Antivirals for influenza-like illness? Are they effective?

| Submission date | Recruitment status No longer recruiting | [X] Prospectively registered | | |
|-------------------------------|--|------------------------------|--|--|
| 21/10/2015 | | [X] Protocol | | |
| Registration date 22/10/2015 | Overall study status Completed | Statistical analysis plan | | |
| | | [X] Results | | |
| Last Edited 18/11/2024 | Condition category Infections and Infestations | Individual participant data | | |

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Influenza, also known as the flu, is caused by a common virus which attacks the nose, throat, sinuses and lungs (respiratory system). Sufferers usually also experience a high temperature (fever), aching muscles and tiredness, as their bodies work to fight the infection. Most people are able to recover from the flu within one or two weeks, as their immune systems are able to destroy the virus. However, in the very young, the elderly and those with pre-existing serious medical conditions, the flu can lead to serious complications and even death. These "at risk" people are routinely offered vaccinations (flu jab) to help prevent the flu, and anti-viral medicines such as oseltamivir (Tamiflu), to help their bodies to fight the flu virus. There are many other viruses which cause symptoms similar to the flu, and are known as influenza-like illnesses (ILI). Currently, there is no way of quickly testing whether someone with influenza-like illness actually has real flu. Current treatment options such as Tamiflu seem to work best when real flu is present, and so more effective ways of targeting flu treatment are needed. This study aims to find out whether adding antiviral treatment to best usual primary care is effective in reducing the time it takes for a person to return to usual daily activity. The study also aims to look at the link between the virus that a person is suffering from and the effectiveness of the antiviral treatment.

Who can participate?

All patients over one year old, who are experiencing a flu-like illness.

What does the study involve?

Participants are randomly allocated to one of two groups. Those in the first group receive standard care from their doctor (best primary care), such as advice about looking after themselves by drinking plenty of fluids and resting. Those in the second group receive the standard care from their doctor but are also given a dose of oseltamivir (Tamiflu) for a period of five days. Participants in both groups are asked to fill in a diary for two weeks so that their symptoms can be recorded. At day 14 and day 28, participants receive a follow-up phone call to find out whether their symptoms are gone and they are back to normal. Additionally, a group of participants will have a swab taken at the start of the study so that the virus they are suffering from can be identified in the lab to find out whether the anti-viral treatment works better for real flu or ILI.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

There are no direct benefits for participants taking part in this study. There are some risks involved with taking Tamiflu, such as headache and nausea (feeling sick), however these will be closely monitored.

Where is the study run from?

25 health centres in England and Wales (UK) and 15 other European countries.

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? December 2015 to March 2018

Who is funding the study? European Commission's Seventh Framework Programme (Belgium)

Who is the main contact? Dr Emily Bongard emily.bongard@phc.ox.ac.uk

Contact information

Type(s)

Public

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

2014-004471-23

Protocol serial number

19749

Study information

Scientific Title

Antivirals for influenza-Like Illness? An rCt of Clinical and Cost effectiveness in primary CarE (ALIC4E)

Acronym

ALIC4E

Study objectives

The aim of this study is to determine whether adding antiviral treatment to best usual primary care is effective in reducing time to return to usual daily activity.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

- 1. UK: South Central Oxford B Research Ethics Committee, 31/03/2015, ref: 15/SC/0138
- 2. Netherlands: METC UMC Utrecht, 23/12/2015, ref: 15-420
- 3. Greece: Scientific Council, 10/11/2015, ref: 8829
- 4. Lithuania: Lithuanian Bioethics Committee, Vilnius, 21/09/2015, ref: P-15-73
- 5. Ireland: Tallaght Hospital / St. James's Hospital Joint Research Ethics Committee (REC), 07/10 /2015, ref: 2015-09-LIST35 (2)
- 6. Switzerland: Ethikkommission Nordwest- und Zentralschweiz (EKNZ), 09/12/2015, ref: EKNZ 2015-232
- 7. France: Comité de Protection des Personnes Sud-Mediterannee V, 09/09/2015, ref: 15.068
- 8. Sweden: Regionala Etikprövningsnämnden i Göteborg, 29/09/2015
- 9. Belgium: Ethisch comité UZA, 17/08/2015, ref: 15/27/283
- 10. Spain: Hospitla Clinic Barcelona, 15/12/2015, ref: HCB/2015/0854
- 11. Denmark: De Videnskabsetiske Komiteer, 05/11/2016, ref: H-15009261
- 12. Poland: Komisja Bioetyczna przy Uniwersytecie Medycznym w Łodzi, 06/06/2015, ref: RNN /227/15/KE
- 13. Poland: Komisja Bioetyczna przy Uniwersytecie Medycznym w Bialymstoku, 24/09/2015, ref: R-I-002/316/2015
- 14. Norway: Regionale komiteer for medisinsk og helsefaglig forskningsetikk Sør-Øst, 24/06/2015, ref: 2015/932/REK
- 15. Hungry: Medical Research Council, Ethics Committee For Clinical Pharmacology, 06/08/2015, ref: OGYI/23427-8/2015
- 16. Czech Republic: Ethics Committee of the General Hospital, Prague, 12/12/2015, ref: 2354/15 S-MEK

Study design

Randomised; Interventional; Design type: Treatment

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Influenza-like illness

Interventions

Participants are randomly allocated to one of two groups.

