphate) selfadministered at home 2 hours before the test. No dietary restriction recommended. Screening undertaken by gastroenterologists in hospital endoscopy units. Aim of the examination was to advance the endoscope beyond the sigmoid-descending colon junction under adequate bowel preparation. Polyps less than 6 mm detected during the FS were removed immediately and sent for histological examination. Subjects with polyps larger than 5 mm, or with advanced adenomas (see polyp classification) referred for TC. Subjects with suspected CRC or with polyps too large to be removed endoscopically referred for surgery.

Joint sponsor details: Italian National Research Council (CNR) (Italy) Piazzale Aldo Moro, 7 00185, Roma Italy T: +39 (0)6 49 931 F: +39 (0)6 44 619 54 E: cnr@pec.cnr.it http://www.cnr.it

Intervention Type

Other

Phase Not Applicable

Primary outcome measure

To quantify the reduction in CRC incidence (measured at 10 years) and mortality (measured at 11 years).

Secondary outcome measures

1. To determine the duration of efficacy of a single flexible sigmoidoscopy, measured up to 15 years from randomisation

2. To determine the optimum age for the examination, measured at 10 and 11 years

3. To assess acceptability and organisational impact (evaluated in the recruitment phase)

Overall study start date

01/10/1995

Completion date

30/06/1998

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Eligible, interested respondents to a mail questionnaire sent to a random population sample of men and women aged 55 to 64 years.

Participant type(s) Patient

Age group Adult

Sex Both **Target number of participants** 40,000

Total final enrolment 34272

Key exclusion criteria 1. Personal history of colorectal cancer, adenomas, inflammatory bowel disease, recent colorectal endoscopy 2. Subjects mentioning two first-degree relatives with colorectal cancer 3. Subjects unable to give informed consent

Date of first enrolment 01/10/1995

Date of final enrolment 30/06/1998

Locations

Countries of recruitment Italy

Study participating centre Via S Francesco da Paola 31 Turin Italy 10123

Sponsor information

Organisation

Italian Association for Cancer Research (Associazione Italiana per la Ricerca sul Cancro [AIRC]) (Italy)

Sponsor details

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Sponsor type Research organisation Website http://www.airc.it

ROR https://ror.org/02g2x7380

Funder(s)

Funder type Research organisation

Funder Name Support for the study was provided by grants from:

Funder Name

Italian Association for Cancer Research (Associazione Italiana per la Ricerca sul Cancro [AIRC]) (Italy)

Funder Name Italian National Research Council (CNR) (Italy) (ref: 95.00539.PF39, 96.00736.PF39)

Funder Name

The following provided additional resources for the implementation of the study in Rimini, Biella, Milano and Torino, respectively:

Funder Name

Romagnolo Cancer Institute (Istituto Oncologico Romagnolo [IOR]) (Italy)

Funder Name

Edo Tempia Fund (Fondo Edo Tempia) (Italy)

Funder Name

University of Milan (Università degli Studi di Milano) (Italy)

Funder Name

Local Health Unit (Azienda Sanitaria Locale [ASL]) 1, Torino (Italy)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

Not provided at time of registration

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details baseline findings	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Other publications		04/12/2002		Yes	Νο
<u>Results article</u>		09/11/2021	10/11/2021	Yes	No