# North-East Cot (NECOT) Trial: Postnatal care and breastfeeding duration

Submission date	Recruitment status No longer recruiting	<ul><li>Prospectively registered</li></ul>		
02/04/2008		☐ Protocol		
Registration date	Overall study status	Statistical analysis plan		
09/06/2008	Completed	[X] Results		
Last Edited	Condition category	[] Individual participant data		
29/01/2016	Neonatal Diseases			

# Plain English summary of protocol

Background and study aims

It is well known that close contact between mums and babies at night makes it easier to establish breastfeeding, and to continue breastfeeding for longer. Close contact allows the baby to suckle more frequently, which helps with initiation of breastfeeding, and also with establishing a good long-term milk supply. While we know that close contact is good for breastfeeding, some people have concerns about mums and babies sharing a bed, especially in the immediate postnatal period when mums may have had pain relief potentially affecting their awareness of the baby. Our previous research demonstrated that using a side-car crib instead of a stand-alone bassinette resulted in mums and babies interacting in the same way as if they were sharing the same bed. They also breastfed for significantly longer – more than twice as many 'side-car' mums than 'standalone crib' mums were still breastfeeding at 16 weeks. We wanted to find out if we would still obtain this result when the side-car cribs were used on a much larger scale.

Who can participate?

Women who intend to breastfeed their baby in the postnatal ward

What does the study involve?

Participants are randomly assigned to receive either the side-car or standalone crib, and are asked to report on their infant's feeding and sleeping until their baby is 6 months old.

What are the possible benefits and risks of participating? Not provided at time of registration

Where is the study run from? Royal Victoria Infirmary (UK)

When is the study starting and how long is it expected to run for? January 2008 to January 2010

Who is funding the study? National Institute for Health Research (NIHR) (UK)

# Contact information

# Type(s)

Scientific

#### Contact name

Prof Helen Ball

#### Contact details

Department of Anthropology Durham University 43 Old Elvet Durham United Kingdom DH1 3HN

# Additional identifiers

**EudraCT/CTIS** number

**IRAS** number

ClinicalTrials.gov number

Secondary identifying numbers

3433

# Study information

## Scientific Title

North-East Cot (NECOT) Trial: Postnatal care and breastfeeding duration

# **Acronym**

**NECOT** 

# Study objectives

Trial aims to address whether infant proximity to mother on postnatal ward affects long-term breastfeeding outcomes (to be assessed by use of two cot types).

# Ethics approval required

Old ethics approval format

# Ethics approval(s)

County Durham and Tees Valley 2 Research Ethics Committee, 22/08/2007, ref: 07/H0908/57

# Study design

#### Randomised non-blinded trial

## Primary study design

Interventional

# Secondary study design

Randomised controlled trial

#### Study setting(s)

Hospital

# Study type(s)

Other

# Participant information sheet

Patient information can be found at: http://www.dur.ac.uk/sleep.lab/necot/

# Health condition(s) or problem(s) studied

Postnatal care

#### **Interventions**

Side-car crib vs stand alone bassinette

Duration of intervention: For the duration of the postnatal ward stay (typically 24 hours)

# **Intervention Type**

Other

#### Phase

**Not Specified** 

#### Primary outcome measure

- 1. Time to cessation of exclusive breast-feeding (baby receiving any food item other than breastmilk in preceding week)
- 2. Time to cessation of any breast feeding (baby receiving no breastmilk for at least 2 consecutive weeks)

# Secondary outcome measures

- 1. Percentage of weeks in which any bed-sharing is reported (presence/absence of bed-sharing in preceding week). Participants will provide weekly data regarding this variable for 6 months. The outcome will be assessed at end of 6 month follow-up period.
- 2. Percentage of weeks in which infant illness is reported (presence/absence of contact with health professional due to concern for infant health in preceding week). Participants will provide weekly data regarding this variable for 6 months. The outcome will be assessed at end of 6 month follow-up period.
- 3. Duration of post-natal ward stay
- 4. Prenatal propensity to breastfeed (likert scale), data obtained at enrolment
- 5. Prenatal attitude to breastfeeding (likert scale), data obtained at enrolment

# Overall study start date

07/01/2008

# Completion date

07/01/2010

# **Eligibility**

# Key inclusion criteria

- 1. Women with normal singleton pregnancies
- 2. Prenatal intention to breastfeed
- 3. Informed consent

# Participant type(s)

**Patient** 

# Age group

Adult

## Sex

Female

# Target number of participants

800

## Key exclusion criteria

- 1. Multiple pregnancies
- 2. Foetal anomalies
- 3. Ill mother or baby following delivery
- 4. No prenatal intention to breastfeed

## Date of first enrolment

07/01/2008

## Date of final enrolment

07/01/2010

# Locations

## Countries of recruitment

England

**United Kingdom** 

# Study participating centre

Durham University

Durham United Kingdom DH1 3HN

# **Sponsor information**

## Organisation

Newcastle upon Tyne Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust (UK)

#### Sponsor details

c/o Dr Lesley Hall
Research Governance Manager
Newcastle upon Tyne Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust
R&D Department
4th Floor
Leazes Wing
Royal Victoria Infirmary
Queen Victoria Road
Newcastle-upon-Tyne
England
United Kingdom
NE1 4LP

#### Sponsor type

Hospital/treatment centre

#### Website

http://www.newcastle-hospitals.org.uk

#### **ROR**

https://ror.org/05p40t847

# Funder(s)

# Funder type

Government

#### **Funder Name**

National Institute for Health Research (NIHR), Research for Patient Benefit (RfPB) programme (UK)

#### Alternative Name(s)

National Institute for Health Research, NIHR Research, NIHRresearch, NIHR - National Institute for Health Research, NIHR (The National Institute for Health and Care Research), NIHR

# **Funding Body Type**

Government organisation

# **Funding Body Subtype**

National government

## Location

United Kingdom

# **Results and Publications**

Publication and dissemination plan

Not provided at time of registration

Intention to publish date

Individual participant data (IPD) sharing plan

# IPD sharing plan summary

Not provided at time of registration

# **Study outputs**

Output type	Details	Date created	Date added	Peer reviewed?	Patient-facing?
Results article	results	01/07/2011		Yes	No