Evaluation of the immune system in children aged 3 to 5 that receive a nutritional complement enriched with beta glucans extracted from the fungus Ganoderma lucidum

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered
21/04/2015	No longer recruiting	<pre>Protocol</pre>
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan
14/05/2015	Completed	Results
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data
29/05/2020	Other	Record updated in last year

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

The immune system is a system of biological structures and processes that are in charge of protecting the human body from various harmful agents that can damage it. It protects the body from things that could make us ill or cause death, such as bacteria and viruses. The immune system takes time to mature, which means that children under five years of age are more susceptible to infections such as diarrhea and the common cold. One way to help children's immune systems fight off common infections is to give them food supplements that have extra ingredients designed to strengthen the immune system. A common ingredient used to boost food supplements is called beta-glucan. Beta-glucans come from plants and fungi (mushrooms), and they are well known to help support the immune system. The aim of this study is to see whether a food supplement containing beta-glucans derived from the mushroom Ganoderma lucidum can help boost the immune system of children aged 3 to 5 years old.

Who can participate?

Children attached to the Childcare Foundation - Medellin (Fundación de Atención a la Niñez (FAN) – Medellin)

What does the study involve?

Participants are given a nutritional supplement with added beta-glucan to take 5 days a week for 6 weeks. Blood tests are carried out at the start of the study, then again after 6 weeks, to see if the participants' immune system is stronger after taking the supplement.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

The results of this study could lead to beta-glucan-enriched foods being used to improve the health of preschool children.

Where is the study run from?

Childcare Foundation - Medellin (Fundación de Atención a la Niñez (FAN) - Medellin) (Colombia)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? July 2014 to January 2015

Who is funding the study?

- 1. Progal-BT SAS (Colombia)
- 2. iNNpulsa (Colombia)

Who is the main contact?

1. Dr S Urrego (public)

surregor@progal-bt.com

2. Dr E Higuita (scientific)

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Dr Edwin Higuita

Contact details

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Type(s)

Public

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number

IN34-2014

Study information

Scientific Title

Evaluation of changes in T cells subpopulations and NK (natural killer) cells in children aged 3 to 5 during a 6 week intervention with a nutritional complement enriched with biotechnologically Ganoderma lucidum extracted beta glucans

Study objectives

A six weeks intervention with a nutritional complement enriched with beta glucans increases the T lymphocytes subpopulations and NK cells in 3 to 5 year old children.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Ethics and Research Board of IPS Universitaria, University of Antioquia (Universidad de Antioquia), 26/11/2014, ref: 076.

Study design

Interventional open study

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Quality of life

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Improvement in the baseline levels of immune system components in children.

Interventions

Participants receive a nutritional supplement in a maltodextrin matrix, enriched with betaglucans extracted biotechnologically from Ganoderma lucidum. The supplement is taken 5 days per week, over 6 weeks.

Intervention Type

Supplement

Primary outcome(s)

Measured in blood sample at baseline then 6 weeks after intervention:

- 1. CD4+ and CD8+ T lymphocytes counts, measured by flow cytometry in whole blood collected.
- 2. NK cell counts, measured by flow cytometry (CD16+/CD56+).

Key secondary outcome(s))

- 1. Hemoleucogram measured by flow cytometry
- 2. Serum IgA measured by immunoturbidimetry
- 3. Nutritional and anthropometric measurements evaluated according to WHO guidelines and using WHO AnthroPlus software.
- 3.1. Weight/Height index
- 3.2. Height/Age index
- 3.3. Weight/Age index

Completion date

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Children aged 3-5
- 2. Children attached to the Childcare Foundation Medellin (Fundación de Atención a la Niñez (FAN) Medellin)

Participant type(s)

Healthy volunteer

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Child

Lower age limit

3 years

Upper age limit

5 years

Sex

All

Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Children whose parents refuse to sign and accept the informed consent
- 2. Children outside of the General and Social Health Care System of Colombia
- 3. Use of corticosteroids or any other medical or pharmaceutical intervention

Date of first enrolment

16/12/2014

Date of final enrolment

04/01/2015

Locations

Countries of recruitment

Colombia

Study participating centre

Childcare Foundation - Medellin (Fundación de Atención a la Niñez (FAN) - Medellin)

Medellin

Colombia

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Sponsor information

Organisation

Progal-BT SAS

ROR

https://ror.org/037hmn502

Funder(s)

Funder type

Industry

Funder Name

Progal-BT SAS (Colombia)

Funder Name

iNNpulsa (Colombia)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

Study outputs

Output type Details Date created Date added Peer reviewed? Patient-facing?

Participant information sheet

Participant information sheet 11/11/2025 11/11/2025 No

Yes