Finding out the genetic cause of Juvenile Myoclonic Epilepsy

Submission date	Recruitment status Recruiting	Prospectively registered		
20/11/2017		☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status Ongoing	Statistical analysis plan		
18/12/2017		Results		
Last Edited	Condition category Nervous System Diseases	Individual participant data		
08/05/2025		[X] Record updated in last year		

Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Epilepsy is a common neurological disorder affecting 1% of the population. There are over 30 types of epilepsy, some common, some rare. Most epilepsies arise in childhood and have a genetic cause. Approximately 40% of patients have the common forms of Genetic Generalised Epilepsy (GGE), and the commonest GGE is "Juvenile Myoclonic Epilepsy" or JME. There is overwhelming evidence that JME is caused by changes in genetic code. These changes are likely to be found in more than just one gene and there may be more than one type of change. In order to find these changes we need to study a large number of people with JME and compare their genetic code with people who do not have epilepsy. Finding the causes of JME will lead to a better understanding of its cause, new treatments, and tailoring of treatments according to a person's genetic make-up. The aim of this study is to find the genetic cause for JME by comparing the genetic code in JME patients with that in people who do not have epilepsy, using clues from their electroencephalograph or brainwave test that is used to help diagnose epilepsy.

Who can participate?

Patients aged 6 to 50 years old who have a diagnosis of Juvenile Myoclonic Epilepsy.

What does the study involve?

Participants provide a single blood sample, along with permission to collect clinical data about their diagnosis and a copy of their clinical EEG.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating?

There is no direct benefit or risk to the research participants but the results from this study may help other people with epilepsy or brain impairments in the future. Participants may experience discomfort when providing the blood samples.

Where is the study run from? King's College London (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? July 2015 to September 2026

Who is funding the study? Canadian Institutes of Health Research (Canada)

Who is the main contact?

- 1. Professor Deb Pal
- 2. Sylvine Lalnunhlimi

Study website

http://www.childhood-epilepsy.org

Contact information

Type(s)

Scientific

Contact name

Prof Deb Pal

ORCID ID

http://orcid.org/0000-0003-2655-0564

Contact details

Maurice Wohl Clinical Neuroscience Institute King's College London 125 Coldharbour Lane London United Kingdom SE5 9RX

Type(s)

Public

Contact name

Miss Holly Crudgington

Contact details

Maurice Wohl Clinical Neuroscience Institute King's College London 125 Coldharbour Lane London United Kingdom SE5 9RX +44 (0)20 7848 5162 Holly.crudgington@kcl.ac.uk

Additional identifiers

EudraCT/CTIS number

IRAS number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

NCT03400371

Secondary identifying numbers

CIHR ID: MOP-142405, IRAS Project ID: 199351

Study information

Scientific Title

Biology of Juvenile Myoclonic Epilepsy

Acronym

BIOJUME

Study objectives

- 1. JME is associated with variation in GABAA receptor genes
- 2. JME is associated with molecular networks of ion-channels
- 3. Endophenotypes of JME will increase power to localise disease-associated genes

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Approved 08/12/2016, South Central - Oxford C NHS Research Ethics Committee (Level 3, Block B Lewins Mead, Bristol, BS1 2NT, United Kingdom; +44 (0)20 7104 8049; nrescommittee. southcentral-oxfordc@nhs.net), ref: 16/SC/0266

Study design

Observational cross-sectional study

Primary study design

Observational

Secondary study design

Cross sectional study

Study setting(s)

Hospital

Study type(s)

Screening

Participant information sheet

Not available in web format, please use the contact details to request a patient information sheet

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

People with a diagnosis of Juvenile Myoclonic Epilepsy

Interventions

Participation includes one visit for one blood draw per recruited patient. 10-20ml peripheral venous blood is taken from the antecubital fossa. The DNA from the blood sample is then extracted and resequenced for analysis.

Intervention Type

Biological/Vaccine

Phase

Not Applicable

Drug/device/biological/vaccine name(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Primary outcome measure

Association between SNP marker and phenotype is measured using genomewide DNA markers at a single timepoint

Secondary outcome measures

Brain network ictogenicity is measured using quantitative EEG data at a single timepoint

Overall study start date

01/07/2015

Completion date

30/09/2026

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

Current inclusion criteria as of 08/05/2025:

- 1. Diagnosis of Juvenile Myoclonic Epilepsy in accordance with Consensus criteria
- 2. Age of myoclonus onset 6-25 years
- 3. Seizures comprising predominant or exclusive early morning myoclonus of upper extremities
- 4. EEG interictal generalized spikes and/or polyspike and waves with normal background
- 5. Current age 6-50 years

