# Tolerance and immunological response in human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) seropositive individuals after NR100063 supplementation

Submission date	Recruitment status	Prospectively registered		
05/07/2010	No longer recruiting	☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan		
29/07/2010		[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	Individual participant data		
21/12/2011	Infections and Infestations			

# Plain English summary of protocol

Not provided at time of registration

# Contact information

# Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Dr Andrea Gori

#### Contact details

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# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

**IRAS** number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Tolerance and immunological response in human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) seropositive individuals after NR100063 supplementation: a randomised double-blind placebo-controlled three-arm parallel study

#### Acronym

**COPA** 

#### Study objectives

H0: No difference between Group 1 (Copa 2x dose), Group 2 (Copa 1x dose) and the control group on variable

H1: At least two of the three treatments differ from each other

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Local ethics approval (Comitato Etico Ospedale Luigi Sacco, Milano, Italy) given on the 1st April 2005 (ref: 125/2005 3)

#### Study design

Randomised double-blind placebo controlled three-arm parallel study

## Primary study design

Interventional

# Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

# Study setting(s)

Hospital

# Study type(s)

Treatment

## Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details below to request a patient information sheet

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)

#### **Interventions**

Group 1 (n = 20): Double dose; supplementation for 12 weeks plus 4 weeks supplement-free follow up

Group 2 (n = 20): Single dose; supplementation for 12 weeks plus 4 weeks

supplement-free follow up

Group 3 (n = 20): Placebo/control; supplementation for 12 weeks plus 4 weeks supplement-free follow up

Dose regimen: 3 times daily x 16 grams = 48 grams of powder per day (for all three arms). Of these 48 grams, the double dose group received 30 grams of NR100063, the single dose group 15 grams of NR100063. The remainder of the product consisted of inert sugars and maltodextrin. The placebo group received 48 grams of maltodextrin. The powder was to be dissolved in water or juice, or mixed with yoghurt.

Duration of study: 16 weeks

#### Intervention Type

Drug

#### **Phase**

Phase II

## Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

NR100063

#### Primary outcome measure

The determination of tolerance and safety during the supplementation period. Blood samples drawn at baseline, week 4, week 12 and week 16 and tolerance was assessed at each visit using recall questionnaire.

# Secondary outcome measures

To establish the effects of supplementation on biomarkers:

- 1. HIV immune biomarkers
- 2. Gut activity assessed by faecal biomarkers
- 3. Viral load
- 4. CD4 counts

Blood samples drawn at baseline, week 4, week 12 and week 16 and stool samples were collected at baseline and after 12 weeks.

#### Overall study start date

01/06/2005

# Completion date

08/08/2006

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Treatment-naïve HIV-positive individuals with no stage 3 illness
- 2. At least 18 years of age
- 3. Males or non-pregnant, non-lactating females
- 4. Never received antiretroviral treatment
- 5. CD4+ T-cell counts between 400 and 800 cells/uL
- 6. Plasma HIV-1 ribonucleic acid (RNA) levels between 1,000 and 65,000 copies/mL

#### Participant type(s)

Patient

#### Age group

Adult

#### Lower age limit

18 Years

#### Sex

Both

#### Target number of participants

60 planned; 57 actual (stopped after interim analysis)

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Self reported vaccination during the 2 months prior to inclusion, or intention to be vaccinated during study period
- 2. Acute febrile illness
- 3. Current antibiotic use
- 4. Current use of corticosteroids or other immune modulating medications
- 5. Self reported history of IL-2 administration or other vaccine candidates in the past 5 years
- 6. The use of probiotics or fibres in nutritional health products or supplements
- 7. Investigator's uncertainty about the willingness or ability of the patient to comply with the protocol requirements, such as drug or alcohol abuse, mental disorder
- 8. Participation (or intention to participate) in any other studies involving investigational or marketed products concomitantly or within four weeks prior to entry into the study

#### Date of first enrolment

01/06/2005

#### Date of final enrolment

08/08/2006

# Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

Italv

# Study participating centre Ospedale Luigi Sacco

Milano Italy 20157

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

Danone Research B.V. (Netherlands)

#### Sponsor details

Centre for Specialised Nutrition Bosrandweg 20 Wageningen Netherlands 6704PH +31 (0)31 746 7800 barbara.mourmans@danone.com

#### Sponsor type

Industry

#### Website

http://www.danone.com/en/research-innovations.html

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/01c5aqt35

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

Industry

#### **Funder Name**

Danone Research B.V. (Netherlands) - Centre for Specialised Nutrition

# **Results and Publications**

# Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

# IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

# **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/02/2008		Yes	No
Results article	results	01/09/2011		Yes	No