# Anti-CD47 antibody therapy in relapsed /refractory Haematological Malignancies

Submission date	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered		
14/05/2015		Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
14/05/2015	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited 25/06/2024	<b>Condition category</b> Cancer	Individual participant data		

#### Plain English summary of protocol

https://www.cancerresearchuk.org/about-cancer/find-a-clinical-trial/a-trial-of-magrolimab-for-acute-myeloid-leukaemia-and-myelodysplastic-syndrome-camellia

# **Contact information**

**Type(s)** Public

**Contact name** Mr Tom Holmes

#### Contact details

University of Oxford Department of Oncology Oncology Clinical Trials Office (OCTO) Old Road Campus Research Building Roosevelt Drive Oxford United Kingdom OX3 7DQ

# Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number 2015-000720-29

#### **IRAS number**

ClinicalTrials.gov number NCT02678338

### Secondary identifying numbers

CPMS 18953

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

A Phase I dose escalation trial of the Humanized Anti-CD47 Monoclonal Antibody Hu5F9-G4 in Haematological Malignancies

#### Acronym

CAMELLIA

#### **Study objectives**

Current study hypothesis:

The aim of this study is to determine whether a new drug, called Hu5F9-G4, is a safe and well tolerated treatment for patients with Acute Myeloid Leukaemia (AML) or Myelodysplastic Syndrome (MDS), whose disease has either not responded to standard treatments or has relapsed following an initial response. There is an urgent need for new treatments for these patients, who currently only receive supportive care and have a median survival of only 2 months.

#### Previous study hypothesis:

The aim of this study is to determine whether a new drug, called Hu5F9-G4, is a safe and well tolerated treatment for patients with Acute Myeloid Leukaemia (AML), whose disease has either not responded to standard treatments or has relapsed following an initial response. There is an urgent need for new treatments for these patients, who currently only receive supportive care and have a median survival of only 2 months.

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

South Central- Oxford C', 14/05/2015, ref: 15/SC/0215

#### Study design

Non-randomized; Interventional; Design type: Treatment

**Primary study design** Interventional

**Secondary study design** Non randomised study

**Study setting(s)** Other

**Study type(s)** Treatment

#### Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a participant information sheet

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Topic: Cancer; Subtopic: Haematological Oncology; Disease: Leukaemia (acute myeloid) and Myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS)

#### Interventions

All patients will receive the trial drug Hu5F9-G4, there is no control arm. Hu5F9-G4 is given as an intravenous infusion once or twice a week. The trial is of a dose escalation design. Patients who respond to the first 4 weeks of treatment will have the option of continuing treatment for a further 8 weeks i.e. up to 12 weeks in total.

There is also allowance for patients to continue on treatment for a further 40 weeks (i.e. up to 1 year in total). (added 16/08/2016)

#### Added 26/10/2017:

If patients are still benefiting from treatment, they may have the option to continue on trial treatment until 52 weeks after the last patient has been recruited.

#### Intervention Type

**Biological/Vaccine** 

#### Phase

Phase I

#### Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Hu5F9-G4

#### Primary outcome measure

Maximum tolerated dosing regimen of Hu5F9-G4; Timepoint(s): Over 4 weeks of treatment

#### Secondary outcome measures

Current as of 26/10/2017:

1. CD47 receptor occupancy; Timepoint(s): Days 1, 8, 11, 15, 18, 25, 36, 53, 64, 81 and weeks 16, 28, 40, 52 and every 12 weeks beyond week 52, 30-35 days post end of treatment, and disease progression

2. Immunogenicity of Hu5F9-G4; Timepoint(s): Days 1, 29, 53 and 81, and weeks 16, 20, 24, 28, 32, 36, 40, 44, 48, and 52 every 4 weeks beyond week 52 and at 30-35 days post end of treatment. 3. Impact of blood transfusion on Hu5F9-G4 pharmacokinetics; Timepoint(s): Timings as per PK sampling.

4. Pharmacokinetic profile of Hu5F9-G4; Timepoint(s): Days 1,4, 8, 11, 15, 22, 25, 36, 50, 64, 78, and Weeks 16, 20, 24, 28, 32, 36, 40, 44, 48 & 52 and every 4 weeks beyond week 52.

5. Preliminary evidence of anti-leukaemic/myelodysplastic activity of Hu5F9-G4; Timepoint(s): Days 25, 53, 81, and weeks 16, 28, 40 and 52 and every 12 weeks beyond week 52.

