An investigation in people aged 60 years and over with a hip fracture to determine whether fixing the broken hip bone or replacing the hip joint gives the patient a better quality of life after 4 months

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered		
10/05/2021		[X] Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
14/05/2021	Ongoing Condition category	☐ Results		
Last Edited		Individual participant data		
04/10/2024	Musculoskeletal Diseases	Record updated in last year		

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Every year around 70,000 people in the UK break their hip. Hip fractures are a common and very serious injury in older patients, similar in impact to a major stroke. This study will investigate two treatments for one specific type of hip fracture. Currently, surgeons either repair the fracture with screws or remove and replace the broken piece of bone, but doctors do not know which is better for patients. This study will examine whether either fixing the broken bone or replacing the hip joint gives a better result for people 60 years and over with hip fractures from at least 40 hospitals across the UK. The researchers want to look at how well people feel and how active they are following their fracture. They will also work out the cost of the two treatments for the individual, for the health service and in terms of social support in the year following the fracture.

Who can participate?

Patients aged 60 and over with a hip fracture that in the opinion of the treating surgeon may benefit from surgical treatment

What does the study involve?

If people agree to take part, they will be allocated using a process called randomisation which makes sure that the groups are similar and the comparison between the two treatments is fair. Participants are randomised to fixing the broken bone or replacing the hip joint. Before and after their operation all the patients will have the usual ward care, rehabilitation and follow up that is standard practice at their hospital.

The researchers will ask patients about their health, pain, walking ability and other daily activities, as well as any complications and specific costs. Their answers will be collected at the outset, and at 6 weeks, 4 months and 1 year after confirmed diagnosis of their hip fracture, and the results from the two groups compared. A few questions will be asked each year for 5 years to find out about any longer-term effects. The researchers will also ask people for their

permission to use de-identified information, which means that it is unlikely that they can be identified from the records received, from national databases that are already being routinely collected.

This study falls under the WHITE Platform framework and has been developed by a team of patient representatives, clinical experts in trauma orthopaedics, study management specialists, experienced statisticians and health economists. The Oxford Clinical Trials Research Unit, based at the University of Oxford, will assure the quality of the study. A monitoring committee of patient representatives and independent experts will oversee the progress and conduct of the study.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The risks of hip surgery include infection, blood clots, damage to nerves and blood vessels in the surgical area, and the risks associated with the anaesthetic. For hip fixation, there is a risk of requiring further surgery if healing is unsuccessful. For hip replacement surgery, there is a risk of dislocation and of further fracture around the implant. The risks are not altered by taking part in this study.

Where is the study run from? University of Oxford (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? May 2019 to December 2028

Who is funding the study? National Institute for Health Research (UK)

Who is the main contact? Rhys Painton White11-Fruiti@ndorms.ox.ac.uk

Contact information

Type(s)

Public

Contact name

Mr Rhys Painton

Contact details

Oxford Trauma and Emergency Care Kadoorie Centre. Level 3 John Radcliffe Hospital Oxford United Kingdom OX3 9DU +44 (0)1865 223111 white11-Fruiti@ndorms.ox.ac.uk

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr Juul Achten

ORCID ID

https://orcid.org/0000-0002-8857-5743

Contact details

Oxford Trauma and Emergency Care Kadoorie Centre John Radcliffe Hospital Oxford United Kingdom OX3 9DU +44 (0)1865 223115 Juul.achten@ndorms.ox.ac.uk

Additional identifiers

Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)

2020-003719-83

Integrated Research Application System (IRAS)

287755

ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT)

Nil known

Protocol serial number

IRAS 287755, CPMS 49158, HTA - NIHR128399

Study information

Scientific Title

World Hip Trauma Evaluation – FRUITI: Fix or Replace Undisplaced Intracapsular fractures Trial of Interventions

Acronym

WHITE 11-FRUITI

Study objectives

To establish if there are differences in health-related quality-of-life (HRQoL) at 4 months post-diagnosis of a hip fracture between patients with a minimally displaced intracapsular fracture treated with an internal fixation or a hemiarthroplasty.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 14/01/2021, Berkshire Research Ethics Committee (NHSBT Newcastle Blood Donor Centre, Holland Drive, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, NE2 4NQ, UK; +44 (0)2071048138; berkshire. rec@hra.nhs.uk), REC ref: 20/SC/0452

Study design

Pragmatic multicentre two-arm randomized superiority comparison with parallel economic analyses follow-up

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Minimally displaced intracapsular hip fracture

Interventions

WHITE 11-FRUITI is a randomised comparison appended to the World Hip Trauma Evaluation (WHITE) Platform. WHITE is a platform trials framework, designed to efficiently deliver multiple randomised comparisons of interventions for patients aged 60 years and over with a hip fracture. The platform and its appended randomised comparisons are governed by one single set of ethical and regulatory approvals and an explicit legal basis and processing purpose for the use of patient-level data. The Platform affords a common core dataset and documentation. Individual randomised comparisons are not dependent on each other and each will have its unique start and stop dates and publication of results without compromising the integrity of the platform.

