# Bridging the intention-behaviour gap: promoting compliance with medication for coronary heart disease

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>		
23/01/2004		☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
23/01/2004	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data		
19/10/2011	Circulatory System			

# Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

# Contact information

# Type(s)

Scientific

### Contact name

Dr Rebecca Lawton

### Contact details

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# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

**Secondary identifying numbers** RRCC218LG

# Study information

# Scientific Title

# **Study objectives**

To test whether: implementation intention strategies increase three-month compliance to prescribed medicines among patients in primary care compared to those control group patients using their usual strategies.

Do implementation intentions increase adherence to medication prescribed for coronary heart disease? N.B. The pilot study revealed problems with recruiting non-adherent participants. Two alternative studies were, therefore, administered.

# Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

# Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

# Study design

Randomised controlled trial

# Primary study design

Interventional

# Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

# Study setting(s)

Not specified

# Study type(s)

Treatment

# Participant information sheet

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Cardiovascular diseases: Heart disease

### **Interventions**

Both studies were randomly controlled trials:

Study 1:

120 cardiac patients were recruited and randomised into three groups (control, Theory of Planned Behaviour (TPB) questionnaire only, TPB questionnaire + formed implementation intention). They were telephoned at 7, 28 and 90 days post-recruitment. Fruit and vegetable consumption was recorded at recruitment and at each of the follow-up time points. 97 participants completed the study.

# Study 2:

249 patients presenting with a prescription for antibiotics were recruited and randomised into four groups (control, TPB questionnaire only, TPB questionnaire + formed own implementation intention, TPB questionnaire + researcher provided implementation intention). They were telephoned on the day after their antibiotics were due to be completed to record their adherence to the medication. A fifth group of participants was recruited who only received the follow-up telephone call. 241participants completed the study.

# Intervention Type

Other

### Phase

Not Applicable

# Primary outcome measure

Study 1: Daily fruit and vegetable consumption (self-report and 24-hour recall)

Study 2: Adherence to antibiotics (self-report and pill count)

# Secondary outcome measures

Not provided at time of registration

# Overall study start date

01/10/2001

# Completion date

31/10/2003

# **Eligibility**

# Key inclusion criteria

Study 1: Patients attending a secondary prevention CHD clinic in primary care

Study 2: Patients presenting to a pharmacy with a prescription for an antibiotic

# Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

# Age group

Adult

### Sex

Both

# Target number of participants

370

# Key exclusion criteria

Not provided at time of registration

### Date of first enrolment

01/10/2001

# Date of final enrolment 31/10/2003

# Locations

# Countries of recruitment

England

LS2 9TJ

**United Kingdom** 

Study participating centre University of Leeds Leeds United Kingdom

# Sponsor information

# Organisation

NHS R&D Regional Programme Register - Department of Health (UK)

# Sponsor details

The Department of Health Richmond House 79 Whitehall London United Kingdom SW1A 2NL +44 (0)20 7307 2622 dhmail@doh.gsi.org.uk

# Sponsor type

Government

### Website

http://www.doh.gov.uk

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

Government

# Funder Name

NHS Executive Northern and Yorkshire (UK)

# **Results and Publications**

# Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

# IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

# **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	Study 1: results	01/05/2005		Yes	No
Results article	Study 2: results	01/05/2006		Yes	No