6. Safety of extending treatment duration: From week 5 until 30-35 day post end of treatment.

#### As of 02/08/2017:

1. CD47 receptor occupancy; Timepoint(s): Days 1, 8, 11, 15, 18, 25, 36, 53, 64, 81 and weeks 16, 28, 40, 52 and disease progression

2. Immunogenicity of Hu5F9-G4; Timepoint(s): Days 1, 29, 53 and 81, and weeks 16, 20, 24, 28, 32,

36, 40, 44, 48, and 52

3. Impact of blood transfusion on Hu5F9-G4 pharmacokinetics; Timepoint(s): Days 1,4, 8, 11, 15, 22, 25, 36, 50, 64, 78, and Weeks 16, 20, 24, 28, 32, 36, 40, 44, 48 & 52

4. Pharmacokinetic profile of Hu5F9-G4; Timepoint(s): Days 1,4, 8, 11, 15, 22, 25, 36, 50, 64, 78, and Weeks 16, 20, 24, 28, 32, 36, 40, 44, 48 & 52

5. Preliminary evidence of anti-leukaemic/myelodysplastic activity of Hu5F9-G4; Timepoint(s): Days 25, 53, 81, and weeks 16, 28, 40 and 52

6. Safety of extending treatment duration to 1 year; Timepoint(s): Weeks 5- 52 of treatment

As of 16/08/2016:

1. CD47 receptor occupancy; Timepoint(s): Days 1, 8, 15, 22, 36, 53, 64, 81 and weeks 16, 28, 40, 52 and disease progression

2. Immunogenicity of Hu5F9-G4; Timepoint(s): Days 1, 29, 53 and 81, and weeks 16, 20, 24, 28, 32, 36, 40, 44, 48, and 52

3. Impact of blood transfusion on Hu5F9-G4 pharmacokinetics; Timepoint(s): Days 1,4, 8, 15, 22, 25, 36, 50, 64, 78, and Weeks 16, 20, 24, 28, 32, 36, 40, 44, 48 & 52

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5. Preliminary evidence of anti-leukaemic activity of Hu5F9-G4; Timepoint(s): Days 25, 53, 81, and weeks 16, 28, 40 and 52

6. Safety of extending treatment duration to 1 year; Timepoint(s): Weeks 5- 52 of treatment

Initial:

1. CD47 receptor occupancy; Timepoint(s): Days 1, 8, 15, 22, 36, 53, 64, 81 and at disease progression

2. Immunogenicity of Hu5F9-G4; Timepoint(s): Days 1, 29, 53 & 81 (if positive repeat assay every 4 weeks until no longer positive)

3. Impact of blood transfusion on Hu5F9-G4 pharmacokinetics; Timepoint(s): Days 1, 4, 8, 15, 22, 25, 36, 50, 64 & 78

4. Pharmacokinetic profile of Hu5F9-G4; Timepoint(s): Days 1,4, 8, 15, 22, 25, 36, 50, 64 & 78 5. Preliminary evidence of anti-leukaemic activity of Hu5F9-G4; Timepoint(s): Days 25, 53 & 81 (per International Working Group AML response criteria (2003))

6. Safety of extending treatment duration to 12 weeks; Timepoint(s): Weeks 5-12 of treatment

Overall study start date

15/10/2015

**Completion date** 07/06/2019

# Eligibility

#### Key inclusion criteria

Current inclusion criteria as of 26/10/2017:

1. Pathologically confirmed relapsed or refractory (primary refractory and relapsed refractory) AML (defined by WHO criteria) for which no further conventional therapy is suitable for the patient; or confirmed myelodysplastic syndrome defined according to WHO classification, with an International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS) risk category of intermediate-2 or high risk, that is relapsed, refractory or intolerant to conventional therapy within 3 weeks of registration. 2. Peripheral white blood cell (WBC) count ≤20x109/L within 1 week of registration (Day -7 to Day 1). Patients with WBC >20x109/L can be treated with hydroxyurea (up to 4 g/day) throughout the trial to reduce the WBC to ≤20x109/L prior to each dose of IMP. The white count must also be measured on the day of the first dose and be ≤20x109/L. Oral etoposide (up to 200mg PO/ day) may be given as an alternative to hydroxyurea for patients who are intolerant to hydroxyurea or cannot achieve sufficient white count lowering on hydroxyurea.