Participants will be randomised using block randomisation on a 1:1 basis to arthroplasty or internal fixation, stratified by recruitment centre:

- 1. Arthroplasty: Hemiarthroplasty or total hip arthroplasty. Patient position, surgical approach, implant and surgical technique will be chosen by the operating surgeon.
- 2. Internal fixation: Sliding hip screw or cannulated screws. Fixation will be achieved using a technique and implant chosen by the operating surgeon.

Longer-term follow-up will be achieved using patient-reported outcomes and routinely collected data at 5 years.

Intervention Type

Procedure/Surgery

Primary outcome(s)

Health-related quality of life measured using the EuroQol EQ-5D-5L at baseline (retrospective pre-injury), 6 weeks, 4, 12, 24, 36, 48 and 60 months post-diagnosis of a hip fracture

Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Subjective mobility status measured using the UK National Hip Fracture Database Mobility Scale at 6 weeks, 4 and 12 months post-diagnosis of a hip fracture
- 2. Residential status measured using the UK National Hip Fracture Database Residential Status at 6 weeks, 4 and 12 months post-diagnosis of a hip fracture

- 3. Mortality risk using death notification up to 12 months post-diagnosis of a hip fracture
- 4. Risk and pattern of complications measured using a bespoke complications questionnaire and routinely collected hospital data up to 5 years post-diagnosis of a hip fracture
- 5. Resource use from an NHS and personal social services perspective calculated using a bespoke resource use questionnaire up to 12 months post-diagnosis of a hip fracture
- 6. Pain measured using a visual analogue scale at 6 weeks, 4 and 12 months post-diagnosis of a hip fracture
- 7. Objective mobility status measured using the Short Physical Performance Battery at 6 weeks post-diagnosis of a hip fracture

Completion date

31/12/2028

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Platform inclusion:

All patients 60 years of age and over presenting to a WHiTE recruitment centre for treatment of a hip fracture

Additional inclusion criteria for FRUITI:

A minimally displaced intracapsular hip fracture that in the opinion of the treating surgeon may benefit from surgical treatment

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Senior

Lower age limit

60 years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

Platform:

Does not meet inclusion criteria

Additional exclusion criteria for FRUITI:

- 1. The fracture is only apparent on cross-sectional imaging
- 2. In the opinion of the treating surgeon the fracture cannot be fixed without a reduction manoeuvre
- 3. The fracture is complicated by local tumour deposits
- 4. There is clinically relevant pre-existing osteoarthrosis (OA) of the ipsilateral hip joint

Date of first enrolment

10/06/2021

Date of final enrolment 01/08/2023

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Scotland

Wales

Study participating centre Aintree University Hospital

Lower Lane Liverpool United Kingdom L9 7AL

Study participating centre Royal Cornwall Hospital

Treliske Truro United Kingdom TR1 3LJ

Study participating centre Royal United Hospital, Bath

Combe Park Bath United Kingdom BA1 3NG

Study participating centre Southmead Hospital

Southmead Rd Bristol United Kingdom BS10 5NB

Study participating centre University Hospital of Wales

Heath Park Cardiff United Kingdom CF14 4XW

Study participating centre
James Cook University Hospital
Middlesbrough
United Kingdom
TS4 3BS

Study participating centre Musgrove Park Hospital Parkfield Dr Taunton United Kingdom TA1 5DA

Study participating centre Royal Berkshire Hospital London Rd Reading United Kingdom RG1 5AN

Study participating centre Royal Oldham Hospital Rochdale Rd Oldham United Kingdom OL1 2JH

Study participating centre
University Hospital Coventry
Clifford Bridge Rd
Coventry

