

EXPERT: EXPerience of a health website Evaluated in a Research Study

Submission date 17/05/2013	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 17/05/2013	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 14/11/2016	Condition category Other	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

The internet has seen an explosion of websites featuring people's accounts of their experiences of health and illness, for example through blogs, patients forums, online ratings sites and voluntary organisation websites. These are popular, but may cause harm as well as benefits. The aim of this study is to find out whether or not people find health information websites useful and if so, how best to provide health information online. Information from health websites may help people make better healthcare choices, alert them to health issues and improve their understanding. By conducting this study we hope to learn more about how people use health information websites, whether information is more useful if it is presented in a particular way, and if people have a preference as to how health information is provided online.

Who can participate?

For this study we want to recruit people who are in one of three categories:

1. People with asthma
2. People who smoke but are thinking of quitting
3. People who are carers of someone who has multiple sclerosis.

If one of these categories applies to you then you may be eligible to take part. If you are over 18, have an email address, access to an internet connection and are willing to answer some questions online, we would like to hear from you.

What does the study involve?

Participants are asked to look at a health information website. Before viewing the website we ask them to complete some questionnaires about their health and their attitude to health information on the internet. These questions should take no more than 10 minutes to complete. Once they have answered these questions they are able to create a username and a password and are given access to a health information website. They have two weeks to access the website during which time we would like them to visit the website as many times as they wish and look at whatever information is of particular interest. They can select 'Comment on page' to tell us what they think about the website or leave any comments about the study; they can also rate individual web pages. After two weeks we ask them to answer some further questions about their health and also their views on the website they looked at. These questions should take no more than 10 minutes to complete. When they are using the health information website

we will monitor which particular pages they view. We will also look at whether they use the search facility to find information and what search words they enter. We also invite some (but not all) participants for an interview. This interview is conducted in person by someone visiting their home, or another suitable location. The interview is entirely voluntary.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

We cannot guarantee that participants will personally benefit from this study but you will be contributing to important research. We do not foresee any major risks to taking part in this study but if any of the information you come across on the website causes you concern about your health (or the health of someone you care for) please contact your GP or call NHS Direct. The information you provide via the online questionnaires and website visits will be analysed anonymously.

Where is the study run from?

University of Oxford (UK).

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?

June 2013 to May 2014.

Who is funding the study?

National Institute for Health Research (NIHR) (UK).

Who is the main contact?

Prof. John Powell

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Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Prof John Powell

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

14521

Study information

Scientific Title

EXPerience of a health website Evaluated in a Research Study: An exploratory study to assess feasibility, and measure the impact of online health information (experiential and fact-based) for self-management of asthma, motivation to stop smoking and preparedness for caring for someone with multiple sclerosis

Acronym

EXPERT

Study objectives

EXPERT is a randomised, controlled trial in which we are comparing the effects of online interventions (websites) offered to people with one of three conditions (people with asthma; people who smoke but want to quit; and carers of people with Multiple Sclerosis). We are studying whether information from different sources can help self-management of illness; help achieve health behaviour change and help people feel more supported in their caring role.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

First MREC approval date 27/02/2013, ref: 0162

Study design

Interventional randomised controlled trial; Design type: feasibility

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

GP practice

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use contact details to request a participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Smoking cessation, management of chronic asthma, caring for a person with multiple sclerosis

Interventions

All eligible participants are sent a patient information sheet and asked to provide baseline measures prior to their website allocation. Once the participant submitted their questionnaire responses (baseline data) by clicking 'finish' they were randomised into the study and allocated to a website. Randomisation was carried out by stratified (on the three conditions) block randomisation with varying block sizes. Participants were randomised in a 1:1 ratio to either the intervention or comparator websites in each of the three study conditions. A randomisation list was generated and uploaded to the web-based system to ensure treatment concealment. The investigators were not aware of the randomisation result on the system. The randomisation list, which was password protected, was kept in confidence. Participants create a unique user ID and password which allows unlimited website access for two weeks. Participants' website use is tracked in full. After two weeks, participants will be asked to provide follow up measures and website access will be removed. A selection of participants will be invited for interview after completion of the study.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome measure

To evaluate the feasibility issues in an online randomised study providing health information websites containing patient experience information compared with matched health information websites that do not contain experiential information.

Secondary outcome measures

1. To assess the efficacy of two types of online health information (patient experience accounts compared with matched health information websites that do not contain experiential information) on a range of self-reported outcomes
2. To explore whether the interventions have differential effects on pre-specified subgroups of participants
3. To measure the impact of the intervention and comparator websites using the eHealth Impact Questionnaire (eHIQ)

Overall study start date

03/06/2013

Completion date

31/05/2014

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Smokers:

1. People who are current smokers, who have been smokers for at least a year, and who indicate some willingness to quit, including those referred to smoking cessation services
2. Male or female aged 18 or over
3. Willing and able to give informed consent for participation in the study
4. Live in England
5. Have access to the internet and able to use websites

People with asthma:

1. People who have been clinically diagnosed with asthma as coded in their primary care electronic record, and who have been prescribed inhaled corticosteroids for at least 3 months in the previous year
2. Male or female aged 18 or over
3. Willing and able to give informed consent for participation in the study
4. Live in England
5. Have access to the internet and able to use websites

Carers of people with multiple sclerosis:

1. People who identify themselves as a caregiver for another person who has a diagnosis of multiple sclerosis
2. Male or female aged 18 or over
3. Willing and able to give informed consent for participation in the study
4. Live in England
5. Have access to the internet and able to use websites

Participant type(s)

Mixed

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

UK Sample Size: 300

Key exclusion criteria**Smokers:**

1. People who are terminally ill
2. People who cannot understand English
3. People who have previously entered the study
4. People who have another significant disease or disorder which, in the opinion of the GP, may either put that person at risk because of participation in the study, or may influence the result of the study, or affect that person's ability to participate in the study

People with asthma:

1. People who are terminally ill

2. People who cannot understand English
3. People who have previously entered the study
4. People who have another significant disease or disorder which, in the opinion of the GP, may either put that person at risk because of participation in the study, or may influence the result of the study, or affect that person's ability to participate in the study

Carers of people with multiple sclerosis:

1. People who are terminally ill
2. People who cannot understand English
3. People who have previously entered the study
4. People who have a significant disease or disorder which, in the opinion of the Principal Investigator, may either put that person at risk because of participation in the study, or may influence the result of the study, or affect that person's ability to participate in the study
5. People whose only caring role is in a professional (paid) capacity

Date of first enrolment

14/06/2013

Date of final enrolment

31/08/2014

Locations

Countries of recruitment

England

United Kingdom

Study participating centre

Nuffield Department of Primary Care Health Sciences

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Radcliffe Observatory Quarter

Woodstock Road

Oxford

United Kingdom

OX2 6GG

Sponsor information

Organisation

University of Oxford (UK)

Sponsor details

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United Kingdom
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Sponsor type

University/education

Website

<http://www.ox.ac.uk/>

ROR

<https://ror.org/052gg0110>

Funder(s)

Funder type

Government

Funder Name

National Institute for Health Research (NIHR) (UK)

Alternative Name(s)

National Institute for Health Research, NIHR Research, NIHRresearch, NIHR - National Institute for Health Research, NIHR (The National Institute for Health and Care Research), NIHR

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

United Kingdom

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Once we have completed our statistical analysis, and know whether there is any evidence of benefit, we will make some of the content of the study websites freely available on the internet. The results will also published in a scientific journal, through reports and conference presentations as well as on our website.

Intention to publish date

01/12/2015

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	11/11/2016		Yes	No