3. Male or female, Age >= 18 years

4. ECOG performance score of 01

5. Willing and able to comply with the protocol for the duration of the study, and scheduled followup visits and examinations

6. Willing to undergo blood transfusions as deemed clinically necessary

7. Pretreatment blood cross match completed

8. Written (signed and dated) informed consent and be capable of cooperating with protocol 9. Biochemical indices within the ranges shown below:

9.1. AST/SGOT or ALT/SGPT = 3 x ULN

9.2. Alkaline phosphatase = 2 x ULN

9.3. Bilirubin = 2x ULN (except for patients with a known or suspected history of Gilbert's Syndrome)

9.4. eGFR >35 mls/min (Cockcroft and Galton method)

Current inclusion criteria as of 02/08/2017:

1. Pathologically confirmed relapsed or refractory (primary refractory and relapsed refractory) AML (defined by WHO criteria) for which no further conventional therapy is suitable for the patient; or confirmed myelodysplastic syndrome defined according to WHO classification, with an International Prognostic Scoring System (IPSS) risk category of intermediate-2 or high risk, that is relapsed, refractory or intolerant to conventional therapy within 3 weeks of registration. 2. Peripheral white blood cell (WBC) count ≤20x109/L within 1 week of registration (Day -7 to Day 1). Patients with WBC >20x109/L can be treated with hydroxyurea (up to 4 g/day) throughout the trial to reduce the WBC to ≤20x109/L prior to each dose of IMP. The white count must also be measured on the day of the first dose and be ≤20x109/L. Oral etoposide (up to 200mg PO/ day) may be given as an alternative to hydroxyurea for patients who are intolerant to hydroxyurea or cannot achieve sufficient white count lowering on hydroxyurea.

3. Male or female, Age >= 18 years

4. ECOG performance score of 01

5. Willing and able to comply with the protocol for the duration of the study, and scheduled followup visits and examinations

6. Willing to undergo blood transfusions as deemed clinically necessary

7. Pretreatment blood cross match completed

8. Written (signed and dated) informed consent and be capable of cooperating with protocol

9. Haematological and biochemical indices within the ranges shown below:

9.1. AST/SGOT or ALT/SGPT = 3 x ULN

9.2. Alkaline phosphatase = 2 x ULN

9.3. Bilirubin = 2x ULN (except for patients with a known or suspected history of Gilbert's Syndrome)

9.4. eGFR >35 mls/min (Cockcroft and Galton method)

Previous inclusion criteria:

1. Pathologically confirmed relapsed or refractory (primary refractory and relapsed refractory) AML (defined by WHO criteria) for which no further conventional therapy is suitable for the patient within 3 weeks of registration

2. Peripheral white blood cell (WBC) count =10x10\*9/L within 1 week of registration (Day 7 to Day 1). Patients with WBC >10x10\*9/L can be treated with hydroxycarbamide (up to 4 g/day) throughout the trial to reduce the WBC to =10x10\*9/L prior to each dose of IMP. The white count must also be measured on the day of the first dose and be =10x10\*9/L prior to each dose

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3. Male or female, Age >= 18 years

4. ECOG performance score of 01

5. Willing and able to comply with the protocol for the duration of the study, and scheduled followup visits and examinations

6. Willing to undergo blood transfusions as deemed clinically necessary

7. Pretreatment blood cross match completed

8. Written (signed and dated) informed consent and be capable of cooperating with protocol

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9.4. eGFR >35 mls/min (Cockcroft and Galton method)

Participant type(s) Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

Planned Sample Size: 30; UK Sample Size: 40

#### Total final enrolment

19

#### Key exclusion criteria

Current exclusion criteria as of 26/10/2017:

1. Females: Pregnant or breastfeeding women, or women of childbearing potential unless effective method of contraception is used during and for 3 months after the trial. Males: unless an effective method of contraception is used during and for 3 months after the trial

2. Any prior exposure to Hu5F9G4 or other CD47 targeting agent

3. Treatment with any other investigational agent within 28 days prior to enrolment

4. Prior cytotoxic chemotherapy (with the exception of hydroxycarbamide), immunotherapy, or radiotherapy within 4 weeks prior to Day 1