United Kingdom CV2 2DX

Study participating centre Stepping Hill Hospital

Poplar Grove Hazel Grove Stockport United Kingdom SK2 7JE

Study participating centre Leicester Royal Infirmary

Infirmary Square Leicester United Kingdom LE1 5WW

Study participating centre Pinderfields Hospital

Aberford Road Wakefield United Kingdom WF1 4DG

Study participating centre Poole

Poole Hospital Longfleet Road Poole United Kingdom BH15 2JB

Study participating centre Conquest Hospital

The Ridge St. Leonards-on-sea United Kingdom TN37 7RD

Study participating centre Southport and Formby District General Hospital

Town Lane Southport United Kingdom PR8 6PN

Study participating centre **Doncaster Royal Infirmary**

Armthorpe Road Doncaster **United Kingdom** DN2 5LT

Study participating centre **Burton Hospital**

Queens Hospital Belvedere Road Burton-on-trent United Kingdom **DE13 0RB**

Study participating centre Luton and Dunstable University Hospital

Lewsey Road Luton United Kingdom LU4 0DZ

Study participating centre John Radcliffe Hospital

Headley Way Headington Oxford **United Kingdom** OX3 9DU

Study participating centre Whipps Cross University Hospital

Whipps Cross Road

Leytonstone London United Kingdom E11 1NR

Study participating centre Horton General Hospital

Trust Unit Offices Oxford Road Banbury United Kingdom OX16 9AL

Study participating centre Derriford Hospital

Derriford Road
Derriford
Plymouth
United Kingdom
PL6 8DH

Study participating centre Basingstoke and North Hampshire Hospitals

Aldermaston Road Basingstoke United Kingdom RG24 9NA

Study participating centre Salford Royal Hospital

Stott Lane Eccles Salford United Kingdom M6 8HD

Study participating centre William Harvey Hospital

Kennington Road Willesborough Ashford United Kingdom TN24 0LZ

Study participating centre Northumbria Specialist Emergency Care Hospital

Northumbria Way Cramlington United Kingdom NE23 6NZ

Study participating centre Tameside General Hospital

Fountain Street Ashton-under-lyne United Kingdom OL6 9RW

Study participating centre Addenbrookes

Addenbrookes Hospital Hills Road Cambridge United Kingdom CB2 0QQ

Study participating centre Glangwili Hospital Child Health Section

Child Health Section Administration Block West Wales General Hospital Carmarthen United Kingdom SA31 2AF

Study participating centre Maidstone and Tunbridge Wells NHS Trust

The Maidstone Hospital
Hermitage Lane
Maidstone
United Kingdom
ME16 9QQ

Study participating centre Milton Keynes Hospital

Standing Way Eaglestone Milton Keynes United Kingdom MK6 5LD

Study participating centre Pilgrim Hospital

Sibsey Road Boston United Kingdom PE21 9QS

Study participating centre Yeovil District Hospital

Higher Kingston Yeovil United Kingdom BA21 4AT

Study participating centre Ysbyty Gwynedd Hospital (yg NHS Trust)

Ysbyty Gwynedd Penrhosgarnedd Bangor United Kingdom LL57 2PW

Study participating centre Wrexham Maelor Hospital

Croesnewydd Road Wrexham Technology Park Wrexham United Kingdom LL13 7TD

Study participating centre Stoke Mandeville Hospital

Mandeville Road Aylesbury United Kingdom HP21 8AL

Study participating centre Glan Clwd Hospital

Ysbyty Glan Clwydd Bodelwyddan Rhyl United Kingdom LL18 5UJ

Study participating centre Royal Stoke University Hospital

Newcastle Road Stoke-on-trent United Kingdom ST4 6QG

Study participating centre Wythenshawe Hospital

Southmoor Road Wythenshawe Manchester United Kingdom M23 9LT

Study participating centre Manchester Royal Infirmary

Cobbett House Manchester Royal Infirmary Oxford Road Manchester United Kingdom M13 9WL

Study participating centre

Frimley Park Hospital

Portsmouth Road Frimley Camberley United Kingdom GU16 7UJ

Study participating centre Royal Blackburn Hospital

Haslingden Road Blackburn United Kingdom BB2 3HH

Study participating centre University Hospital Lewisham

Lewisham High Street London United Kingdom SE13 6LH

Study participating centre Kettering General Hospital

Rothwell Road Kettering United Kingdom NN16 8UZ

Study participating centre Gloucestershire Royal Hospital

Great Western Road Gloucester United Kingdom GL1 3NN

Study participating centre Heartlands Hospital

Bordesley Green East Bordesley Green Birmingham United Kingdom B9 5ST

Study participating centre St Helier NHS Trust

St Helier Hospital Wrythe Lane Carshalton United Kingdom SM5 1AA

Study participating centre Forth Valley Royal Hospital

Stirling Road Larbert United Kingdom FK5 4WR

Study participating centre Kings College

Valehouse 220 the Vale London United Kingdom NW11 8SR

Study participating centre Sunderland Royal Hospital

Kayll Road Sunderland United Kingdom SR4 7TP

Study participating centre Aberdeen Royal Infirmary

Foresterhill Road Aberdeen United Kingdom AB25 2ZN

Study participating centre Queen Elizabeth Hospital

Stadium Road London United Kingdom SE18 4QH

Sponsor information

Organisation

University of Oxford

ROR

https://ror.org/052gg0110

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

National Institute for Health Research

Alternative Name(s)

National Institute for Health Research, NIHR Research, NIHRresearch, NIHR - National Institute for Health Research, NIHR (The National Institute for Health and Care Research), NIHR

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

United Kingdom

Funder Name

NIHR Oxford Biomedical Research Centre

Alternative Name(s)

NIHR Biomedical Research Centre, Oxford, OxfordBRC, OxBRC

Funding Body Type

Private sector organisation

Funding Body Subtype

Research institutes and centers

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

Data access requests should be made to Prof. Matthew Costa (Matthew.costa@ndorms.ox.ac.uk) and Prof. Xavier Griffin (X.griffin@qmul.ac.uk). Requests can be made 2 years after the publication of the trial results. The decision on the level of access granted and the purpose for which it might be made available will be guided by the Oxford Clinical Trials Research Unit and University of Oxford policies regarding data sharing that are in place at the time of the request.

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
HRA research summary			28/06/2023		No
Participant information sheet	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes
Protocol file	version 7.0	31/08/2023	02/10/2024	No	No
Protocol file	version 6.0	16/12/2022	02/10/2024	No	No