Group 1: Participants in the first group are given best primary care (standard practice)

Group 2: Participants in the first group are given oseltamivir in the standard dose for their age for five days, as well as best primary care (standard practice)

Participants in both groups are asked to complete a 2 week symptom diary and will receive follow up phone calls at days 2--4, 14--28 and after day 28.

Intervention Type

Drug

Phase

Not Applicable

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Oseltamivir

Primary outcome(s)

Time to return to usual activity is determined using a symptom diary recorded between day 1-14 and a telephone call on days 14 and 28.

Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Cost effectiveness measures through health resource use and EQ-5D-5L completed by the patient on Days 1-14
- 2. Number of hospital admissions, collected in a patient symptom diary on day 14 and day 28
- 3. Attendance hospital emergency care, or Out of Hours (OOH) centres with symptoms or complications and the reasons for them and the basis for diagnosis, such as pneumonia collected in the patient diary on days 1-14
- 4. Attendance at GP Practice, hospital emergency care, or Out of Hours (OOH) centres with ILI symptoms collected in the patient diary on days 1-14
- 5. Time to alleviation of ILI symptoms, measured using symptom scoring and VAS on days 1-14
- 6. Incidence of new or worsening symptoms measured using symptom scoring and VAS on days 1-
- 7. Report of time to onset of symptom relief measured using symptom scoring and VAS on days 1-14
- 8. Duration of moderately severe or worse symptoms measured using symptom scoring and VAS on days 1-14
- 9. Use of over-the-counter medications and prescription medications, including antibiotics collected in symptom diary through direct questioning on days 1-14
- 10. Report of new cases if ILI within household collected in symptom diary through direct questioning on days 1-14
- 11. Patient reported self-management, medication use, rest and activity collected in symptom diary through direct questioning on days 1-14
- 12. Analysis of benefit according to age, illness duration, severity and co-morbidity measured is recorded using the patient symptom diary on days 1-14 and through a telephone interview on days 14 and 28

Completion date

31/01/2019

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Aged at least one year old
- 2. Presenting with influenza-like illness* in primary care during a period of increased influenza activity.
- 3. Is able and willing to comply with all trial requirements
- 4. Participant or legal guardian(s) of a child is willing and able to give informed consent
- 5. Agrees not to take antiviral agents apart from study antiviral agents according to patient randomisation

*Sudden onset of self reported fever, with at least one respiratory symptom (cough, sore throat, running or congested nose) and one systematic symptom (headache, muscle ache, sweats or chills or tiredness), with a symptom duration of 72 hours or less.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Mixed

Sex

All

Total final enrolment

464

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Chronic renal failure e.g. known (recorded in GP clinical records) or estimated creatinine glomerular filtration rate of less than 60 mg/L
- 2. Condition or treatment associated with significant impaired immunity (e.g. long-term oral steroids, chemotherapy, or

immune disorder)

- 3. Those who in the opinion of the responsible clinician should be prescribed immediate antiviral treatment
- 4. Allergic to oseltamivir, or any other trial medication
- 5. Scheduled elective surgery or other procedures requiring general anaesthesia during the subsequent two weeks
- 6. Participant with life expectancy estimate by a clinician to be less than 6 months
- 7. Patient with severe hepatic impairment
- 8. Responsible clinician considers urgent hospital admission is required
- 9. Any other significant disease or disorder which, in the opinion of the responsible clinician, may either put the participants at risk because of participation in the trial, or may influence the result of the trial, or may affect the participant's ability to participate in the trial
- 10. Involvement, including completion of any follow up procedures, in another clinical trial of an investigational medicinal product in the last 90 days

- 11. Previous ALIC4E trial participation
- 12. Patients unable to be randomised within 72 hours after onset of symptoms
- 13. Requirement for any live viral vaccine in the next 7 days

Date of first enrolment

01/12/2015

Date of final enrolment 13/04/2018 **Locations** Countries of recruitment **United Kingdom** England Wales Belgium Croatia Czech Republic Denmark France Greece Hungary Ireland Lithuania Netherlands Norway **Poland** Spain Sweden