Previous inclusion criteria:

- 1. Diagnosis of Juvenile Myoclonic Epilepsy in accordance with Consensus criteria
- 2. Age of myoclonus onset 10-25 years
- 3. Seizures comprising predominant or exclusive early morning myoclonus of upper extremities
- 4. EEG interictal generalized spikes and/or polyspike and waves with normal background
- 5. Current age 10-40 years

Participant type(s)

Patient

Age group

Mixed

Lower age limit 6 Years Upper age limit 50 Years Sex Both Target number of participants 2,000 Key exclusion criteria 1. Myoclonus only associated with carbamazepine or lamotrigine therapy 2. EEG showing predominant focal interictal epileptiform discharges or abnormal background 3. Any evidence of progressive or symptomatic myoclonus epilepsy or focal seizures 4. Global learning disability 5. Dysmorphic syndrome 6. Unable to provide informed consent Date of first enrolment 13/07/2017 Date of final enrolment 30/06/2026 Locations Countries of recruitment Canada Czech Republic Denmark England Estonia Germany Italy Malaysia

United States of America

United Kingdom

Sweden

Study participating centre King's College Hospital London United Kingdom SE5 9RS

Study participating centre College of Medicine Swansea United Kingdom SA2 8PP

Study participating centre Cardiff University Cardiff United Kingdom CF10 3AT

Study participating centre Charles University Prague Czech Republic 116 36

Study participating centre
Danish National Epilepsy Centre
Dianalund
Denmark
4293

Study participating centre Tallinn Children's Hospital Tallinn Estonia 13419

Study participating centre Vestre Viken Health Trust, Oslo

Drammen Norway 3004

Study participating centre
Italian League Against Epilepsy
Rome
Italy
00198

Study participating centre Hospital for Sick Kids Toronto Canada M5G 1X8

Study participating centre
Nationwide Children's Hospital
Columbus, Ohio
United States of America
43215

Study participating centre Odense University Hospital Odense Denmark 5000

Study participating centre University of Malaysia Kuala Lumpur Malaysia 50603

Study participating centre

Karolinska University Hospital

Stockholm Sweden 171 64

Study participating centre Marburg University Hospital

Marburg Germany 35043

Study participating centre Sapienza University of Rome

Rome Italy 00185

Study participating centre

The Newcastle upon Tyne Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust

Freeman Hospital
Freeman Road
High Heaton
Newcastle upon Tyne
United Kingdom
NE7 7DN

Study participating centre Hasbro Children's Hospital, Brown University

Rhode Island United States of America 02903

Study participating centre Airedale NHS Foundation Trust

Airedale General Hospital Skipton Road Steeton Keighley United Kingdom BD20 6TD

Study participating centre **Bradford Teaching Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust**

Bradford Royal Infirmary Duckworth Lane Bradford **United Kingdom** BD9 6RJ

Study participating centre University of Wales and Llandough Hospital NHS Trust Heath Park Cardiff United Kingdom **CF14 4XW**

Study participating centre Darent Valley Hospital Darenth Wood Road Dartford United Kingdom DA2 8DA

Study participating centre Guys and St Thomas' NHS Foundation Trust London United Kingdom SE1 7EH

Study participating centre **Leeds Teaching Hospitals NHS Trust** St. James's University Hospital Beckett Street Leeds

United Kingdom LS9 7TF

Study participating centre Queen Elizabeth University Hospital

1345 Govan Road

Sponsor information

Organisation

King's College London

Sponsor details

Director of Research Management and Innovation Room 1.1 Hodgkin Building London England United Kingdom SE1 1UL

Sponsor type

University/education

Website

https://www.kcl.ac.uk/index.aspx

Organisation

King's College Hospital NHS Trust

Sponsor details

Denmark Hill Brixton London England United Kingdom SE5 9RS

Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

Website

https://www.kch.nhs.uk/

Funder(s)

Funder type

Funder Name

Canadian Institutes of Health Research

Alternative Name(s)

Instituts de Recherche en Santé du Canada, Canadian Institutes of Health Research (CIHR), CIHR_IRSC, Canadian Institutes of Health Research | Ottawa ON, CIHR, IRSC

Funding Body Type

Government organisation

Funding Body Subtype

National government

Location

Canada

Results and Publications

Publication and dissemination plan

Planned publication in a high-impact peer reviewed journal.

Intention to publish date

30/09/2027

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

Initially, study data will be used for project as detailed and then made available to a limited number of collaborators for other research projects. After this, the data is then expected to be put into a publically available repository or available upon request.

IPD sharing plan summary

Data sharing statement to be made available at a later date

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No