

# Trial comparing the effectiveness and cost effectiveness of levetiracetam and zonisamide versus standard treatments for epilepsy: a comparison of Standard And New Antiepileptic Drugs

<b>Submission date</b> 03/07/2012	<b>Recruitment status</b> No longer recruiting	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Protocol
<b>Registration date</b> 03/07/2012	<b>Overall study status</b> Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
<b>Last Edited</b> 22/12/2021	<b>Condition category</b> Nervous System Diseases	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

## Plain English summary of protocol

### Background and study aims

Epilepsy is a condition that affects the brain and causes repeated seizures. Antiepileptic drugs (AED) are the mainstay of treatment and may have to be taken for life. The ultimate goal of treatment is to maximise quality of life by eliminating seizures at drug doses that do not cause side effects. However, for many patients there is a necessary trade-off between effective seizure control and side effects, which can diminish quality of life. Over the past 20 years, a number of new AED drugs have become available and have been approved for NHS use on the basis of information from short-term studies, but these studies do not provide information about the longer term outcomes. The aim of this study is to compare the effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of the AEDs levetiracetam and zonisamide compared with the standard treatments for epilepsy (lamotrigine and valproate).

### Who can participate?

Children aged 5 or older and adults with epilepsy

### What does the study involve?

This study is essentially two studies run in parallel. Patients with untreated focal onset seizures (affecting a small part of the brain) are randomly allocated to be treated with either lamotrigine, levetiracetam or zonisamide. Patients with generalised onset seizures (affecting both halves of the brain) or seizures that are difficult to classify are randomly allocated to be treated with either levetiracetam or valproate.

### What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

Not provided at time of registration

Where is the study run from?  
University of Liverpool (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for?  
August 2012 to February 2018

Who is funding the study?  
NIHR Health Technology Assessment program (HTA) (UK)

Who is the main contact?  
Silviya Balabanova  
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## Contact information

**Type(s)**  
Scientific

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## Additional identifiers

**Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)**  
2012-001884-64

**Protocol serial number**  
12477

## Study information

**Scientific Title**  
A pragmatic randomised controlled trial comparing the effectiveness and cost effectiveness of levetiracetam and zonisamide versus standard treatments for epilepsy: a comparison of Standard And New Antiepileptic Drugs (SANAD-II)

**Acronym**  
SANAD-II

**Study objectives**

SANAD-II is a phase IV multicentre pragmatic randomised controlled trial comparing the effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of levetiracetam and zonisamide versus standard treatments (lamotrigine and valproate) for epilepsy.

More details can be found at <http://public.ukcrn.org.uk/search/StudyDetail.aspx?StudyID=12477>

**Ethics approval required**

Old ethics approval format

**Ethics approval(s)**

NRES Committee North West Liverpool East, First MREC approval date 07/06/2012, ref: 12/NW/0361

**Study design**

Randomised; Interventional; Design type: Treatment

**Primary study design**

Interventional

**Study type(s)**

Treatment

**Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied**

Topic: Medicines for Children Research Network, Neurological; Subtopic: All Diagnoses, Neurological (all Subtopics); Disease: Nervous system disorders

**Interventions**

SANAD-II will essentially be two randomised controlled trials run in parallel. Arm A of SANAD-II will compare lamotrigine, levetiracetam and zonisamide in patients with untreated focal onset seizures. Arm B of SANAD-II will compare levetiracetam and valproate in patients with generalised onset seizures or seizures that are difficult to classify. It will aim to accrue about 1510 patients (children aged 5 or older and adults) over a 3.5 year period and follow up will continue for a further two years (a maximum time a patient will receive randomised treatment is 5.5 years). There will be economy of scale given that the protocols and data structure are almost identical and that the same group of collaborators will be recruiting patients to both trials. There will be no competition for patients between Arm A and Arm B as the inclusion criteria are mutually exclusive. All treatments will be issued as per routine NHS.

Arm A: Patients randomised to receive lamotrigine, levetiracetam or zonisamide

Arm B: Patients randomised to receive levetiracetam or valproate

Trial interventions will follow the usual clinical practice

**Intervention Type**

Drug

**Phase**

Not Applicable

**Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)**

Lamotrigine, levetiracetam, zonisamide, valproate

**Primary outcome(s)**

Time to 12 month remission from seizures. This is a time to event outcome, measured during the entirety of follow-up.

**Key secondary outcome(s)**

1. Adverse events at 3 months, 6 months, 1 year, 2 years, 3 years, 4 years and 5 years
2. Quality of Life (QOL) outcomes at 3 months, 6 months, 1 year, 2 years, 3 years, 4 years and 5 years
3. Time to 24 month remission. This is a time to event outcome, measured during the entirety of follow-up
4. Time to first seizure. This is a time to event outcome, measured during the entirety of follow-up
5. Time to treatment failure due to inadequate seizure control. This is a time to event outcome, measured during the entirety of follow-up
6. Time to treatment failure due to unacceptable adverse events. This is a time to event outcome, measured during the entirety of follow-up
7. Time to treatment failure. This is a time to event outcome, measured during the entirety of follow-up

**Completion date**

30/11/2019

**Eligibility****Key inclusion criteria**

1. Male and female aged 5 years or older
2. Two or more spontaneous seizures that require antiepileptic drug treatment
3. Untreated and not previously treated with antiepileptic drugs
4. Antiepileptic drug monotherapy considered the most appropriate option
5. Willing to provide consent (patients parent/legal representative willing to give consent where the patient is aged under 16 years of age)

**Participant type(s)**

Patient

**Healthy volunteers allowed**

No

**Age group**

Child

**Lower age limit**

5 years

**Sex**

All

**Total final enrolment**

1510

**Key exclusion criteria**

1. Provoked seizures (e.g. alcohol)
2. Acute symptomatic seizures (e.g. acute brain haemorrhage or brain injury)
3. Currently treated with antiepileptic drugs
4. Progressive neurological disease (e.g. known brain tumour)

**Date of first enrolment**

01/08/2012

**Date of final enrolment**

01/02/2018

**Locations****Countries of recruitment**

United Kingdom

England

**Study participating centre**

University of Liverpool

Liverpool

United Kingdom

L9 7LJ

**Sponsor information****Organisation**

University of Liverpool (UK)

**ROR**

<https://ror.org/04xs57h96>

**Funder(s)****Funder type**

Government

**Funder Name**

NIHR Health Technology Assessment program (HTA) (UK)

# Results and Publications

## Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

Not provided at time of registration

## IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

## Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
<a href="#">Results article</a>	results for newly diagnosed focal epilepsy	10/04/2021	13/04/2021	Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>	results for newly diagnosed generalised and unclassifiable epilepsy	10/04/2021	13/04/2021	Yes	No
<a href="#">Results article</a>	HTA report	01/12/2021	22/12/2021	Yes	No
<a href="#">Protocol article</a>	protocol	26/08/2020	02/09/2020	Yes	No
<a href="#">HRA research summary</a>			28/06/2023	No	No
<a href="#">Other publications</a>	sub study on methods	05/07/2021	07/07/2021	Yes	No
<a href="#">Participant information sheet</a>	Participant information sheet	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes
<a href="#">Study website</a>	Study website	11/11/2025	11/11/2025	No	Yes