# Laboratory evaluation of β-hydroxybutyrate levels in capillary and venous blood

Submission date	Recruitment status  No longer recruiting	[X] Prospectively registered		
13/12/2019		☐ Protocol		
Registration date 20/12/2019	Overall study status Completed	Statistical analysis plan		
		[X] Results		
<b>Last Edited</b> 21/11/2024	Condition category Nutritional, Metabolic, Endocrine	[] Individual participant data		

#### Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

Diabetic ketoacidosis (DKA) is a potentially life-threatening complication of diabetes mellitus. DKA is typically diagnosed when testing finds high blood sugar, low blood pH and ketones (including  $\beta$ -hydroxybutyrate) in either the blood or urine. Ketones are substances that your body makes if your cells don't get enough glucose (blood sugar).

The aim of this study is to evaluate the difference between blood  $\beta$ -hydroxybutyrate levels in blood that is flowing away from the heart and flowing towards the heart (after it has passed through tissues).

Who can participate?

Patients aged 16 and over who are potentially ketotic.

What does the study involve?

The participant will give a blood sample by venepuncture (the puncture of a vein) or by a fingerprick and the blood will be tested on the reference method as plasma. Participants can give a maximum of four blood samples until ketone levels return to normal. Participation in this study will cease prior to hospital discharge.

What are the possible benefits & risks of participating?

There is no direct benefit to the participant taking part in this study. The only risks of participating in this study are associated with blood sample collection. These are small but could include pain, bruising, local infection and fainting.

Where is the study run from?

- 1. John Radcliffe Hospital, Oxford, UK
- 2. Royal Surrey County Hospital, Guildford, UK
- 3. Royal United Hospitals, Bath, UK
- 4. Royal Cornwall Hospital, Truro, UK
- 5. Royal Infirmary, Edinburgh, UK

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? September 2019 to September 2020

Who is funding the study?
The study is funded by Abbott Diabetes Care Ltd, USA

Who is the main contact? Dr Pamela Reid Pamela.Reid@abbott.com

#### Contact information

#### Type(s)

**Public** 

#### Contact name

Dr Pamela Reid

#### Contact details

Range Road Witney United Kingdom OX29 0YL +44 (0)1993 863024 Pamela.Reid@abbott.com

### Additional identifiers

#### **EudraCT/CTIS** number

Nil known

#### IRAS number

275338

#### ClinicalTrials.gov number

Nil known

#### Secondary identifying numbers

ADC-UK-RES-19045; IRAS 275338

# Study information

#### Scientific Title

Laboratory evaluation of  $\beta$ -hydroxybutyrate levels in capillary and venous blood

#### Study objectives

This study is being conducted to determine the difference in  $\beta$ -hydroxybutyrate levels in capillary and venous blood, sampled concurrently from people in diabetic ketoacidosis (DKA) or with ketosis.

#### Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

#### Ethics approval(s)

Approved 26/11/2019, NRES Committee: London - City & East Research Ethics Committee (Bristol Research Ethics Committee Centre, Whitefriars, Level 3, Block B, Lewins Mead, Bristol, BS1 2NT; +44 (0)207 104 8033; nrescommittee.london-cityandeast@nhs.net), ref: 19/LO/1919

#### Study design

Prospective multi-centre single-arm study in hospital settings

#### Primary study design

Observational

#### Secondary study design

Epidemiological study

#### Study setting(s)

Hospital

#### Study type(s)

Other

#### Participant information sheet

No participant information sheet available

#### Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Diabetic ketoacidosis or ketosis

#### **Interventions**

Participants will have venous and capillary blood collected, which may be repeated:

- A maximum of 4 times
- Or, until ketone levels return to normal
- Or, participants are discharged from hospital

#### Intervention Type

Other

#### Primary outcome measure

Capillary blood  $\beta$ -hydroxybutyrate levels and venous blood  $\beta$ -hydroxybutyrate levels as measured on the Randox Ranbut laboratory reference method using Bland-Altman analysis at each visit

#### Secondary outcome measures

None

#### Overall study start date

01/09/2019

#### Completion date

30/09/2020

# **Eligibility**

#### Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Aged 16 years or over
- 2. Potentially ketotic, or in diabetic ketoacidosis

#### Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

#### Age group

Adult

#### Sex

Both

#### Target number of participants

35

#### Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Already participated in this study
- 2. Concomitant medical condition which in the investigator's opinion could interfere with the study or present a risk to the safety or welfare of the participant or study staff
- 3. Infected with hepatitis B virus (Hep B), hepatitis C virus (Hep C), or human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)

#### Date of first enrolment

06/01/2020

#### Date of final enrolment

30/09/2020

#### Locations

#### Countries of recruitment

England

Scotland

**United Kingdom** 

#### Study participating centre John Radcliffe Hospital

Oxford United Kingdom OX3 9DU

#### Study participating centre

#### **Royal Surrey County Hospital**

Guildford United Kingdom GU2 7XX

# Study participating centre Royal United Hospitals

Bath United Kingdom BA1 3NG

#### Study participating centre Royal Cornwall Hospital

Truro United Kingdom TR1 3LJ

## Study participating centre

Royal Infirmary

Edinburgh United Kingdom EH16 4TJ

# Sponsor information

#### Organisation

Abbott (United Kingdom)

#### Sponsor details

Range Road Witney United Kingdom OX29 0YL +44 (0)1993 863024 Pamela.Reid@abbott.com

#### Sponsor type

Industry

#### Website

http://www.abbott.co.uk/

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/03wnay029

# Funder(s)

#### Funder type

Industry

#### **Funder Name**

Abbott Diabetes Care

#### Alternative Name(s)

#### **Funding Body Type**

Private sector organisation

#### **Funding Body Subtype**

For-profit companies (industry)

#### Location

United States of America

#### **Results and Publications**

#### Publication and dissemination plan

Possible presentation at a diabetes conference, and/or publication in a peer-reviewed journal. Estimated timeline is one year from trial end date.

#### Intention to publish date

30/09/2021

#### Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

The datasets generated during and/or analysed during the study will be available upon request from Pamela Reid (Pamela.Reid@abbott.com).

#### IPD sharing plan summary

Available on request

#### Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
HRA research summary			28/06/2023	No	No
Basic results			21/11/2024	No	No