Preterm Premature Rupture Of Membranes between 34 and 37 weeks: EXpectant management versus Induction of Labour

Submission date Recruitment status Prospectively registered 01/09/2006 No longer recruiting [X] Protocol [] Statistical analysis plan Registration date Overall study status 13/02/2007 Completed [X] Results [] Individual participant data Last Edited Condition category Pregnancy and Childbirth 24/02/2015

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Study website

http://www.studies-obsgyn/ppromexil

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr Christine Willekes

Contact details

P. Debijelaan 25 Maastricht Netherlands 6202 AZ +31 (0)43 387 4768 cwi@sgyn.azm.nl

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

5521

Study information

Scientific Title

Preterm Premature Rupture Of Membranes between 34 and 37 weeks: EXpectant management versus Induction of Labour

Acronym

PPROMEXIL

Study objectives

The aim of this study is to solve the dilemma for the obstetric gynaecologist regarding the optimal treatment of women with Preterm Premature Rupture Of the Membranes (PPROM) after 34 weeks of gestation. Therefore, we will compare the effectiveness of induction of labour after PPROM between 34 and 37 weeks gestation compared to expectant monitoring on neonatal infection. Also, cost effectiveness and quality of life is measured in both treatment arms and compared.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Medical Ethical Committee of the University Hospital Maastricht, 03/03/2006, ref: MEC 05-240.5 /fh

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Premature rupture of the membranes

Interventions

Induction of labour versus expectant management

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

Neonatal sepsis

Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Maternal morbidity (chorioamnionitis/sepsis)
- 2. Respiratory Distress Syndrome (RDS)
- 3. Neonatal disease
- 4. Instrumental delivery rate
- 5. Quality of life and costs

Overall study start date

01/01/2007

Completion date

01/01/2010

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Pregnant women with PPROM at a gestational age from 34 + 0/7 until 37 weeks who have given informed consent.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Sex

Female

Target number of participants

520

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Foetal distress
- 2. Major foetal anomalies
- 3. Meconium stained amniotic fluid
- 4. Maternal infection at entry
- 5. Monochorionic Diamniotic (MCDA) multiple pregnancy
- 6. Multiple pregnancy, first child breech presentation
- 7. Previous caesarean section
- 8. Diabetes mellitus (defined as use of insulin)
- 9. Renal disease (inluding Systemic Lupus Erythematosus [SLE])

- 10. Seropositive for Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV)
- 11. Haemolysis, Elevated Liver, Low Platelet (HELLP)/severe pre-eclampsia
- 12. Oliguria less than 500 ml/24 hours

Date of first enrolment

01/01/2007

Date of final enrolment

01/01/2010

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Netherlands

Study participating centre

P. Debijelaan 25

Maastricht Netherlands 6202 AZ

Sponsor information

Organisation

The Netherlands Organisation for Health Research and Development (ZonMw) (The Netherlands)

Sponsor details

PO Box 93245 Den Haag Netherlands 2509 AE

Sponsor type

Research organisation

Website

http://www.zonmw.nl

ROR

https://ror.org/01yaj9a77

Funder(s)

Funder type

Research organisation

Funder Name

The Netherlands Organisation for Health Research and Development (ZonMw) (The Netherlands)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<u>Protocol article</u>	protocol	06/07/2007		Yes	No
Results article	results	01/07/2012		Yes	No
Results article	economic analysis results	01/04/2014		Yes	No
Other publications	secondary analysis	01/09/2014		Yes	No