Study participating centre

Switzerland

Windrush Health Centre

Welch Way Witney United Kingdom OX28 6JS

Study participating centre South Oxford Health Centre

Lake Street Oxford United Kingdom OX1 4RP

Study participating centre Wokingham Medical Centre

23 Rose Street Wokingham United Kingdom RG40 1XS

Study participating centre Aston Clinton Surgery

136 London Road Aston Clinton Aylesbury United Kingdom HP22 5LB

Study participating centre Eynsham Medical Practice

Conduit Lane Eynsham Witney United Kingdom OX29 4QB

Study participating centre Didcot Health Centre

Britwell Road

Didcot United Kingdom OX11 7JH

Study participating centre White Horse Medical Practice

Volunteer Way Faringdon United Kingdom SN7 7YU

Study participating centre The Boathouse Surgery

Whitchurch Road Pangbourne Reading United Kingdom RG8 7DP

Study participating centre Yorkley Health Centre

Bailey Hill Yorkley Lydney United Kingdom GL15 4RS

Study participating centre Portland Practice

St Paul's Medical Centre 121 Swindon Road Cheltenham United Kingdom GL50 4DP

Study participating centre London Medical Practice

Aspen Centre Horton Road Gloucester United Kingdom GL1 3PX

Study participating centre Forest End Surgery

Forest End Waterlooville United Kingdom P07 7AH

Study participating centre Wareham Surgery

Streche Road Wareham United Kingdom BH20 4PG

Study participating centre Cowplain Practice

30 London Road Cowplain Waterlooville United Kingdom PO8 8DL

Study participating centre Chawton Park Surgery

Chawton Park Road Alton United Kingdom GU34 1RJ

Study participating centre Bridges Medical Centre

26 Commercial Road Weymouth United Kingdom DT3 6SA

Study participating centre Three Swans Surgery

Rollestone Street Salisbury United Kingdom SP1 1DX

Study participating centre Friarsgate Surgery

Stockbridge Road Winchester United Kingdom SO22 6EL

Study participating centre Clifton Surgery

151-153 Newport Road Cardiff United Kingdom CF24 1AG

Study participating centre Dinas Powys Medical Centre

75 Cardiff Road Dinas Powys United Kingdom CF64 4JT

Study participating centre Llandaff and Pentyrch Surgery

19A High Street Cardiff United Kingdom CF5 2DY

Study participating centre Llandaff North Medical Practice

99 Station Road

Cardiff United Kingdom CF14 2FD

Study participating centre Llanedeyrn Health Centre

Maelfa Llanedeyrn Cardiff United Kingdom CF23 3PN

Study participating centre The Practice Of Health

31 Barry Road Barry United Kingdom CF63 1BA

Study participating centre Waterfront Medical Practice

Heol Y Llongau Barry United Kingdom CF63 4AR

Study participating centre Huisartsenpraktijk Valk & Meijer

Leusderweg 272 Amersfoort Netherlands 3817 KJ

Study participating centre Health Center of Agia Varvara

Agia Varvara Monofatsiou Crete Greece 70003

Study participating centre Turloughmore Medical Centre

Turloughmore Athenry Galway Ireland

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Study participating centre Praxis Hammer

Bläsiring 160 Basel Switzerland CH-4057

Study participating centre Notfallstation Universitäts-Kinderspital

Spitalstrasse 33 Basel Switzerland H-4031

Study participating centre Mouille-Blanc Cécile

43 Avenue Henri Matisse Nice France 06200

Study participating centre Närhälsan Ängabo vårdcentral

Sundsbergsvägen 7 Alingsås Sweden SE-441 50

Study participating centre Praktijk Sorghvliedt

Lelieplaats 15 Hoboken

Study participating centre Centre Atenció Primària Casanova

C/ Rosselló 161 Barcelona Spain 08036

Study participating centre

Mit lægehus

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Study participating centre Stokke legesenter, Nygaards alle 4A, 3160 Stokke, Norway

Nygaards alle 4A Stokke Norway 38160

Study participating centre Dr. Kun Gazda Melinda

H-8225 Szentkirályszabadja Kossuth Lajos str. 20 Balatonfured Hungary

Study participating centre Ordinace PL Karlín, s.r.o.

Šaldova 504/24 Prague Czech Republic 186 00

Study participating centre Practice Jelena Stanic

Kauzlaricev prilaz 7 Zagreb Croatia 10 000

Sponsor information

Organisation

University of Oxford

ROR

https://ror.org/052gg0110

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Seventh Framework Programme

Alternative Name(s)

EC Seventh Framework Programme, European Commission Seventh Framework Programme, EU Seventh Framework Programme, European Union Seventh Framework Programme, FP7

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The data sharing plans for the current study are unknown and will be made available at a later date.

IPD sharing plan summary

Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date

Study outputs

| Output type | Details | Date created | Date added | Peer reviewed? | Patient- facing? |
|-----------------------------------|--|-----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------------|
| Results article | results | 04/01 /2020 | 17/12 /2019 | Yes | No |
| <u>Protocol</u> <u>article</u> | protocol | 12/07 /2018 | 17/10 /2019 | Yes | No |
| Basic results | | | | No | No |
| HRA research summary | | | 28/06 /2023 | No | No |
| Other publications | Conditional versus non-conditional incentives to maximise return of participant completed questionnaires in clinical trials: a cluster randomised study within a trial | 07/11 /2023 | 18/11 /2024 | Yes | No |
| Participant information sheet | Participant information sheet | 11/11 /2025 | 11/11 /2025 | No | Yes |