Randomised controlled trial for evaluating the prescribing impact of information meetings led by pharmacists and of new information formats in General Practice in Italy: INFANT 2

Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
	[X] Protocol		
Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
Completed	Results		
Condition category	Individual participant data		
Other	Record updated in last year		
	Overall study status Completed Condition category		

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number FARM59NWKF

Study information

Scientific Title

Randomised controlled trial for evaluating the prescribing impact of information meetings led by pharmacists and of new information formats in General Practice in Italy: INFANT 2

Acronym

INFANT 2 (INformazione sui FArmaci e Nuove Terapie)

Study objectives

Information meetings with single physicians, led by pharmacists and organised by Local Health Authorities within a large scale independent information program involving local General Practitioners (GPs), can be effective in changing physicians prescribing behaviour.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Between November 2006 and March 2007, the protocol was sent to the Local Ethics Committees (LEC) of the Health Authorities involved. Some of the LEC have already approved the protocol (Olbia, Carbonia, Sassari, Nuoro), some specifying that it was unnecessary to analyse it formally since no ethical problems arise in carrying out a randomisation differentiating the kind of information actively discussed during the outreach visits.

Study design

Randomised controlled trial: the unit of randomisation will be single physicians in Sardinia.

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Other

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Information to physicians

Interventions

Three groups of single physicians will be provided with one of the following:

- 1. One information meeting led by a pharmacist and supported by a bulletin developed ad hoc
- 2. One information meeting led by a pharmacist and supported by information already available (e.g., from the Italian translation of Medical Letter, or the Drug and Therapeutics Bulletin [DTB], etc)
- 3. No intervention

The information meetings will last half to one hour.

The process described above will be repeated a second time with different topics, so that the number of comparisons and indicators is doubled and more qualitative and quantitative data are available.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Primary outcome(s)

Difference (%) in NHS prescription of drugs under scrutiny (expressed as Defined Daily Dose [DDD] per thousand inhabitants/day), comparing those who have/ have not received the specific information.

Prescriptions within six months after the intervention will be evaluated.

Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Difference in the % of patients who were prescribed the specific drug(s)
- 2. Difference in the % of patients who were prescribed the specific drug(s) for the first time (in the previous 12 months)
- 3. Difference in expenditure for the specific drug (per 1000 patients/day)
- 4. Difference in NHS prescription of drugs under scrutiny (expressed as DDD per thousand inhabitants/day), comparing those who have received the traditional versus enriched format, and any information versus no information
- 5. Differences in the main and secondary outcomes according to the number of assisted population in the related PCG
- 6. Adjusted difference in prescribed DDD per 1000 patients/day according to a statistical model, considering as possible covariates:
- 6.1. Overall prescription in DDD per 1000 patients day at baseline
- 6.2. Number of assisted population
- 6.3. Geographical location (mountain, hill, plain, urban centre according to definitions given by the Italian Statistics Institute)
- 6.4. Age distribution of assisted population (in quartiles)
- 6.5. % females in the assisted population
- 6.6. Physician age
- 6.7. Total physician drug expenditure (excluding drugs under scrutiny)
- 6.8. % assisted population with polyprescription (greater than or equal to three drugs of different classes)
- 6.9. Number of new prescriptions (in the last 12 months)
- 6.10. Month of evaluation
- 6.11. Participation to the information meetings
- 6.12. % exact answers to the questionnaire testing knowledge
- 7. Difference in knowledge (measured through the number of correct answers to a specific questionnaire)
- 8. Difference in attitudes (measured through the answers to a specific anonymous questionnaire)

Prescriptions within six months after the intervention will be evaluated.

Completion date

15/02/2008

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

All GPs are eligible, provided that their Local Health Authority has an organised system for tracking their prescriptions made within the Italian National Heath Service (NHS) till the 5th Anatomic Therapeutic Chemical (ATC) level, in order to evaluate these prescriptions and to provide doctors with feedback.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Not Specified

Key exclusion criteria

No exclusion criteria.

Date of first enrolment

15/03/2007

Date of final enrolment

15/02/2008

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Italy

Study participating centre

Viale Muratori 201

Modena Italy

41100

Sponsor information

Organisation

Italian Drug Agency (Agenzia Italiana del Farmaco [AIFA])

ROR

https://ror.org/01ttmqc18

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

Italian Drug Agency (Agenzia Italiana del Farmaco [AIFA]) - operates within the Italian National Health Service

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<u>Protocol article</u>	protocol	28/09/2007	04/01/2021	Yes	No
Study website	Study website	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes