

Prevention of depression and sleep disturbances in elderly with memory-problems by activation of the biological clock with light

Submission date 17/09/2009	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 08/10/2009	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 04/05/2010	Condition category Mental and Behavioural Disorders	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data <input type="checkbox"/> Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

ZonMW project ref: 0028.300.30; METc VUmc protocol ref: 2005/10

Study information

Scientific Title

Prevention of depression and sleep disturbances in elderly with memory-problems by activation of the biological clock with light: a double-blind randomised controlled trial

Study objectives

1. Long-term daily bright light exposure attenuates the development of depressive symptoms

Secondary hypotheses:

1. Long-term daily bright light exposure attenuates the development of sleep-wake rhythm disturbances

2. Long-term daily bright light exposure ameliorates the decline of cognitive performance

3. Long-term daily bright light exposure ameliorates caregiver burden

4. The effects of light on mood and cognition are in part mediated by its effect on the circadian pacemaker, as read out from the rhythms in activity, body temperature and cortisol

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Medical Ethical Committee of the VU University Medical Centre (METc VUmc), approved on 03/08 /2005 (Protocol 2005/10)

Study design

Single centre randomised double blind placebo controlled parallel group trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Not specified

Study type(s)

Prevention

Participant information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Alzheimer dementia, mild cognitive impairment, cognitive deficits

Interventions

Light boxes installed at the patients' home, 10,000 lux (gaze direction). Identical light box +/-300 lux (gaze direction) are used in the placebo condition.

Intervention period is two-years, exposure is daily. Sessions last 30 minutes every morning and evening, during a 90 minutes fixed time-window for both sessions, when light is automatically switched on and cannot be switched off. A maximum of four follow ups, every five to six months.

Joint/Secondary Sponsor Details:

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Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Applicable

Primary outcome measure

Depression, measured with the Geriatric Depression Scale (GDS), using the complete 30 items version. The GDS is a list of statements and patients are asked to rate whether these statements are applicable to them during the last week, answering 'yes' or 'no'. The range of the cumulative score is 0 to 30; scores labelled: 0-9 as 'not depressed', 10-19 as 'mildly depressed', and 20-30 as 'severely depressed'.

All primary and secondary outcomes will be assessed at 1 pre-randomisation assessment and 4 half-yearly post-randomisation assessments (i.e. 2 years of follow-up).

Secondary outcome measures

1. Subjective sleep is measured with the Athens Insomnia Scale, the Dutch Sleep Disorders Questionnaire and the Pittsburg Sleep Quality Index
2. Cognition is measured with a neuropsychological test battery
3. 24-hour recording of skin temperature (9 temperature loggers are placed on thighs, abdomen, soles of the hands and feet), and of heart rate
4. Two weeks monitoring of rest-activity rhythms by actometry
5. Bed times are estimated with a pressure pad connected to a data logger, placed on the patients' bed
6. Saliva samples are collected on one day, from which the diurnal pattern of cortisol levels are determined
7. The primary caregiver fills out the Zarit Burden Interview and the Self-Perceived Pressure from Informal Care questionnaire

All primary and secondary outcomes will be assessed at 1 pre-randomisation assessment and 4 half-yearly post-randomisation assessments (i.e. 2 years of follow-up).

Overall study start date

01/05/2005

Completion date

01/08/2009

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

1. For experimental group:
 - 1.1. Patients between 50 and 80 years of age
 - 1.2. Clinical diagnosis of probable (presenile) Alzheimer's Disease (AD), Mild Cognitive Impairment (MCI) or Subjective Memory Complaints provided by a neurologist or gerontologist; AD according to the Diagnosis Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, fourth edition (DSM-IV) or the National Institute of Neurological and Communicative Disorders and Stroke and the Alzheimer's Disease and Related Disorders Association (NINCDS-ADRDA) criteria and MCI following the MCI-standard set by Petersen (Petersen RC, et al: Neurology 2001, 56(9): 1133-1142).
 - 1.3. Mini Mental State Exam (MMSE) score ≥ 14
2. For healthy control group:
 - 2.1. Healthy controls (age 50-80 years)
 - 2.2. Free of any clinical diagnosis of dementia
 - 2.3. Those without subjective memory complaints
 - 2.4. MMSE score ≥ 28

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Senior

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

72 patients (36 in each limb of the random assignment) + 25 healthy controls

Key exclusion criteria

Patients nor healthy controls are admitted to the study if any of the following are diagnosed:

1. Any other neurological disorder, including narcolepsy
2. Any psychiatric disorder, with the exception of mild depressive symptoms
3. Serious problems with activities of daily living (ADL)
4. Sleep apnoea or restless legs syndrome
5. A serious eye disease incompatible with light therapy, such as aphakia or retinitis pigmentosa

Date of first enrolment

01/05/2005

Date of final enrolment

01/08/2009

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Netherlands

Study participating centre
Netherlands Institute for Neuroscience
Amsterdam
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1105 BA

Sponsor information

Organisation
Netherlands Institute for Neuroscience (Netherlands)

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Sponsor type
University/education

Website
<http://www.nin.knaw.nl/>

ROR
<https://ror.org/05csn2x06>

Funder(s)

Funder type
Research organisation

Funder Name
The Netherlands Organisation for Health Research and Development (ZonMw) (Netherlands),
Prevention Programme (ref: 0028.300.30)

Funder Name
The Netherlands Organisation for Scientific Research (NWO) (Netherlands) (ref: 453-07-001)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Protocol article	protocol	23/02/2010		Yes	No