Hydrocoil: Endovascular Aneurysm Occlusion and Packing Study

Recruitment status No longer recruiting	Prospectively registered		
	Protocol		
Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
Completed	[X] Results		
Condition category Circulatory System	[] Individual participant data		
	No longer recruiting Overall study status Completed Condition category		

Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

Study website

http://www.helpstudy.org/

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

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Contact details

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Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

Study information

Scientific Title

Acronym

HELPS

Study objectives

The HELPS (hydrocoil: endovascular aneurysm occlusion and packing study) trial aims to compare major aneurysm recurrence rate on follow-up angiography at 15 - 18 months between patients allocated hydrocoil versus patients allocated bare platinum coiling.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration.

Study design

Randomised controlled trial

Primary study design

Interventional

Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Treatment

Participant information sheet

Patient information sheet can be found at http://www.mymainplace.com/HelpStudy/Collateral/PIS%20V3.doc.

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Intracranial aneurysms

Interventions

This study is now closed to recruitment.

Patients are randomised to the hydrogel coil or control arms by using concealed allocation with minimisation matching groups. Any bare platinum coils are allowed in the control arm, and assist devices could be used as clinically required.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome measure

Angiographic outcomes at 15-18 months between aneurysms coiled using bare platinum coils (control group) and those coiled using hydrocoil embolic system.

Secondary outcome measures

Secondary outcome measures include packing density, clinical outcome, rebleed and retreatment comparisons between these 2 groups.

Overall study start date

01/09/2004

Completion date

30/06/2008

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Patient presenting with a cerebral aneurysm deemed to require endovascular treatment by the neurosurgeon/neurointerventionist (generically referred to subsequently as 'the neurovascular team'), and:

- 1. Patient has given fully informed consent to endovascular coiling procedure
- 2. Aneurysm 2 25 mm in maximum diameter
- 3. Anatomy such that endovascular occlusion is deemed possible (not necessarily probable)
- 4. The neurointerventionist is content to use either bare platinum or hydrocoil embolic system (HES) depending on randomisation result (i.e., clinical equipoise principle applies)
- 5. The neurointerventionist is content not to use any other type of coated coil
- 6. Patient World Federation of Neurological Surgeons (WFNS) Grade 0 2 and aged 18 75 years
- 7. The patient has not been previously randomised into this trial
- 8. Aneurysm has not previously been treated (by coiling or clipping)

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Adult

Lower age limit

18 Years

Sex

Both

Target number of participants

500

Key exclusion criteria

Subjects will not be considered for the trial unless they meet all the inclusion criteria. If the patient has more than one aneurysm requiring treatment at the same treatment episode they will not be eligible for the trial. If treatment will be staged in a patient with multiple aneurysms and only one aneurysm will be treated at one sitting then the patient is eligible. However, a patient may not be randomised into the study more than once.

From the moment of randomisation, the patient is in the trial whether they receive trial treatment or not, and will be followed up and accounted for in the final analysis (intention-to-treat).

Death or procedural/disease related morbidity may result in some subjects not having check angiography (or magnetic resonance angiography [MRA] if unit uses this as standard mode of follow-up). These patients will be counted as poor outcomes in the primary analysis.

Retreatment of previously coiled or clipped aneurysm is an exclusion criteria.

Use of coil assist devices (stent, balloon, trispan etc.) should be recorded but is not an exclusion criteria. It must be recorded in order to ascertain if any difference in use between control and hydrocoil groups acts as a potential confounding variable.

Date of first enrolment 01/09/2004

Date of final enrolment 30/06/2008

Locations

Countries of recruitmentArgentina

Australia

Brazil

France

Germany

Scotland

United Kingdom

United States of America

Study participating centre Dept. of NeuroradiologyEdinburgh

Sponsor information

Organisation

Lothian University Hospitals Division (UK)

Sponsor details

Research & Development Office, Room G8137
Royal Infirmary of Edinburgh
Little France Crescent
Edinburgh
Scotland
United Kingdom
EH16 4SA
neil.feltham@luht.scot.nhs.uk

Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

Website

http://www.research.luht.scot.nhs.uk/

ROR

https://ror.org/03q82t418

Funder(s)

Funder type

Industry

Funder Name

Microvention Incorporated (USA)

Funder Name

Lothian University Hospitals Division (UK)

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/02/2008		Yes	No
Results article	results	14/05/2011		Yes	No