

The Glucose Insulin in Stroke Trial (GIST)

Submission date 23/01/2004	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<input type="checkbox"/> Prospectively registered <input type="checkbox"/> Protocol
Registration date 23/01/2004	Overall study status Completed	<input type="checkbox"/> Statistical analysis plan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Results
Last Edited 01/09/2022	Condition category Circulatory System	<input type="checkbox"/> Individual participant data

Plain English summary of protocol
Not provided at time of registration

Contact information

Type(s)
Scientific

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Additional identifiers

Protocol serial number
RRCC37R R/1805/7005

Study information

Scientific Title
The Glucose Insulin in Stroke Trial (GIST)

Acronym
GIST UK

Study objectives

Objectives:

To determine by means of a multi-centre randomised controlled clinical trial whether outcome from acute stroke can be favourably influenced by glucose/potassium/insulin induced and maintained euglycaemia.

Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

Ethics approval(s)

Not provided at time of registration

Study design

Multi-centre randomised controlled trial with blinded outcome assessments

Primary study design

Interventional

Study type(s)

Treatment

Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Cardiovascular diseases: Cerebrovascular disease

Interventions

1. Treatment with intravenous 10% glucose solution, 20 mmol KCL and Actrapid insulin (initial insulin 16 units/500ml) at 100 ml per hour.
2. Control treatment with intravenous N saline at 100 ml per hour. Treatment is continued for 24 hours with the objective in the treatment group to maintain blood glucose between 4-7 mmol/L.

Results:

Target recruitment 2,500 patients to detect a minimum 6% difference in mortality at 5% level, power 80%.

Conclusion:

This is the first ever clinical trial of glucose/potassium/insulin induced and maintained euglycaemia following stroke the results of which will be available in late 2006.

Intervention Type

Other

Phase

Not Specified

Primary outcome(s)

All-cause mortality at 12 weeks.

Key secondary outcome(s))

Proportion of patients with a poor outcome (modified Rankin score 4 - 6) at 12 weeks between treatment groups.

Completion date

30/06/2006

Eligibility

Key inclusion criteria

All acute stroke patients (less than 24 hours onset) with cerebral infarction (CI) or primary intracerebral haemorrhage (PICH) and admission plasma glucose greater than 6.1 and less than 17 mMol/L.

Participant type(s)

Patient

Healthy volunteers allowed

No

Age group

Not Specified

Sex

Not Specified

Key exclusion criteria

1. Subarachnoid haemorrhage
2. Renal failure (urea 320 mMol/L or creatinine 3200 mMol/L)
3. Anaemia (Hb less than 9.0 g/dl)
4. Coma
5. Isolated posterior circulation syndromes with no physical disability
6. Pure language disorders
7. Established history of insulin dependent diabetes mellitus
8. Previous disabling stroke (Modified Rankin score 3)
9. Established diagnosis of dementia or abbreviated mental test score less than 7/10
10. Symptomatic cardiac failure - New York Heart Association (NYHA) Grade 3 or 4

Date of first enrolment

01/09/2002

Date of final enrolment

01/02/2006

Locations

Countries of recruitment

United Kingdom

England

Study participating centre

Sunderland Royal Hospital
Sunderland
United Kingdom
SR4 7TP

Sponsor information

Organisation

NHS R&D Regional Programme Register - Department of Health (UK)

Funder(s)

Funder type

Hospital/treatment centre

Funder Name

NHS Executive Northern and Yorkshire (UK)

Results and Publications

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

Not provided at time of registration

IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

Study outputs

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article		01/05/2007		Yes	No
Other publications		01/03/2003		Yes	No
Other publications		01/01/2004		Yes	No
Other publications		01/01/2004		Yes	No