5. Acute Promyelocytic Leukaemia

6. Patients with known inherited or acquired bleeding disorders

7. Previous allogeneic haematopoietic stem cell transplant within 6 months prior to enrollment,

active graft versus host disease (GVHD), or requiring transplant-related immunosuppression

8. Evidence for active CNS involvement by leukaemia

9. Clinical evidence or known history of cardiopulmonary disease defined as follows:

- 9.1. Acute myocardial infarction within the last 12 months
- 9.2. Requirement for treatment of angina or existence of unstable angina
- 9.3. Congestive heart failure NYHA Class II–IV

9.4. Uncontrolled hypertension despite adequate treatmen

10. Symptomatic intrinsic lung disease (chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, pulmonary fibrosis)

11. Other psychological, social or medical condition (e.g. active severe sepsis) physical examination finding or a laboratory abnormality that the Investigator considers would make the patient a poor trial candidate or could interfere with protocol compliance or the interpretation of trial results

12. Any other malignancy within the previous 24 months, with the exception of adequately treated cone biopsied in situ carcinoma of the cervix uteri and basal or squamous cell carcinoma of the skin

13. Patients who are known to be serologically positive for Hepatitis B, Hepatitis C or HIV

#### Current exclusion criteria as of 02/08/2017:

1. Females: Pregnant or breastfeeding women, or women of childbearing potential unless effective method of contraception is used during and for 3 months after the trial. Males: unless an effective method of contraception is used during and for 3 months after the trial

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9. Clinical evidence or known history of cardiopulmonary disease defined as follows:

9.1. Acute myocardial infarction within the last 12 months

9.2. Requirement for treatment of angina or existence of unstable angina

9.3. Congestive heart failure NYHA Class II–IV

9.4. Uncontrolled hypertension despite adequate treatment (sustained systolic BP > 150 or diastolic BP > 100)

10. Symptomatic intrinsic lung disease (chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, pulmonary fibrosis)

11. Other psychological, social or medical condition (e.g. active severe sepsis) physical examination finding or a laboratory abnormality that the Investigator considers would make the patient a poor trial candidate or could interfere with protocol compliance or the interpretation of trial results

12. Any other malignancy within the previous 24 months, with the exception of adequately treated cone biopsied in situ carcinoma of the cervix uteri and basal or squamous cell carcinoma of the skin

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#### Date of first enrolment

27/11/2015

### Date of final enrolment

07/06/2018

### Locations

**Countries of recruitment** England

United Kingdom

Wales

**Study participating centre Churchill Hospital (lead site)** Oxford United Kingdom OX3 7LJ

**Study participating centre Christie Hospital** Manchester United Kingdom M20 4BX **Study participating centre Royal Liverpool Hospital** Liverpool United Kingdom L7 8XP

**Study participating centre St James Hospital** Leeds United Kingdom LS9 7TF

**Study participating centre University Hospital of Wales** Cardiff United Kingdom CF14 4XW

### Sponsor information

Organisation

Forty Seven, Inc.

**Sponsor details** 1490 O'Brien Drive, Suite A Menlo Park California United States of America 94304

**Sponsor type** Industry

Website http://www.fortyseveninc.com/

### Funder(s)

Funder type Charity Funder Name Bloodwise

Alternative Name(s)

**Funding Body Type** Private sector organisation

**Funding Body Subtype** Other non-profit organizations

Location United Kingdom

Funder Name Medical Research Council

Alternative Name(s) Medical Research Council (United Kingdom), UK Medical Research Council, MRC

**Funding Body Type** Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype National government

**Location** United Kingdom

**Funder Name** NIHR Oxford Biomedical Research Centre (BRC)

Funder Name CRUK Cancer Centre

**Funder Name** California Institute for Regenerative Medicine

**Alternative Name(s)** California Institute for Regenerative Med, CA Institute for Regenerative Med, California's Stem Cell Agency, CIRM Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

**Location** United States of America

# **Results and Publications**

#### Publication and dissemination plan

Results of this trial will be submitted for publication in a peerreviewed journal. All presentations and publications will be preagreed by the Combined AntiCD47 Clinical Trial Steering Committee (CTSC).

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

#### IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

#### Study outputs

Output type	<b>Details</b> results	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<u>Results article</u>		01/07/2019	09/08/2019	Yes	No
<u>HRA research summary</u> <u>Plain English results</u>			28/06/2023 25/06/2024	No No	No Yes